THE WAYNE HERALD.

Twenty-Third Year. WAYNE, WAYNE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, FEBRUARY 2, 1899. Number 52.

McNeal & Beebe, Publishers. REPUBLICAN—LEADING AND OFFICIAL PAPER OF WAYNE AND WAYNE COUNTY—REPUBLICAN. Subscription $1.00 in Advance.

Clearing Sale of Footwear.

To clear the shelves for Spring Stock we will make the following

Shoe and Rubber Bargains.

Ladies Fine Shoes on center counter former price $2.50 to $3, go at All sizes at present. **$1.50**

Ladies Fine Shoes small sizes only worth $2.50 to $3, go at **$1.00**

Childrens assorted sizes worth up $1.75 will go at only **95c**

Big Reduction on all Shoes for next 30 Days.

Rubbers Must go

Mens German Sox and Felt Overshoes first quality, worth $2.00 go at $1.50

Good quality Overs, snow excluders only $1.25.

We are over stocked on these lines; every pair of shoes sold fully guaranteed by us. Yours truly,

The Racket

- WELCH -

The Wayne Jeweler,

Has constantly on hand

A nice line of Silverware

Engraving Free of Charge.

Fine Watch Repairing

EXPERT OPTICIAN.

Eyes tested free of charge.

H. S. WELCH

The Markets for Today.

Wheat,	$ 53
Corn,	24½
Oats,	22½
Cattle,	4.70
Hogs,	3 20

Wanted—A man of ability with small capital to sell the strongest and cheapest light on earth. One hundred candle power 14 hours for two cents. Exclusive right for the county. Address, The Best Street Light Co, Clinton, O.

An Honest Medicine for LaGrippe.

George W. Waitt of South Gardiner, Me., says: "I have had the worst cough cold, chills and grip, and have taken lots of trash of the account but profit to the vendor. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the only thing that has done any good whatever. I have used one 50 cent bottle and the chills, cold and grip have left me I congratulate the manufacturers of an honest medicine." For sale by L. P. Orth.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

Council met in regular session on Monday evening

On motion the following bills were allowed:

L W Roe, freight on coal	$77 90
" " electric light fixtures	2 50
Brown Coal Co, car coal	64 00
Hogue & Payne, draying and unloading coal	10 00
L D Beach, work putting in electric light plant	17 50
M P Savidge, repairs same	3 88
E P Olmsted & Co, hardware material putting in electric plant	29 15
	57 30
Pierce & Sim, extras on light building	52 80
Murry Iron Works, packing	2 06
Fairbanks, Morse & Co, waste	4 00
S M Sewan, unloading car coal	4.50
Andy Gould, building platform over electric light belt	2 00
J F Sherbahn, material and work in floor of electric light building	98 15
J F Sherbahn, coal	16 48
Everett Laughlin, salary as city clerk 3 quarters	18 75
Fuller, [illegible]	60 00

Petition from railroad company asking for ordinance prohibiting jumping on and off trains by boys, and petition signed by some 190 citizens asking for curfew ordinance, were read, and mayor was authorized to appoint a meeting at which same would be considered. Mayor appointed the next regular meeting for such consideration.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, chilblains, chapped hands, tetter, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. W. Wilkins & Co., druggists.

Are you restless at night and harassed by a hard cough. Use Ballard's Horehound Syrup, it will secure you a good sleep, and offer a prompt and radical cure. Wilkins & Co.

Local and Personal.

Henry Wolf was here from Carroll Tuesday.

Rev. Davidson was down from Carroll Monday.

W R Grace had business in Norfolk on Monday.

For a liberal fire insurance policy see Berry.

M. D. Chillson of Randolph was in Wayne last Saturday.

Frank Kruger went to Winside on business Friday morning.

Miss Mary Mason came down from Carroll Friday evening.

Chicago Inter Ocean and Wayne HERALD one year for $1.35.

J. A. Beach is confined to the house this week with an attack of the grip.

Phone Homer Skeen for your typewriting work. Office over post office.

A very pleasant dancing party was held at the opera house on Thursday evening.

CLEAN your WHEAT with the Racine Fanning Mill. Sold by Philleo & Son.

Rev. Howard P. Young went to Grand Island Tuesday morning to visit with his father.

Mrs. B. Cunningham has been very sick at her home south of the city the past week.

The young folks enjoyed a very pleasant dancing party at the opera house on Tuesday evening.

J. C. Ludeke returned from Klemma, Iowa, last Friday evening, where he had been to attend the funeral of his father.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Pingrey of Fairmont, Iowa, are visiting with their parents Mr. and Mrs. J. H Pingrey, of this city.

Perry & Porterfield shipped three car loads of cattle to Omaha Sunday afternoon. Chas Holtgreen accompanied them.

The ladies of the Baptist church will serve a 15 cent tea at the home of Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Alter this evening. Everyone is invited.

For Fire Insurance see C. A. Berry, agent Commercial Union, Milwaukee Mechanics, and Western Underwriters insurance companies.

Elmer Lundburg is once more a free American citizen having received his discharge from Co. F, of the First Neb. regiment last Saturday.

FOR SALE: A limited number of pure bred Plymouth Rock chicks for 75c and $1.00 One mile north and ½ mile west of Wayne. J. C. Forbes.

A business meeting of the Epworth League will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Beebe Saturday evening. All members of the League are invited to attend.

H. G. Maute went to Lincoln on business Sunday afternoon. He also expected to meet his brother from Kansas and together visited relatives in the Capital City for a few days.

The ladies of the Minerva Club met at the home of Mrs. C O Fisher Tuesday afternoon. At the close of the regular program Mrs Fisher invited the ladies to an elegant lunch.

The Bloomfield train was delayed several hours at Randolph on Friday by a break in the engine; another engine was dispatched from Sioux City to take the place of the one disabled.

The smallest things may exert the greatest influence. DeWitt's Little Early Risers are unequalled for overcoming constipation and liver troubles. Small pill, best pill, safe pill. Orth.

T. A. Berry is confined to the house this week with an attack of the grip and Will Beebe came up from Wakefield Monday evening to assist in the lumber yard until Mr. Berry is able to be around again.

Robert Utter will have Wall Paper next week at 10 cents per Double Roll.

The Epworth League social at the home of J. W. Mason last Friday evening was well attended and a very pleasant evening spent. Each member of the League was to earn 50 cents and bring it to the social. With what has been handed in since that evening $8.30 has been added to the League fund.

Subject of morning service at the Presbyterian Church next Sabbath: "The day that never comes". In the evening the sixth illustrated sermon on "The story of Joseph" will be given. The paintings will portray the memorable meeting between Joseph and his brethren after a separation of twenty two years.

Frank Skeen Jr. entertained a number of his young friends at a party last evening. Those present were, Ethel Norris, Laurel Lundburg, Fay Britton, May Russell, Dillie Benson, Monte Theobald, Queen Mellor, Marian Harrison, Hattie Weber, Eva and Blanch Hitchcock, Pearl Barley, Edna Neiman Dais Woolston, Florence Caffee, Miss Jessie Pingry and Master Fred of Coon Rapids, Iowa, Robt. and Frank Osborn, Frank Coyle, Mell Saleing, Willie Osborn, Doc Rissell, Arthur Norton, Jake Haremstock, Otto Sebald, Geo. Sherbahn, Elmer Chaffee, Howard Bibbler and Delos Reynolds.

For heavy tinware of standard grade call on Otto Voget.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McIntosh yesterday.

E. R. Chase and L. M. Robbins have been ill the past few days.

Henry Johnson went to Omaha on business yesterday afternoon.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. B. F Swan Tuesday, January 31st.

Mrs. Sam'l Jones of Carroll, was shopping in Wayne Saturday.

Miss Mary Coyle has been visiting with relatives at Herman the past week.

J. R. Manning attended the national stockmen's convention at Denver last week.

Miss Fannie Mason went up to Oakdale last week to visit with her brother H. E.

"Old Prob," as he is termed, is doing business at the old stand with a vengeance.

Don't overlook your Fire Insurance; a dollar invested may save $1,000. See Berry.

See Otto Voget before purchasing your heavy Queensware. All goods first-class.

Mrs. S. B. Russell has been enjoying a visit from her brother, Geo. Shippley, of Council Bluffs.

Miss Ella Sears who had been in Carroll for about two weeks, returned home last Thursday.

Considerable sickness prevailes throughout the county, according to all reports from the physicians

Mrs. J. A. Beach was called to Pontiac, Ill, Tuesday, by a telegram announcing the serious illness of her mother.

Sunday was Homer Skeen's 21st birthday and in honor of the event he entertained a number of his friends at dinner.

We learn that one or possibly two new brick buildings will be put up on main street this spring, or at least during the year.

The thermometer got on a tear last Sunday night and by Monday the blamed thing got down to 24 degrees below zero.

Rev. and Mrs. Chas. A. Lemon and George and Miss Frances Robertson attended the B. Y. P. U. convention at Norfolk Sunday.

Miss Mae Phillips who held revival meetings in the M. E. church here a few years ago, visited this week with Miss Culler and other Wayne friends.

Republican—Mrs. Herrington, wife of the late Chas Herrington of Wakefield, visited at the home of F. C. Stockwell one day last week.

Mr. O. L. Eidsnas and Miss Amelia Frahun, of Laurel, were married at the Presbyterian parsonage, Wednesday, February 1, 1899, Rev. Montgomery, officiating.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church are preparing a cook book for sale. The book will contain about 400 receipts and will be sold at a very reasonable price.

R. C. Osborn came up from Lincoln Saturday afternoon and remained until Sunday evening. He is well pleased with his take and seems to enjoy life at the capitol.

To insure a happy new year, keep the liver clear and the body vigorous by using DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills for constipation and liver troubles. L. P. Orth.

About the happiest man in town these days is the coal dealer, who goes about whistling "a hot time in the old town" while the thermometer plays hide and seek with a score of 20 below or more.

The four months old baby of Mr. and Mrs. U. S. G. Young, who reside near Carroll, died last Thursday, and was buried in the Wayne cemetery Monday, Rev. Davidson of Carroll, preached the funeral sermon.

Everyone is invited to attend the necktie social to be given at the Alger home north of the city tomorrow evening. Each lady is expected to bring two neckties. The proceeds will go into the building fund of the M. E. church.

The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company is again in the field for real estate loans. They are now offering the lowest rates and best terms on farm loans ever offered in Wayne county. For rates and terms call on

tf JOHN T. BERGSTEDT.

These are dangerous times for the health. Croup, colds and throat troubles lead rapidly to consumption. A bottle of one One Minute Cough Cure used at the right time will preserve life, health and a large amount of money. Pleasant to take, children like it. L. P. Orth.

Mrs. Dan Harrington was given a pleasant surprise on Monday evening by the ladies of the Monday club. The husbands of the members had been invited and at 7:00 o'clock very pretty refreshments were served. A pair of handsome silver table spoons were presented to Mrs. Harrington by the club as a reminder of the esteem in which she is held by the members. On Tuesday Mrs. Harrington departed for New York where she will visit with relatives and friends. Mr. Harrington accompanied her to Philadelphia.

Horses for Sale.

Having seeded my farm I can spare about ten head of good work horses and will sell them for cash or on time to responsible parties. A. B. CLARE.

It hurts some men most terribly to play fair.

Wm. House had business in Nostolk yestery.

Farm Loans at Lowest Rates by W. M. Wright & Co.

Jack Barbour had business in Chicago the past week.

I. W. Alter was an Osmond visitor the first of the week.

See the new ad of Robert Utter, Wm Piepenstock in this issue.

Attorney Wilbur was in Sioux City on legal business Saturday.

Sam'l Williamson of Carroll, was here yesterday on business.

Look up your fire insurance and if you have any expirations, see Berry.

D. A. Danielson has sold his eight acre farm northeast of the city to T. A. Craig.

Strahan, Grimsley & Co. and D. A. Jones had cattle on the Omaha market yesterday.

Racine Fanning Mills Cleans and Grades all kinds of Grain. Sold by Philleo & Son.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B Girton entertained a number of their friends at a dancing party Monday evening.

Saturday was one of the coldest days of the winter; nevertheless many people came to Wayne to do their trading.

On last Friday Judge Hunter issued a license to wed to Rudolph Longe and Miss Emma Kay both of Leslie precinct.

R. D. Scott the jolly editor of the Battle Creek Enterprise, was circulating among Wayne friends on Tuesday.

Homer Skeen celebrated his twenty-first birthday by inviting a number of his young friends to dine with him at dinner on Sunday.

Sum men r gentlemen—sum r knot Sum men r men—sum r hogs—sum nede to be speld with kapetul letters (HOG!) Most erry town carry a kumplete sampul kas.—Bellvue Record.

Wayne has a few porkers, too, but they're not so many.

The ground hog came out this morning and took a smile, but the sun didn't shine enough so that he could notice it therefore he took another whif and came to the conclusion that during these prosperous times six weeks would be too long to be buried from the world, hence we may look for an early spring.

Platte Co. Times. When you here a man sneer at a local paper, remarks a sensible paragrapher, you can safely bet that he does'nt squander his money in making it better. The man who can't see the benefits arising to a town from its newspapers has not as much sense as a cove oyster, and is as much value to a town as a ten year old subscription list.

Wausa Enterprise: J. S. Fox, who for so long conducted one of our city hay lines, turned over his business to Emil Johnson last Monday, who will conduct the same in the future. We have, as yet, not learned what Jake intends to devote his time to in the future but Madame Rumor has it that he, together with Tom Brown will take the agency for the "Second Battle" and the "Story of the Phillipines."

EXPERIENCE MEETING.

The experience meeting at the Presbyterian church on Friday evening was a pleasant event and the proceeds were very gratifying to the promoters of the event. The ways of earning money are many and varied as the experiences related proved. Elmer Lundburg gave some of his experience in army life, which was one of the principal features of the entertainment. The following are the names of the ladies who promised to earn one dollar:

MISSES

Williams	Corbit	Ford
Mettlen	Mettlen	

MESDAMES

Neely	Wheeler	Dearborn
Fuller	Welker	Beckenhauer
Andress	Chace	Wilbur
Holtz	Sigworth	Chace
Welch	Philleo	Grimsley
Weber	Bush	Bressler
Williams	Spears	Earnst
Wilson	Kohl	Pritchard
Howard	Feather	Sherbahn
Montgomery	Tower	Corbit
Theobald	Norris	Shulthies
Jones	Goldie	Brenner
Ferguson	Jones	Philleo
Anderson	Girton	Edgerton
Ley	Dobbin	Robbins
Cunningham	Weber	Stallsmith
Harrington	Neely	Howard
Northrop	Tucker	Stockwell
Olmsted	Reed	Miller
Britton	Mines	Bennett
Claybaugh	Epler	Wright
Cunningham	James	Mitchell
Riley	Swan	Stevens
Ellis	White	Wachob
Hayes	Cook	Harrington
Chace	Berry	Weber Mears

Card of Thanks.

To the kind friends and neighbors who assisted us during the illness and the death of our little son and daughter we desire to extend our heartfelt thanks.

MR. AND MRS. GEO. BERGE.

PRETTIEST COUNTRY ON EARTH

Is What John Hayes Says of Cuba in a Letter to O. H Burson this Week.

Camp Columbia, Havana, Cuba, Jan 24.

Friend Doc—

Your letter received some time ago; it found me on my back wrestling with chills and fever, but when I opened the letter and saw that check and those names I felt so much better that I wanted to get up and celebrate. Of course you have been there and know about how I feel. I wish to thank all the boys by remembering me so generously and assure them I shall never forget their kindness. If there is anything they wish to know about the country I will gladly answer all questions when I get out of the hospital. I was taken sick the morning I arrived out I thought I would be game and marched nine miles to camp but was pretty well used up when I arrived and have been in the hospital since the 5th, but am up and on full feed now and will be out soon I think. Are about twelve in my ward and we are to take a sail around the island when we get out. It is rumored that the 7th army corps leaves next month.

Well, "Doc," this is the prettiest country on earth. It is very rolling but the valleys are green. Oranges, pine apples and mangoves grow in abundance, and the nicest parks and flowers you ever saw. The whole island has been fortified. You can't walk 80 rods without crossing a trench and stone wall and block houses everywhere. I can look out of the Hospital and see the tree where there was thirty Cubans hanged. The tree is being cut away inch by inch every day.

We anchored about 30 yards from the wreck of the Maine. The battleships Texas, Brooklyn and New York were in the harbor, and they certainly look dangerous. Old Morro is a sight worth seeing. We had to pass right under the guns to get into the harbor, but Old Glory was floating on top so we were perfectly safe. Havana is a city of about two hundred sixty thousand built very close and streets very narrow. No wooden buildings. You can get a drink at any house on the street They have a rum that kills the boys as fast as they drink it. One fellow died last week in my ward from drinking one pint of it. The wine is very good, also the beer. I think by the time the Americans get through with this country it will be a fine place. I can see corn growing, ears just shooting. One sees nothing but carts with a mule or an ox but they haul some big loads. The Cubans are very friendly; there are a number of them employed by the government digging and laying water pipe, but they work very slow. Well, it is dinner time; will close with best regards to all the boys. Hope I will see you all soon.

JOHN C. HAYES.

WINSIDE.

Mrs. A. B. Clarke is quite ill with throat trouble.

D. W. Shaw was called to Norfolk by telephone Friday.

Mrs. H. S. Workman is very ill, but is now hoped that she will recover.

R. R. Smith has been enjoying a visit from his brother for the past few days.

Gottlieb Haller and wife returned on Friday from an extended visit with relatives in Illinois.

Frank Kruger, of Wayne was in Winside on Monday; also W. M Wright was seen on our streets.

There was a large and much enjoyed carrom social held on Friday evening in what is known as "The Westrope Building" on Main street.

John Colbert has been visiting with his brother George and other relatives near here for a week but returned to Cass Co. Wednesday morning.

D. J. Cavanaugh went to Neola, Iowa Tuesday morning, expecting to visit relatives there and to go from there to Silver City, Iowa, where he will visit for a few days.

Frank Redmer and Christ Christiansen engaged in a hand to hand encounter in the pool room, here Tuesday; the shoemaker came out of the brawl with a scalp-wound from a cue rap.

Thermometers registered 24 below Monday morning here and wind was blowing a gale; there is a great deal of stock in this vicinity but most of our farmers are provided with sheds for its protection.

CARROLL.

H. Wolf was a visitor to the county seat Tuesday.

Mrs. Young living west of this place, lost her baby girl Friday.

A. J. Swartz and wife have been visiting the past week with friends in Sioux City.

Geo. and Will Belford made a trip to Wayne Wednesday with the prospect of buying a team.

A disease called the "pink-eye" has swept over this place. Scarcely a family has escaped.

The men of Carroll have organized a Gun Club and from all reports it is in a very flourishing condition.

The revival meetings which have been going on in the M. E. church were closed Thursday. We are pleased to know they were very successful.

Monday was the coldest day of the season, the thermometer registering 22 degrees below zero.

The Carroll House has again changed hands. It is now occupied by Worthing and Robinson.

Mrs. Yaryan who has been sick with the la grippe has recovered but the baby is seriously ill with croup and grippe.

Miss Mary Williams and Mrs. T. A. Berry will soon open their new millinery and dress making establishment in the building formerly occupied by Mr. Wineland.

The funeral of John Haines who died very suddenly Saturday night was held in the M. E. church Tuesday afternoon at two o'clock and was largely attended by friends of the deceased.

Miss Flossie Swarty met with a serious accident Saturday. By mistake carbolic acid was poured over her right hand inflicting a terrible burn which has made her a cripple the past few days.

When in Carroll call at G. W. Yaryan's for Flour, Groceries, Tobaccos and Cigars. A good lunch served at all hours. We also serve Oysters.

The family of F. M. Bethel have been quite sick the past week.

Agricultural reports free at this office. Come in and get one.

Elmer Lundburg went up to Bloomfield last evening to visit with his brother George.

The J. Y. P. S. C. E. of the Presbyterian church, will hold a social at the Presbyterian church tomorrow evening.

A couple of Wayne girls who teach school about nine miles northeast of the city were so anxious to see their ma's that they walked home last Friday evening, arriving in the city about seven o'clock.

Advertised list of letters, etc., at the post office for the past week: Rev. W. C. Eckhart, Mrs. Glassnap, Mrs. May Hansen, Emery Hayden, A. W. James, Mr. and Mrs Kendrick, Ole Nelson, Nin Weaver. Parties calling for above say advertised

The prospect for the election of M. L. Hayward grows brighter again and it is probable that he may yet be elected, and a large majority of the republicans of the state hope so. The vote yesterday was Allen 58, Hayward 35, Webster 10, Thompson 8, balance were scattering.

Parents' Meeting.

On next Friday at 3:45 there will be a parents meeting at the high school room. Every parent is invited to be present, and take part in the discussions. There are so many things of mutual interest to parent and teacher, that everyone should make an effort to be present at that time. The following program has been arranged.

To what extent should the parent credit reports of their children in regard to school matters before investigating.—Mrs. Mellor.

What influences causes boys to drop out of school sooner than girls, and how may this be remedied?—Mrs. E. Cunningham.

What does the public expect of the public school?—Mrs. Britton.

How may the parents assist the teachers in securing better results?—U. S. Conn.

The meeting will be just one hour in length.

Frequently accidents occur in the household, which cause burns, sprains, cuts and bruises. For use in such cases Ballard's Snow Liniment has for many years been the constant favorite family remedy. Price 25 and 50c. Wilkins & Co.

=.WALL PAPER.=

NEXT WEEK

At the Book Store.

Latest Designs and Colorings, Very Best Qualities and Full Length Rolls.

You can buy the same quality of paper at a lower price at the Book Store than elsewhere, whether you buy last years samples of a peddler or send away and get it, which often is not very pleasant to have your rooms torn up waiting for more paper that may be OUT OF STOCK, or on the other hand have paper and border left over that you must pay for. We will always have it in stock while you are papering your rooms. Buy what you think you will need, return what is left, or if you have not enough come and get more. The Price will run from 10 cents up, according to grade.

We will also carry a full line of Opaque Window Shades, all colors of Cementico, the best and most economical wall finish in the market; covers more surface, is a beautiful hard finish, don't crack or rub off, anyone can put it on. All this and more too, at the

BOOK STORE.

Robert Utter.

For Gun Repairing see Otto Voget.

One hundred Suits for boys from 4 to 14 years old. Fine black suits 75cts each at Rob't Heft's.

Buy "Little Giant" School Shoes, and practice real economy in footwear. Maute's Shoe Store.

TYPE-WRITING!

All kinds of type-writing accurately and neatly done. Deeds, mortgages, etc., acknowledged. E LAUGHLIN.

A BIG SNAP IN FUR COATS.

We have a few left at almost your own price. Harrington & Robbins.

FOR SALE!

A fine fresh milch cow. Inquire at J. H. Goll's.

PUBLIC SALE!

I will sell at my farm 6½ miles northwest of Wayne, on Tuesday, February 14th, at 12:00 o'clock, five heavy work horses and Farming Impliments.

CHAS. SHULTHIES.

Seed wheat cleaned free of charge at the Wayne Roller Mills.

5 Drops CURES The La Grippe, Rheumatism, Backache, Headache, Earache and Toothache and kindred disease. I will have a sample of 5 Drops on hand all the time, as I have been appointed agent by the Swanson Rheumatic Cure Co., of Chicago, Ill I will come around every six months, or call on me for the Drops.

A. F. JENSEN, Agent.

The Nebraska Central BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, OF LINCOLN, NEBR. will make loans on good property in Wayne. Our new plan offers special advantages to the borrower.

1 We have reduced our rate of interest. 2. A definite time for paying out. 3. A five-year plan, and an eight year plan. For full particulars call on EVERETT LAUGHLIN, Agent.

Superintendent's Notice.

I will be in the office Mondays and Saturdays. Examinations the third Saturday of each month and Friday preceding. CHARLOTTE M. WHITE Supt. of Public Instruction.

24 Jeweled.

Headquarters

FOR

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Etc.

J. G. MINES, Leading JEWELER.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired in a skillful manner.

All work Warranted.

WAYNE HERALD

WAYNE, NEB.

McNEAL & BEEBE, - PUBLISHERS

A SPEAKER RESIGNS

WRIGHT DOESN'T FEEL GUILTY OF CHARGES AGAINST HIM.

But Steps Down and Out Because of Committee's Report Censuring Him—An Effort to Deprive Him of His Seat Fails.

Speaker Wright Resigns.

SACRAMENTO, Cal.: When the Assembly had been called to order Monday Speaker Wright tendered his resignation as Speaker of the House. In his resignation he set forth that he had been guilty of no crime, and that he regarded the findings of the special committee as not warranted by the evidence, but that as the report showed that a number of members of the body thought his conduct censurable he had concluded to take the course he had taken in passing in his resignation. The resignation was accepted, and Allen Anderson, speaker pro tem. of the Assembly, was elected to Wright's place. A resolution introduced providing for the unseating of Wright was lost, but one member voting for it.

ARMY AGAINST SWEATSHOPS

Soldiers' Clothing No Longer to Be Made in Tenements.

WASHINGTON: Brig. Gen. Ludington, Quartermaster General, has determined to prevent hereafter the manufacture of clothing for troops under the "sweatshop" system. This matter has been under careful investigation by Lieut. Col. William S. Patten, one of Gen. Ludington's assistants, who has been considering a plan for putting at an end the practice several New York contractors are known to have pursued of cutting out the clothing and then giving the pieces to tenement families to sew together. Lieut. Col. Patten has been assisted by the regular inspectors of the government, by the New York state authorities and by the contractors themselves, who have frequently made reports against each other. It is understood that the Quartermaster General will hereafter award contracts to firms supplying only such quantities of clothing as they will be able to furnish with their own facilities.

TO PAY CUBAN SOLDIERS.

Reported at Havana that President McKinley Can Use $3,000,000.

HAVANA: President McKinley is understood to have empowered Robert P. Porter to arrange for the disbursement of $3,000,000 among the Cuban soldiers. Mr. Porter will probably go with Senor Gonzales de Quesada to Remedios to meet Gen. Maximo Gomez to persuade the Cuban commander to disband his forces and to lend his influence to the American military administration. Mr. Porter and Senor Quesada are preparing to unite with the Governor General.

Fire Plugs Frozen.

CHICAGO: Fourteen families were rendered homeless Tuesday night by a fire which destroyed a three-story tenement house in Fifty-second street. Every fire plug in the vicinity of the building was frozen up, and by the time the engines could obtain water the building was gone. The firemen carried several women out of the building just in time to prevent them from being overcome with smoke. The building, which was worth $15,000, was totally destroyed.

Blows His Playmate's Head Off.

SACRAMENTO, Cal.: The 12-year-old son of John Goddard was accidentally shot dead by his brother, aged 15, while they were attempting to perform a trick with a shotgun. The younger boy was to catch a marble fired from the gun by the explosion of the priming in an empty cartridge shell. He had done this before, but this time, by some mistake, a loaded cartridge was used, and his head was nearly blown off.

Duel with Pocket Knives.

LAGRANGE, Ky.: Whitaker Manns and Howard Harlan, farmers, fought a duel with Barlow knives in a blacksmith's shop at Ballardsville, Ky., Monday, to settle a quarrel which grew out of the sale of some tobacco. The men fought until exhausted, then rested a while and resumed the combat, which resulted in Manns' being so badly wounded that he died, while Harlan is thought to be fatally hurt.

Free Paper.

WASHINGTON: The Publishers' Association met Monday and adopted resolutions strongly urging Congress to provide for free paper and free pulp from Canada in any treaty made by the high joint commission now in session here in an effort to frame a treaty settling matters in dispute between the United States and Canada.

Tragic Result of an Old Feud.

HAMLIN, W. Va.: The home of J. Skeens on Guyandotte River, was attacked Tuesday night by four masked and armed men. Black Skeens was killed, James Skeens was mortally wounded and his wife and baby and Ambrose Shurlock were seriously wounded. The tragedy is the result of an old feud.

Quarles Is Nominated.

MADISON, Wis.: The senatorial deadlock was broken Monday according to arranged programme and the Milwaukee contingent, and Joseph V. Quarles of Milwaukee, was nominated for United States senator in the Republican caucus, to succeed John L. Mitchell.

Carey to Succeed Stanton.

WASHINGTON: The President nominated Col. Asa B. Carey, assistant paymaster general, to be paymaster general, with the rank of brigadier general.

Mexican Volcano Active.

CITY OF MEXICO: A dispatch from Colima states that the volcano of that name is in full activity. An outburst of smoke followed by lava occurred directly after the earthquake Wednesday afternoon. The smoke is imposing and the Indians are moving from the neighborhood of the mountain. No further casualties are reported here.

Israel Drew Found Dead.

WASHINGTON: Israel Drew, manager of Charles Frohman's Secret Service company was found dead in his sleeper on an Atlantic Coast Line train which reached here Monday.

Stolen Money Returned.

LONDON: The robbery of over £20,000 from Parr's bank Monday, which has been the sensation of the week, took a dramatic turn Friday when the chairman of the bank announced at a meeting of the shareholders that £20,000 of the biggest notes had been returned to the bank by post.

A Delicate Subject.

SCRANTON, Pa.: The First Baptist Church of this city was destroyed by fire Sunday. It was the oldest church of that faith in this vicinity. The pastor, Rev. J. Frank Matthews, several hours before the flames were discovered, preached on the great Chicago fire.

A MOST INFAMOUS CRIME.

Cartridges in French Arsenals Tampered With.

NEW YORK: A Paris dispatch says: A great sensation has been created here by the news current in political and diplomatic circles to the effect that the discovery has been made that large stores of cartridges in several of the principal arsenals have been tampered with to such an extent as to render them practically useless.

As soon as M. de Freycinet, the war minister, heard of the matter he at once sent two general officers, in whom he could place the most absolute confidence, on a tour of inspection of all the government depots. They have by no means completed their task, but the investigations already made have produced such startling results as to confirm the most grave fears.

Nothing concerning the matter has appeared as yet in the press, save in the most guarded fashion, but the affair is the all-absorbing theme of discussion in diplomatic circles, and it is certain that when the thing becomes more generally known popular confidence in the army will receive a still further crushing blow, for it shows that, in spite of the immense sums of money that have been spent upon the army since 1870, its administration is just as rotten as it was shown to be when the war with Germany broke out, and when the various stores and equipments credited to the state were found to have disappeared, while the ordnance and ammunition were worthless.

CORTES TO MEET FEBRUARY 9

Dons Who Suffered Through Loss of Philippines May Be Indemnified.

MADRID: The re-opening of the cortes has been fixed for February 9. The government will introduce a bill for the payment of indemnity to Spaniards who suffered through the cession of the Philippines to the United States. The members of the opposition propose to debate the wars in Cuba and the Philippines. It is believed the session will be short. Sagasta will then submit to the queen regent the question of confidence in the government. The Official Gazette announces that the Spanish troops in the Philippines who are to be repatriated at the expense of Spain only number 2,000. The remainder will be repatriated at the expense of the United States.

CRUSHED BY A ROCK.

Huge Stone Falls on a House with Awful Force.

STEUBENVILLE, Ohio: The house of Daniel Burns, at the north end of this city, was crushed by a huge rock weighing about 100 tons, which was loosened from the top of a hill and rolled down with frightful force. It crushed one end of a loaded gondola car on a siding and twisted the track out of shape. Burns was buried under the debris of his home and badly injured. His wife was hurled fifty feet away and seriously injured. Their son, who was sleeping upstairs, was carried on his bed along with the roof a distance of eighty feet and considerably injured.

BOILER EXPLOSION.

Four Men Injured in the Chicago Tribune Building.

CHICAGO: Four men were badly burned, one perhaps fatally, by the explosion of a boiler Monday in the basement of the Chicago Tribune building. The injured: Rod Miller, fireman, injured probably fatally; Charles Lundin, Peter Biege, Wm. Murphy. The men, who had just completed putting new grates in the furnace of the boiler, were standing directly in front of the furnace when the explosion occurred and were covered first with live coals and then with scalding water.

SIX MEN SERIOUSLY BURNED

Bottom of a Cupola Falls Out and Molten Metal Is Splashed.

RACINE, Wis.: At the Racine Malleable and Wrought Iron Moulding Shop Saturday night the bottom of a cupola containing 300 pounds of molten iron fell out, and six men were burned. Several others were slightly burned. A bar holding up the bottom of the cupola burned out, scattering the molten fluid in all directions.

Effort to Save the Temple.

CHICAGO: The Chicago Young People's Christian Temperance Union, which has just formulated and sent out plans for lifting the entire debt from the Women's temple and making it a memorial to Miss Frances E. Willard, is heading all its energies to making a great demonstration at the temple on February 17, the first anniversary of Miss Willard's death. Its plan, which is to divide the $300,000 necessary to free the building from debt into 30,000 shares of $10 each, is meeting with hearty indorsement and co-operation.

Killed by His Landlord.

CINCINNATI: William Drew, colored, died Sunday in the hospital from a pistol shot wound received Sunday morning from Daniel Barnett, a white man, who was Drew's landlord. Barnett had ordered Drew to vacate the house and went Sunday morning to see if he had done so. Drew attacked him and Barnett used his pistol. Barnett is under arrest charged with murder.

Was Captain of the Paul Jones.

NEW ORLEANS: The body found near St. Philip was Monday identified as that of Capt. Stevenson, the pilot of the launch Paul Jones. From the position and clothing of the body it is almost certain that he was off duty and asleep at the time death came and that the boat was wrecked by an explosion during the night.

Says Gillett Has Settled.

KANSAS CITY: Grant C. Gillett, the Kansas cattle trader, who recently failed, with liabilities aggregating over a million dollars, has turned all his property over to his creditors, and it is stated that the latter have promised that no criminal action shall be instituted against him if he shall return from Mexico.

Wreck in Ohio.

CHILLICOTHE, Ohio: A southbound Ohio Southern passenger train was wrecked near Coalton Saturday. Engineer Wright was killed, the fireman fatally scalded and six passengers were hurt, Mrs. Happy seriously. The train was derailed and rolled down the bank.

Cannot Catch Abdullah.

LONDON: A dispatch from Cape says that Col. Kitchener's column, which was sent in pursuit of Khalifi Abdullah, into Kordofan, where he has been making war upon the tribesmen, has abandoned the attempt to overtake him.

Wife Defended Him.

MIDDLESBORO, Ky.: Whitecaps attempted to whip M. Jackson, in Harlan County Sunday night, when Jackson's wife interfered, killing the leader. The dead proved to be William Wright, a neighbor of Jacksons.

Spanish Miners Killed.

MURCIA, Spain: Fourteen persons were killed Monday by an explosion of gas in the Palomina, twenty miles west of Cartagena. The other miners succeeded in making their escape.

Breaks World's Record.

MONTREAL: John S. Johnson broke the world's skating record for a paced mile, flying start, Saturday at the Montreal Amateur Association's open air rink. His time was 2:55 3-5.

Belfast Bankers Fail.

BELFAST: P. & M. Shields, bankers, have failed. Their liabilities are £120,000.

PRIVATIONS IN ALASKA.

Five Prospectors Perish and Others Are Badly Frozen.

SEATTLE, Wash.: The steamer Cottage City, from Alaska, bring news that a number of Copper River prospectors have *perished in the Valdez glacier. The following* are known to have been lost:

Charles Krohn, New York city.
C. P. Smith, Chicago.
Ole Evjens, Baldwin, Wis.
——Henderson, Wisconsin.
George Sweezy, New York.

Among the many badly frozen miners are:

George Poalowitz, New York city.
Sylvester Grog, St. Joseph, Mo.
Holven Evjens, Baldwin, Wis.

These are six men at Valdez suffering from frozen feet, hands and faces. A hospital has been established at Twelve-Mile Camp, on the other side of the glacier, and fifteen men are suffering there from the same cause. All were frozen trying to cross the glacier, but managed to get back into camp. The freezing of the Evjens, father and son, is particularly sad. They started for Valdez, but on getting well toward the summit of the glacier found their feet freezing. Both started back. The son gave his father his extra wrapping for his feet, and as a result froze both legs to a few minutes and was unable to proceed. He bade his father goodby and compelled him to go on without him. Then the boy lay down in the snow to die. His body will probably never be recovered. The father reached Twelve-Mile Camp badly frozen, and is not expected to live.

GREAT MOVEMENT IN STAPLES

A Veritable Craze for Combination Noted by Bradstreet's.

NEW YORK: Bradstreet's says: The apparently steady rise in the tide of general business has been diversified this week by an outburst of speculative interest in a number of staples, notably cotton and wheat, and signs are not wanting that sympathetic though smaller movements in a number of other lines are either under way or contemplated. Exceptional industrial activity, particularly in the iron and steel trades, is another feature of note, and here, too, price advances are all but general, reflecting solar as can be seen chiefly the urgency of consumers requirements. A number of movements toward consolidation is described as approaching a virtual craze. In the regular channels of distribution trade conditions continue in the main satisfactory, the volume of spring orders at most markets being reported as larger than in any recently preceding year at this time. Wheat, including flour, shipments for the week aggregate 1,997,572 bushels, against 3,188,571 bushels last week and 5,036,[illegible] bushels last year. Corn exports for the week aggregate 3,695,733 bushels, against 2,928,[illegible] bushels last week. Business failures are 246 against 262 last week and 288 a year ago. In Canada the failures number 32, against 20 last week and 19 a year ago.

RADICAL REMEDY FOR LAZINESS

Whitecaps Whip a Man Who Falls to Support His Family.

CHEYENNE, Wyo.: A case of whitecap justice is reported from Big Horn Basin, where twenty-six men caught John H. Abbott and gave him 103 lashes with whips. Abbott recognized the leader of the party and two others. The cause given for the whipping was that Abbott failed to support his family and kept them in a miserable condition. After whipping him the whitecaps threatened that unless he went to work within three days they would return and drive him out of the country.

Loss of an Entire Family.

TOLEDO, Ohio: The loss of an entire family in Lake Erie was reported here Monday. Off one of Islands in the Bass group lived a family named Robson. The family consisted of the father, mother, a daughter of 20, a son of 18 and a third man, Henry M. Mariel. The little boy died and his parents determined to take the body back to Canada, whence they came. A clinker boat was used. The entire family started on the perilous journey. The battered clinker boat has been found and the body of a woman reported found recently near Fort Burrell, on the Canadian shore, is presumed to have been Mrs. Robson. The other bodies have not been found.

Resists Robbers and Is Killed.

SACRAMENTO, Cal.: Late Saturday night two masked men entered a house on a vegetable ranch east of the city in which ten Japanese were asleep, and, presenting pistols, made them all get up and hand over their money and valuables. One of the Japanese named Matsinamma made some resistence and the robbers shot and killed him. They then made their escape.

Penland Makes a Confession.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.: William Penland, cashier of the defunct First National Bank of Asheville, who stands indicted together with W. E. Breeze, president, and J. R. Dickerson, one of the directors, in the United States court for embezzlement, has made a full confession. It is thought possible that the other two indicted persons may confess.

Rewards of Literary Labor.

LONDON: The Academy says John Morley has been paid the sum of £10,000 ($50,000) for writing a biography of the late William E. Gladstone, under whom Mr. Morley served twice as chief secretary of Ireland.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, $3.00 to $6.25; hogs, shipping grades, $2.00 to $4.00; sheep, fair to choice, $2.50 to $4.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 71c to 73c; corn, No. 2, 27c to 29c; oats, No. 2, 27c to 29c; rye, No. 2, 56c to 57c; butter, choice creamery, 18c to 19c; eggs, fresh, 16c to 17c; potatoes, choice, 30c to 40c per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle shipping, $3.00 to $5.75; hogs, choice light, $2.75 to $4.00; sheep, common to choice, $2.50 to $4.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 68c to 70c; corn, No. 2 white, 35c to 37c; oats, No. 2 white, 30c to 31c.

St. Louis—Cattle, $3.00 to $6.25; hogs, $2.00 to $4.00; sheep, $3.50 to $4.25; wheat, No. 2, 71c to 73c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 35c to 36c; oats, No. 2, 28c to 29c; rye, No. 2, 55c to 57c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, $2.50 to $5.75; hogs, $3.00 to $4.25; sheep, $2.50 to $4.25; wheat, No. 2, 71c to 73c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 35c to 36c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 28c to 30c; rye, No. 2, 58c to 60c.

Detroit—Cattle, $2.50 to $5.75; hogs, $2.50 to $4.00; sheep, $3.00 to $4.25; wheat, No. 2, 70c to 72c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 37c to 38c; oats, No. 2 white, 31c to 33c; rye, 57c to 59c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 71c to 72c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 35c to 37c; oats, No. 2 white, 28c to 29c; rye, No. 2, 56c to 58c; clover seed, old, $3.95 to $4.05.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 68c to 69c; corn, No. 3, 34c to 35c; oats, No. 2 white, 29c to 31c; rye, No. 1, 56c to 58c; barley, No. 2, 44c to 52c; pork, mess, $9.50 to $10.00.

Buffalo—Cattle, good shipping steers, $5.00 to $5.75; hogs, common to choice, $2.25 to $4.00; sheep, fair to choice wethers, $3.50 to $4.75; lambs, common to extra, $5.00 to $5.50.

New York—Cattle, $3.00 to $6.00; hogs, $3.00 to $4.50; sheep, $3.00 to $4.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 80c to 82c; corn, No. 2, 44c to 46c; oats, No. 2 white, 35c to 36c; butter, creamery, 15c to 29c; eggs, Western, 16c to 18c.

STATE OF NEBRASKA

NEWS OF THE WEEK IN A CONDENSED FORM.

Northwestern Part of the State Excited Over What Appears to Be a Cold-Blooded Murder—Supposed Murderer Under Arrest.

Good Shot a Bad Indian.

A crime which has attracted great attention throughout the northern part of the *state owing to its rarity, occurred on the* Pine Ridge Indian Reservation a few days ago. A mounted Indian policeman in patrolling the reservation discovered the body of a woman. It was mutilated and showed that a murder had been committed. The matter was immediately reported to Major Clapp at the agency in charge of the reservation and the United States officers were notified.

Indications pointed to the guilt of the *woman's husband, Good Shot, and after* careful investigation he was placed under arrest by the officers. Good Shot was taken before an United States commissioner and bound over to the United States court. It is the first instance of a crime where an Indian has killed his squaw on record and promises to be an exciting case when tried. The Indians are taking more interest in it than they were ever known to take in the arrest of one of their number and sentiment is universally against Good Shot.

CAMERA IN ROLE OF DETECTIVE

Flashlight Picture of a Wymore Peeping Tom Secured.

What is believed to be a good picture of Wymore's "Jack the Peeper" was secured in a rather unexpected and novel manner one night last week. In preparing for some flashlight pictures the lights in the house of Dispatcher Charles Sage had all been turned out and when everything was in readiness the flashlight illuminated the room for a second and when darkness again reigned the little kodak had done its work and had done it so well that when the picture was developed it not only showed an unusually good picture of the room and its occupants, but it also contained the image of a very rough and apparently much surprised face peeping in at the window, now firmly believed to be the fellow who has been causing so much consternation and alarm among the women of the different parts of the city by peeping in at the windows after dark. The face shows up as a very rough one and tallies with a description given of "Jack the Peeper" by those who have seen him.

Banquet to Returned Soldiers.

The members of Company G who lately returned from Manila were given an informal banquet at Hebron the other night. The boys, with those from Geneva, were formed into a squad with J. C. Marshall commanding and were marched through the streets and then to the banquet hall, where about sixty young men had gathered to express their hearty welcome to the returned soldiers. Everything in the line of refreshments and congenial good fellowship was provided.

Successful Round-up of Wolves.

The most successfully planned wolf hunt ever projected in the vicinity of Bessmer occurred on Jan. 25 in the round-up four miles north of that place. Nine wolves were captured. About 600 men were in line surrounding an area of seven miles square. The final closing in was at point of satisfaction to the sportsmen. Wolves, jacks, cottontails, etc., furnished an endless variety of targets and practice for the amateurs, and no accidents occurred.

Willing to Settle His Own Troubles.

During a night in Pisar's saloon at Wymore between Frank Pisar, the bartender, and some fellows who had refused to pay for their drinks, Constable Mose Allen, who was in the place, undertook to interfere and was knocked down with a billiard cue by Pisar, who asserts that as the trouble occurred in his place the officer had no authority to interfere until called upon.

Denies the Writ.

District Judge Frost of Lincoln denied the writ of habeas corpus of County Judge Skipton of Fillmore County, and ordered him to jail. On an appeal to the supreme court he was released on bail. Judge Skipton's arrest was ordered by the legislature for his refusal to produce the Fillmore County ballots needed in a legal count.

Village of Spalding Incorporates.

The village of Spalding having been duly incorporated and having become by law a city of the second class, will at once proceed to make the necessary and needed improvements on streets and sidewalks. The board at its last meeting appointed Hon. J. H. Sullivan as treasurer and E. C. Lace village clerk.

Farmers' Institute a Success.

The farmers' institute held at Culbertson a few days ago under the auspices of the State University was a success and has proved of great benefit to the farmers and others in attendance. The discussions were instructive and entertaining. At the close of the session a farmers' organization was perfected.

Telephone for Red Cloud.

An Omaha agent, working in the interests of the Nebraska Telephone Company, has succeeded in securing forty-five signers to a request for a telephone system in Red Cloud, which insures its success. That city will also be connected with other points in the state.

Break Into Family Larder.

Some unknown persons broke into the cellar of Herman Beckmann at Fremont and stole about everything it contained, consisting of canned fruit, apples, potatoes and groceries. There have been several other complaints from this town of cellars being entered this winter.

New Company for the Guard.

An order has been issued whereby Adjutant General Barry is to proceed to Tecumseh and muster in a company of the National Guard, to be designated as Company I, Second Regiment.

Falls from Elkhorn Bridge.

While John Schuette, a bartender, was inspecting the new bridge over the Elkhorn River, at West Point with a party of friends, in crossing the structure he stepped on a loose plank, and fell to the ice below, about twenty feet. His skull is fractured and his condition is precarious.

Smallpox at Ord.

There is considerable excitement at Ord over the discovery of what is pronounced by the doctors to be a case of genuine smallpox. The children have been vaccinated.

Soldier May Be Brought Home.

Since it has been understood that the United States quartermaster department has decided that its soldier dead who perished in the Spanish-American war could be returned to their homes, Osceola is making an effort through Clerk of Court Brown and the war department to have the body of William Lewis returned to his home in that city.

Grip Makes a Violent Lunatic.

L. Westgate, an employe of the State Industrial School at Kearney, has become insane as the result of the grip and financial troubles. It is necessary for four men to be with him night and day.

TO RELOCATE STATE FAIR.

State Board of Agriculture Will Cancel the Omaha Contract.

The Nebraska State Board of Agriculture met in Lincoln, President Milton Doolittle of North Platte being in the chair. Secretary Furnas made his annual report. The only receipts for the year were $130, there being no fair in 1898 on account of the exposition. The total expenditure for the year was $998.87, no officers drawing salary. The board is indebted in the sum of $6,216.78. The future of the state fair is given considerable space in Secretary Furnas' report.

Officers were elected as follows: President, S. C. Bassett, Gibbon; vice president, John Van Duyn, Wilbur; second vice president, L. A. Becher, Neligh; secretary, R. W. Furnas, Brownville; treasurer, E. McIntyre, Seward; board of managers: E. L. Vance, Pawnee City, M. Doolittle, North Platte, J. B. Dinsmore, Sutton, Austin Humphrey, Lincoln, and Peter Youngers, Geneva.

The board of managers was requested to cancel the Omaha contract for the state fair, and a bill will be introduced in the legislature asking for increased state aid. The board will reconvene as soon as the fate of the bill is known. If favorably acted upon the board will relocate the fair and continue the annual exhibitions.

BLOW FOR THE OMAHA SHOW

Resolution Indefinitely Shelved by Ways and Means Committee.

Representatives Strode and Stark were before the ways and means committee of the house Jan. 25 in opposition to Mercer's resolution relative to the Greater American Exposition. Mercer was heard in support of it. In executive session, on motion of Bailey, the whole matter was indefinitely postponed. Sentiment of western Iowa was developed against the measure, both Perkins and Dolliver having filed with the committee protests of manufacturers and jobbers against any further drain of their sections in favor of Omaha. Hopkins of Illinois, who has property interests in Omaha, and who was heartily in favor of the measure, said after the executive session of the committee had adjourned that it would have been flying in the face of providence to have done anything else than vote for indefinite postponement. Mercer feels intensely disappointed, as he had polled the committee and thought he had found a majority in favor of the measure, and said it would, he hoped, prove a valuable lesson to the state that if it ever wanted anything hereafter it would only be accomplished through a united delegation.

POYNTER'S PERSONAL STAFF

List of the Men Who Will Attend Nebraska's New Governor.

A general order has been issued, signed by the governor and the adjutant general, appointing the following officers to constitute the governor's staff:

William A. Poynter, commander-in-chief, Lincoln.

Brigadier General Patrick H. Barry, adjutant general, Lincoln.

Colonel Will M. Dutton, quartermaster and commissary general, Hastings.

[illegible]

Colonel Nels P. Lundeen, inspector general, York.

Col. William Neville, judge advocate general, North Platte.

Col. Walter Moise, Omaha, aide-de-camp.

Col. Charles W. Bryan, Lincoln, aide-de-camp.

Col. Charles W. Branch, Lincoln, aide-de-camp.

Col. L. A. Marshall, Palmyra, aide-de-camp.

Prisoners Saw to Freedom.

C. Brown and James Haslen, who were bound over to the district court, the latter for theft, broke out of the county jail at West Point a few nights since. One bar of the cage in which they were confined was found sawed through and the lock was picked. In the grating of the window a fourteen-inch hole had been sawed. No trace of either of the escaped prisoners has been found.

Hypnotist Must Undo His Work.

The city authorities of Kearney compelled a hypnotist to restore a woman to consciousness after she had laid in a store display window for fourteen hours under threat of taking charge of her and placing him under arrest.

Clay Center Poultry Show.

The second annual exhibit of the Clay County Poultry Association was held at Clay Center. The exhibits were much finer in quality and larger in number than last year. A large attendance of visitors were present.

Nebraska Short Notes.

Some wild animal specie unknown has been killing large numbers of sheep near Ravenna.

Brown County stockmen complain that there is too much cattle and hog stealing going on in that section and threaten to resort to the old-time methods.

There was considerable excitement in Wymore last week when it was reported that Blue Springs had a genuine case of smallpox and people flooded the different doctors' offices for the purpose of being vaccinated.

Two men made an attempt to wreck the safe in the postoffice at Friend. The safe was badly wrecked and money and stamps were scattered about the premises. The burglars were frightened away before gathering up their booty.

The annual rabbit hunt, which is one of the features of Beaver Lake sporting life occurred on January 21.

Isaac Hogaboom, an inmate of the Soldiers' Home at Grand Island, returned to his former home at South Sioux City recently, was married and started back for Soldiers' Home with his bride.

Charles and Chester Huff, members of Company B, First Nebraska Volunteers, returned to Central City last week.

As George McDonald was returning home from a dance at Jess French's, six miles north of Ainsworth, astride a spirited mustang it ran into a barb-wire fence, injuring it so it had to be shot and cutting one of McDonald's legs just above the ankle, tearing away tendons, severing an artery and making a ghastly and terrible wound.

The new school building at Fullerton is ready for occupancy.

Because of the unusual thickness of the ice on the Platte River this year, some of it being nearly two feet thick, grave fears are felt for the safety of the old wagon bridge at Schuyler and for the Burlington and Missouri Railroad bridge as well.

C. H. Fredy of Neligh, who for a number of years has had charge of the American Sunday School Union work in northwest Nebraska, has been transferred to a wider field, having been given general supervision of the work in Wyoming, Montana and Idaho.

Gus Bachus, a prominent German farmer living three miles east of Osmond, was found in the yard by a neighbor, R. R. Severeas. He was unconscious and in a most critical condition, the blood oozing from his nose and ears, and he will probably die. The cause of his condition is not known.

The shipments from the town of Danbury for the year 1898 show in a measure how much of prosperity has come to that section of the peerless Beaver Valley. One hundred and ninety-five cars of live stock and 216 cars of grain, a grand total of 411 cars, were shipped from that station during the year just closed. The value of the same is placed at $185,000, or about $800 to each farmer in that section.

NEBRASKA CONGRESS

DAILY REPORT OF WHAT IS BEING DONE.

Measures of More or Less Importance Are Being Introduced at the Present Session of the Legislature—Gist of the Business.

Tuesday, Jan. 24.

Seventh ballot for senator stood:

Allen	58
Hayward	43
Webster	10
Thompson	7
Scattering	19

A petition was presented in the house by Sleeke of Cuming this morning asking that some measure be taken to remove the dam from the Elkhorn River below Wisner, or to compel the construction of a fishway. This petition was followed by another one, numerously signed, asking for a law that would compel the owners or builders of all dams to running streams to construct fishways. A petition was presented by Young of Cass asking for the passage of a law prohibiting the discharge of firearms along public highways. Mr. Young also presented a petition signed by a number of Cass County people, asking for a law making the minimum sentence for embezzlement at one year in the penitentiary with an additional year for each additional $1,000 embezzled and providing that the governor should have the pardoning power in such cases. A motion to reconsider the resolution of yesterday, whereby the bill files had been ordered exchanged for those of another pattern, was adopted. Chairman Evans of the printing committee explained that a change was being made in the files now on hand which would make them all right and the expense of new files would be avoided. The original resolution was then indefinitely postponed. After the close of the joint session the house adjourned in order that the committees might get to work and report some bills.

In the senate the committee on privileges and elections recommended that S. F. 1 pass. This is Prout of Gage's bill to prevent nominees' names from appearing on the official ballot more than once. The judiciary committee reported a substitute for S. F. 7, introduced by Knepper of Butler. Senator Knepper's bill abolished the county agricultural society law and county aid for fairs. The substitute leaves it optional with county boards whether such societies shall be given county aid or not. President Colfelt announced the signing of H. R. 118 and 131, the appropriation bills. Five new measures were introduced. S. F. 28 was placed upon its third reading. This is the bill repealing the law providing for arrest before judgment in justice court cases, the law being obsolete. The bill was passed by a vote of 28 to 1. This repealing act will wipe out the last provision in the statutes for arrest for debt, if it passes the house. In committee of the whole the bills were considered. Most of the time was spent in discussing S. F. 1, by Prout of Gage. This is the bill to prevent [illegible] by more than one convention or party from appearing more than once on the official ballot. Miller of Buffalo moved to amend the bill by striking out all of the proposed amendments to the law. This motion was lost by a party vote. The bill was amended to correct the defects suggested by Talbot of Lancaster and the bill reported for passage, after which the committee arose. The report of the committee in favor of passing S. F. 1 was adopted by a vote of 29 to 10.

Wednesday, Jan. 25.

Eighth ballot for senator stood:

Allen	58
Hayward	41
Webster	10
Thompson	7
Scattering	15

Beyond the introduction of new bills and reports of committees on various measures very little business was transacted by the senate Wednesday. The bill amending the ballot law is the only political bill discussed so far, and brought forth some warm arguments from the fusion members, who insisted that the bill was an invasion of the rights of a free people who had a right to fuse if they so desired. All bills on general file were cleaned up that were in shape for disposal. The total number of bills introduced in the senate to Jan. 25 is 212.

The house presented a listless appearance all day, with the exception of the hour devoted to the joint session. The members seemed unable to do anything but kill time, and took very little interest in that. The committee report on one bill in the afternoon brought out a little argument between three or four of the members, and in the committee of the whole during the afternoon the same bill—H. R. 40—was again discussed. Most of the afternoon was devoted to the discussion of H. R. 36, a bill providing for an inheritance tax. The bill was a long one and the discussion was at times very dreary. There are a few important bills on the general file to be taken up, but it is believed that nothing can happen to get the house down to real business while the senatorial struggle is on, unless it be the impending report of the elections committee on the Fillmore County contest. Even that matter is creating little general interest, although it is known that the committee is hard at work on the recount and that the report soon to come in may call for the unseating of two members who now occupy seats on the floor of the house.

Thursday, Jan. 26.

Ninth ballot for senator stood:

Allen	57
Hayward	39
Webster	10
Thompson	7
Scattering	17

A communication was received in the house from the legislative committee appointed by the State Teachers' Association calling attention to the educational bills that had received the endorsement of the committee and referred to the proper committee. A resolution against polygamy was offered by Mr. Fisher of Dawes. A motion was put and carried allowing Mr. Israel full pay. After recess the house spent considerable time in committee of the whole considering bills. Four measures were recommended to pass, H. R. 257, introduced by Anderson of Fillmore, is one of unusual interest, the text being as follows: "That at the general election to be held on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday of November, 1899, there shall be submitted to the electors of this state for their approval or rejection an amendment to the constitution of this state as follows: Any bill having received a three-fifths majority in each branch of the legislature and the governor's approval shall be and continue a supreme and irrevocable law in this state until repealed by a subsequent legislature and the governor's approval."

Colonel Stotsenberg was unexpectedly brought to the attention of the senate by receipt of a communication from his father, John M. Stotsenberg of New Albany, Ind., who called for a formulation of the charges made against his son and that he be tried by an impartial court-martial. The communication was placed on file. Talbot of Lancaster moved that the vote on indefinitely postponing S. F. 56 be reconsidered. He explained that the object of the bill was to cure defects in the present law. Van Dusen of Douglas said the committee had been unable to find any defects. The motion to reconsider was carried and the bill went to the general file. Five new bills were introduced. After the reading of bills on second reading S. F. 23, 27, Steele of Jefferson, was placed on its third reading and passage. It is one of the Wheeler batch to cure defects in law already in the statutes. The bill was unanimously passed, thirty-one senators voting in the affirmative. S. F. 8, by Farrell of Merrick, was also read a third time and passed by a unanimous vote. It provides for sanitary regulations at school houses. The files purchased by the secretary of state have proven so unsatisfactory that the printing committee was instructed, upon motion of Prout of Gage, to buy Keystone files at $1.50 each. The balance of the day was spent in committee of the whole.

Friday, Jan. 27.

Tenth ballot for senator:

Allen	58
Hayward	33
Webster	10
Thompson	7
Scattering	22

Among the new bills introduced this morning were some of interest to the general public. Mr. Weaver introduced one permanently locating the state fair at Lincoln and authorizing the state board of agriculture to negotiate for the purchase of a site within three miles of the city. Mr. Burns is hot on the trail of the trusts and wants an examiner appointed to hunt them out and prosecute all of them, at a salary of $2,000 a year. Mr. Easterling introduced a bill appropriating $10,000 to erect on the capitol grounds a memorial to the Nebraska volunteers who lost their lives in the Spanish-American war. Mr. Zeiler is the father of a bill creating a state board of control of the educational institutions of the state, the blind institute, the deaf and dumb institute, the institute for feeble minded, the two industrial schools. The lower house passed a resolution looking to an investigation of the house postoffice. It is the result of a letter written by one of the minority members of the legislature being sent to his wife when it was intended for another person. Both houses adjourned until Monday.

FURS IN RUSSIA

The Sealskin So Much Prized at Home Is Useless There.

It seems a contradiction to speak of a "cold fur," but that is what the Russians style some of the wraps that we in the United States ignorantly consider warm enough for the coldest climate.

One of the first things an American woman has to do when she reaches Russia is to reconstruct her ideas on the subject of furs. Her beloved seal skin goes far down on the list. It is one of the "cold furs" that no Russian lady would care to wear as a lining, and it is as linings that all furs are worn, because it is too tender. The only thing it is good for is a short jacket to be worn between the seasons, and then it must be used entirely for walking. A woman who sets out on foot in that garb must surely return on foot, for if she took a carriage or sledge she would be running a serious risk of catching cold.

The pretty spotted skin, which is so popular among the "cold" cheap furs, and is given up to the unfashionable world, while the mink, also a "cold" fur, though expensive enough, is used by men only, just as is the pretty moleskin obtained by piecing sable paws together. The proper furs for the climate are the "downy" furs that beginning at the brown goat, go all the way up to that climate of beauty and luxury, the black fox or the silver fox, soft and delicate as feathers, and warm as a July day. The kuni is a fur that was used by royalty in the olden time, and was the unit of currency. It is costly when dark, and has a tough, light-weight skin, which is an essential in all furs that are to be used for large cloaks. Sables, rich and dark, are worn like the kuni, by any one who can afford them—court dames, cavaliers, Archbishops, and merchants, with their wives and daughters. Cloth or velvet is the proper covering for all furs, and the colors worn for driving are often light and gay.

Clothed in these furs the Russian seldom takes cold. Few Russians wear flannels. The houses are kept delightfully warm, and at places of entertainment no extra clothing could be borne. No Russian enters a room, theater or public hall at any season of the year without removing his cloak and overshoes, and no well-trained servant would allow an ignorant foreigner to trifle with his health by so doing.

The foreign churches are provided with cloakrooms and attendants. In the Russian churches this would not be practicable, as so many are coming and going, but even here some of the richer people keep a servant to hold their cloaks, just inside the entrance.

Language Makers.

Modern medicine possesses a vast technical vocabulary, which is at once rich and precise, and to which the progress of discovery is constantly adding fresh terms. The spread of education and interest in sanitation is more and more incorporating medical terminology into common speech. But besides this and besides the names of familiar names of diseases and remedies, we have numerous words which originally taken from medicine, have become part and parcel of our daily speech, and are no longer confined to strictly literal u

EAGAN FOUND GUILTY

VERDICT OF THE COURT-MARTIAL IS DISMISSAL.

Famous Military Trial Comes to an End, and Decision Is Reached in a Few Minutes—Dismissal from the Service Is Recommended.

Brig. Gen. Charles P. Eagan, commissary general of subsistence, has been found guilty by a court martial of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman and also conduct to the prejudice of good order and military discipline. The finding of the court is that he be dismissed, and there is no recommendation to executive clemency.

There were two charges on which Gen. Eagan was tried, and a single specification under each, which referred to the language used in his statement submitted to the War Investigating Commission. The use of the language was practically admitted by Gen. Eagan, whose plea of not guilty did not contravene the facts, but related solely to the fact of immunity for his evidence and what he alleged to be gross provocation on the part of Gen. Miles. The first charge of conduct unbe-

GEN. CHARLES P. EAGAN.

coming an officer and a gentleman, is, by the sixty-first article of war, punished by dismissal from the service, and the court martial, having found him guilty of violation of this article, was permitted no discretion as to the penalty.

By the action the court martial found that Eagan's language, in which he said that Gen. Miles "lies in his throat," lies in every word, if his word, like his affidavit, deliberately, intentionally and maliciously," was not protected by the immunity supposed to have been granted by the President to officers testifying before the commission. The court agreed by direct vote that the immunity was extended only to testimony, and that it did not carry with it any permission to officers to disgrace themselves by unseemly language toward either a superior or a subordinate.

The court martial having found that Gen. Eagan made use of language which was unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, whatever the provocation, found him guilty of the principal charge, which, of course, covered the second charge, with conduct to the prejudice of good order and military discipline.

Gen. Eagan's counsel made a plea based on civil practice in favor of immunity from prosecution, but, in the first place, the President, who convened the court martial, by that act apparently decided the immunity he promised did not cover intemperate language, and the court martial so held. It took the court about forty-five minutes to decide on the general form of their verdict.

OFFICERS CONDEMN BEEF.

Men of High Rank Say that It Was Unfit for Use.

A panel of sixty-three officers, representing more than a dozen regiments, whose companies and thousands of soldiers were laid before the special war investigating committee in session at Washington, according to the evidence the beef was unfit for use; it was tainted and nauseating; all of it was stringy, and devoid of nourishment; none of the soldiers could eat it except from extreme necessity, and many of those who did were made ill thereby. Great quantities of the beef were thrown away, and Maj. J. R. Lyle, who served as a sanitary inspector in the camp at Montauk Point, recommended that large lots be removed as a sanitary measure.

The testimony of the sixty-three officers, that it was universally bad in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Southern camps in this country and at Montauk Point. Among the officers who have given such testimony to the commission are Maj. Gen. Lawton, Brig. Gens. Carpenter, Wheaton and Harris, Col. Roosevelt and nearly three score of majors, captains, lieutenants and sergeants.

TWENTY GOLD SEEKERS DEAD.

Miners and Prospectors Are Frozen in the Copper River Region.

The news which reached Seattle of the death of twenty or more miners and prospectors in the Copper river gold fields has had a depressing effect on that part of the population interested in the Copper river gold fields of late the month. The information was brought down by the steamer Cottage City from Alaska. The names of those known to be dead are Charles Kiron, New York City; C. P. Smith, Chicago; Ole Evjen, Baldwin, Wis.; Mr. Henderson, Wisconsin, and George Sweeney, New York. At Twelve Mile canon, on the other side of the glacier, a hospital has been established where there are fifteen sufferers. The bodies of many of the dead will never be recovered.

SOLDIERS IN DISTRESS.

Pitiable Tale of Many Who Are Without Work or Sustenance.

According to a Chicago dispatch the county poorhouse is starving in the face 120 returned Illinois soldiers who are now being sheltered in the army and navy leagues barracks. The barracks are to be closed and the soldiers will be without food or shelter. Most of the men gave up good positions to go to war and on their return found their places filled by others. Study then they have been unable to secure employment.

One of the most pitiful cases is that of Howard Hotey, one of the 900 mutineers who made the fray leading at Guanta, namo. He is suffering from three bullet wounds, but totters the streets selling coat hangers.

DENY USE OF CHEMICALS.

Chicago Packers Invite Inspection, and Offer $100,000 Forfeit.

Chicago packers have replied to the embalming beef charges in the shape of an offer to donate $100,000 to any designated charity if a commission sent by Gen. Miles can find any evidence of the use of chemicals in the preservation of meat by them for the army or for their trade. The packing firms deny that there was anything done to preserve meat in tropical climates other than usual precautions of cooling, salting, pickling, precipitators,

CREAMERY MEN IN SESSION.

Immense Crowd Gathers for the Sioux Falls Convention.

The first national convention ever held within the borders of South Dakota convened Tuesday, Jan. 24 at 3 o'clock, when the National Creamery Buttermakers' Association was called to order in the big auditorium recently erected in the city. The building was elaborately decorated in yellow and green, and flags and bunting hung from the girders and galleries in great profusion. The lower floor of the building resembled a miniature world's fair occupied by dozens of booths filled with machinery and exhibits of material employed in the creamery business. The auditorium was occupied by delegates from Iowa, Minnesota, Wisconsin and Nebraska, the New Hampshire, New Jersey, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois delegation not having arrived.

Judge C. S. Palmer extended a welcome on behalf of the state in the absence of Gov. Lee, and H. H. Smith tendered the freedom of the city to the visitors. Response was made by Delegate Marsh of Waterloo, Iowa.

At the conclusion of the opening exercises adjournment was taken until 8 o'clock in the evening.

It was nearly 4 o'clock when the score of prize winners was announced. Secretary Suddendorf proceeded no further than the first announcement that A. W. McCall of Iowa had won first prize, when the Iowa delegates broke into prolonged cheers, which continued more than five minutes.

The prize banner was won by Minnesota for the highest percentage from any state. Illinois came next.

Following is a list of prize winners:

First prize, separator class, A. W. McCall, Creston, Iowa; score, 97.

Second prize, separator class, O. P. Jensen, Wells, Minn.; score, 96½.

First prize, gathered cream class, Herman Bock, Lake Park, Minn.; score, 91.

Second prize, gathered cream class, M. Magnussen, Bee, Minn.; score, 90.

Silver cups, O. A. Seyfried, Dakota, Ill., score, 96; L. C. Isben, Irene, S. D., score, 95½; James VanDusen, Hebron, Wis., score, 95½.

The states competing for the banner were: Minnesota, 169 entries, average 88.2; Illinois, 40 entries, average 88.1; Iowa, 170 entries, average 87.8; Wisconsin, 69 entries, average, 86.9; Kansas, 44 entries, average 86.7; South Dakota, 48 entries, average 86.6; total creameries of the six states, 540; averaged score 87.65; entries of separator butter, 579; entries of gathered cream, 21; total 600. Entries scoring 90 or better, 163; entries scoring 95 or over, 26.

The feature of the meeting of the National Creamery Buttermakers' Wednesday was the parade of the delegations, more than a thousand men being in the line of march. Bands accompanied the various delegations. Minnesota led the parade, followed by Iowa, Illinois, Wisconsin, Indiana, Kansas, South Dakota, Nebraska, Ohio, Pennsylvania and New York in the order named. The streets were lined with cheering crowds and the buttermakers were given an ovation. The Illinois delegation was especially jubilant over the victory of the Elgin Creamery Company, the A. P. McCall Creamery of Creston, Iowa, winner of the first prize in the separator class, being a branch of the Elgin company. The Illinois men carried banners on which were inscribed "Elgin Wins as Usual." In the afternoon the delegates and the public were permitted to see the big exhibit of butter, 540 packages of which were entered in the competitive contest. In addition to this an interesting exhibit of foreign butter brought to the convention by Prof. Pearson of the agricultural department at Washington. Included in the list was butter from Ireland, Denmark, England, France, New South Wales and New Zealand. These exhibits were uncolored. During the day the program was carried out as officially announced. Upon invitation of the convention Prof. Farrington of the Wisconsin state dairying school and Prof. Pearson of the agricultural department at Washington, made addresses. The South Dakota Dairy Association held a meeting, at which officers for the ensuing year were elected. A resolution was passed asking the legislature to appropriate a sum sufficient to construct a dairy plant at the agricultural college. It was stated during the evening that there might be a split in the association as the practical dairymen and those engaged in the manufacture of butter and cheese are opposing commission and machine men.

The interest of the delegates Thursday centered in the election of officers. The expected split in the association did not materialize. The election of officers resulted as follows:

President, W. K. Boardman of Nevada, Ia.; vice president at large, Leland Griffin of De Smet, S. D.; secretary and treasurer, E. Sudendorf of Elgin, Ill.

Vice Presidents—Illinois, Joseph Newman; Indiana, Jake Eehlosser; Iowa, Robert Rischer; Kansas, W. F. Jensen; Massachusetts, S. P. Hibbard; Minnesota, A. K. Bennett; Nebraska, George E. Haskell; New York, J. A. Tuttle; Ohio, James Davidson; South Dakota, Gilchrist Stewart; Tennessee, A. J. Dickenson; Montana, A. P. Hellingsou; Missouri, D. H. Kennett; North Dakota, E. R. Childs; Oklahoma Territory, P. E. Kissley.

The election of W. K. Boardman of Nevada, Iowa, as president settled the location of the next convention, as under a compromise made with the Nebraska delegates it was arranged that Lincoln should receive the support of the executive committee, headed by President Boardman. St. Paul and Des Moines and Waterloo, Iowa, were the other contestants for the location.

The regular session of the association was devoted to the reading of papers treating of mottled milk machinery and refrigerators. The meeting was the most largely attended and successful in the history of the association.

Pleasant Company.

An Englishman relates that he one day called to see the elder Dumas, and inquired of the servant, "Is Monsieur at home?"

"He is in his study, Monsieur; Monsieur can go in."

At that moment he heard a loud burst of laughter from the inner apartment, so he said he would wait till Monsieur's visitors were gone.

"Monsieur has no visitors; he is working," replied the servant. "M. Dumas often laughs like that at his work." It was true enough; the novelist was alone, or rather in company with one of his characters. He was simply roaring.

A Girl with a Scheme.

Miss Millward—Good morning; have you kissed Hobson?

Miss Aylesworth—No. I am trying to win a reputation that will enable me to go upon the stage and I guess the easiest way to get it is by spreading the rumor that I haven't kissed Hobson.

Saving Money.

Mrs. Billins—Is your son's wife an economical young woman?

Mrs. Flabbus—I should say so! She has induced him to let his whiskers grow so as to be able to get along without neckties.

CONGRESS

The proceedings in the House were enlivened on Friday by a wordy duel between Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio and Mr. Lewis, Democrat, the member from Washington. It occurred during the debate on a private bill to refer to the court of claims the claim of Cramp & Sons, the Philadelphia ship builders, for damages from the Government for delays incident to the building of the warships New York, Massachusetts, Indiana and Columbia, due to the failure of the Government to deliver armor plate and other materials for these ships on time. The postoffice appropriation bill was passed. At 4:30 p. m. the House recessed until 8 o'clock. The evening session was devoted to private pension legislation and adjournment was taken to Monday. The Senate was in session for five hours and a half, but the session was practically barren of results.

Senator Morgan's Nicaragua canal bill passed the Senate Saturday afternoon by a vote of 48 to 6. As a matter of fact, it was passed twice, once by a viva voce vote and the second on a roll call. The opposition had been dwindling away for several days. Friends and foes of the anti-scalping bills were also lined up in the Senate the same afternoon. The supporters of those measures won their first victory. By a vote of 33 to 21 they succeeded in having the Senate bill taken up for consideration.

Discussion of the policy of expansion occupied nearly all the time of the Senate in open session on Monday. Mr. White of California addressed the Senate in support of the anti-expansion resolution introduced by Mr. Vest (Dem., Mo.) and another resolution offered by Mr. Bacon (Dem., Ga.) declaring that the Philippines ought to be free and independent. The Senate at 2:10 p. m., on motion of Mr. Davis, chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, went into executive session. After the executive session Mr. Chandler called up the bill to restore to their original status officers of the navy and marine corps who lost their status by reason of the promotion of other officers by reason of conspicuous conduct in battle. The bill went over on objection. Monday was District of Columbia day in the House, and the major portion of the day was devoted to local legislation. The only action of public importance was the passage of the bill to extend the navigation laws of the United States to the Hawaiian Islands. One of the provisions of the bill grants American register to all vessels flying the Hawaiian flag owned by Hawaiian citizens July 7, 1898.

The debate on the army reorganization bill opened in the House on Tuesday under an agreement by which the general debate is to run fifteen hours, exclusive of three night sessions. Mr. Hull and Mr. McClellan in support of the measure and Mr. Hay of Virginia in opposition divided the honors. The other speakers were Messrs. Parker (Rep.) of New Jersey and Brown (Rep.) of Ohio in favor and Messrs. Cox (Dem.) of Tennessee, Bell (Pop.) of Colorado and Latham (Dem.) of Texas against it. At the conclusion of routine business in the Senate Mr. Lodge (Rep., Mass.) delivered his announced speech upon the policy of expansion. At the conclusion of Mr. Lodge's speech Mr. Teller (Col.) addressed the Senate upon a question with respect to the constitutional powers of the Government in the territories. Mr. Clay (Ga.), one of the Democratic Senators who expects to vote for the ratification of the treaty of peace, then addressed the Senate on the general question of territorial expansion.

Not since the stirring days before the declaration of war last spring has the House witnessed such an exhibition of excitement and such scenes of unbounded enthusiasm as occurred on Wednesday when the two Republicans, Mr. Johnson, the Indiana member, and Mr. Dolliver of Iowa, locked horns on the question of expansion. The army bill was under debate. At the night session Mr. Crumpacker (Rep., Ind.) supported the bill and advocated annexation. Mr. Rixey (Dem., Va.) opposed the bill. Mr. Linney (Rep., N. C.) supported the bill. Only a brief time was occupied by the Senate in open session. Mr. Hale, chairman of the Committee on Naval Affairs, reported the naval personnel bill and gave notice that at the earliest time possible he would call it up for consideration. Mr. Cullom (Ill.) reported the legislative appropriation bill. Mr. Chandler (N. H.) introduced a bill temporarily creating the office of admiral of the navy. It was referred to the Naval Affairs Committee. A senate bill providing for the erection of a building in Washington for the department of justice at a cost of $1,000,000 was passed.

As the Senate seemingly was about to conclude consideration of the pension appropriation bill late Thursday afternoon, Mr. Butler (Pop., N. C.) offered his amendment, announced some time ago, providing for the pensioning of ex-Confederate soldiers. Upon this he took the floor and delivered a speech, in which he defended the course of the South in the civil war. The executive session of the Senate was consumed in discussion of the failure of the President so far to send to the Senate the documents in his possession and on file in the State Department bearing upon the Paris conference. The feature of the third day of the debate upon the bill for the reorganization and increase of the regular army was an hour's speech by Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio. The other speakers were Messrs. Bromwell (Rep., O.), Stewart (Rep., N. J.), Tongue (Rep., Ore.), in support of the bill; Messrs. Dinsmore (Dem., Ark.), Jett (Dem., Ill.), McRae (Dem., Ark.), Simms (Dem., Tenn.), in opposition to it, and Mr. Marsh (Rep., Ill.) in favor of the bill with certain modifications.

Sparks from the Wires.

The John B. Prescott, the largest schooner ever built, has been launched at Rockland, Me.

"Badger" Moore has been placed in Sing Sing prison, where he will serve his 19-year sentence.

A New York girl has been placed in an insane asylum, the victim of excessive cigarette smoking.

The Emperor of Germany appreciates the "lofiness of the Czar's peace ideas," but thinks it advisable to strengthen his own forces.

The United States grand jury at Perry, Okla., has returned an indictment against Thomas Green, alias L. A. Ford, an 8-year-old boy, on a charge of breaking into the postoffice there.

The late William Endicott, who died recently at Beverly, Mass., was 100 years old. He was a direct descendant of John Endicott, the famous Puritan leader, at whose old homestead, "Orchard Farm," in Danvers, he was born.

A cargo of parrots that arrived in Leith, Scotland, was purchased by a firm of whisky manufacturers. The birds were taught to cry, "Drink Black's whisky," and when then distributed in gilt cages to Liverpool saloonkeepers.

THE STATE LEGISLATURES.

Saturday.

In West Virginia contests were partially considered. Democrats are conceding election of Scott for Senator.

In California, Utah, Nebraska, Delaware, Washington and Montana the Legislatures took ballots for Senator without breaking deadlocks.

In Pennsylvania one vote for Senator was taken without apparent change. Quay men hint at plan for his election to be put into effect on Tuesday.

Monday.

In West Virginia the opposing branches of the Legislature continued their warfare over contested seats.

In the Nevada House a test ballot showed votes evenly divided between Stewart and Newlands, with one absent.

In Wisconsin the Republican caucus took three ballots for United States Senator without material change in the result.

In Montana, Utah, Washington, California and Delaware ballots were taken for United States Senator without a choice.

In New York both Democrats and Republicans offered resolutions urging the ratification of the peace treaty. The resolutions were referred to a committee.

In Pennsylvania one vote for Senator was taken without change in standing of candidates. The reward for the detection of bribery now amounts to $40,000.

Tuesday.

In Nevada William M. Stewart (Silverite) was re-elected United States Senator.

In Pennsylvania the senatorial fight is growing bitter, but the deadlock is unbroken.

In New Jersey John Kean (Republican) was elected United States Senator to succeed James Smith, Jr.

In Wisconsin the Republican senatorial caucus took twenty-five ballots without change of note for any of the candidates.

In Michigan several new measures were introduced, including a general taxation bill and one providing for a tax on incomes.

In Texas former Governor C. A. Culberson (Democrat) was elected by acclamation United States Senator to succeed Roger Q. Mills.

In Utah, California, Delaware, Washington, Nebraska and Montana ballots were taken for United States Senator without a change.

Wednesday.

In Texas the election of C. A. Culberson to the United States Senate was ratified.

In New Jersey the election of John Kean to the United States Senate was ratified.

In Wisconsin the Republican senatorial caucus took ten ballots without breaking the deadlock.

In Wyoming the joint Assembly ratified the election of C. D. Clark to the United States Senate.

In Nevada the Legislature in joint session ratified the election of William M. Stewart as Senator.

In Missouri the State Senate adopted a resolution protesting against seating Congressman Roberts of Utah.

In Pennsylvania the senatorial deadlock is unbroken. A bill has been introduced to amend the jury laws in favor of Quay.

In Michigan the House reconsidered the resolution under which the entire body was to make a tour of the State institutions.

Thursday.

A bill was introduced in Minnesota to protect policy holders in half insurance.

The New York Assembly appointed a committee to investigate the surrogate's office.

In Wisconsin seventeen fruitless ballots were taken in Republican caucus and one ballot in joint session.

Michigan House adopted resolution indorsing course of Secretary Alger. Senate ignored Pingree's basket message.

In Delaware, Nebraska, Washington, California, Montana, Utah and Pennsylvania joint ballots were taken without results.

In Montana Senator Whiteside denounced all men voting for Clark as bribe takers, and his unseated after a scene verging on riot.

In Wisconsin bills were introduced reducing legal railway charges from 3 to 2 cents a mile and putting license fee on express companies.

Friday.

In Arkansas a measure was introduced appropriating money to fight smallpox.

In Indiana the House of Representatives killed Gov. Mount's anti-lynching bill.

In Colorado a resolution was introduced opposing the ratification of the peace treaty.

Charges were openly made at Olympia, Wash., that opponents of Senator Wilson were trying to buy votes.

In Delaware, Nebraska, Utah, Montana, Washington and California ballots were taken without breaking the deadlock.

In Wisconsin the Republican caucus took its eighteenth ballot without chosing a senatorial candidate. In the Senate an anti-pass bill was introduced.

In Michigan the Assembly adjourned to Feb. 7. A bill was introduced providing three intermediate courts of final jurisdiction. Notice was given of a bill to punish failure of electors to vote at elections.

The California legislative committee which investigated the charges of bribery affecting U. S. Grant, Jr., reported that the money had been paid as alleged and that Grant's friends had spent large sums to secure the election of members favorable to his candidacy.

News of Minor Note.

Capt. Walker of the Cunard steamer Campania has completed his 400th trip across the Atlantic.

Chauncey M. Depew says that he is the only wage earner who has been named for United States Senator.

It is estimated that there are in the world to-day more than 200,000,000 Bibles, printed in 320 different languages.

Senator Daniel of Virginia, who is now in Havana, says the first need of Cuba is charity, and the problem of government may be solved afterwards.

Owing to a lack of ships, officers and men, Secretary Long will be unable, for an indefinite period, to re-establish the United States naval stations abroad, which were abandoned before the war.

Gen. Wood speaks well of the Cuban office holders whom he has appointed at Santiago. He says the people are cheerful and contented and that everything is as quiet as in a New England village.

The pen with which Gov. Roosevelt of New York signed the oath of office was kept by the Governor himself. It was the one which Gen. Palmer had used during the civil war. The Bible on which the oath was taken was presented to Mrs. Roosevelt.

JUSTIFIES A CHANGE.

EXPANSION POLICY SHOWN NOT TO BE INCONSISTENT.

Two Notable Instances Serve to Prove that a Great Nation Can Alter the Purpose of a War After It Has Been Begun.

Senator Hoar and some of the other anti-expansionists declare that, because the Congressional resolution declaring war against Spain disavowed the purpose of making it a war of conquest, we cannot consistently take and keep any of the territory that has been wrested from Spain. The anti-expansionists say we should stand by our first proposition.

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat justifies the change in this nation's position by pointing to two former instances in which the purposes of the American people were changed after they had begun war. On the 6th of July, 1775, the American Congress, after the battles of Lexington, Concord and Bunker Hill had been fought, Ticonderoga and Crown Point had been captured, and an army of 20,000 men raised, with Washington as commander-in-chief, formally disavowed any intention on the part of the colonists to separate from Great Britain. Yet a year later Congress reversed its action and declared for separation from Great Britain.

Again, in 1861, when the war of the rebellion had been in progress for three months, a resolution was passed by Congress, which President Lincoln signed, declaring it not to be the purpose of the government to overthrow or interfere with the rights or institutions of the seceded States, but simply to preserve the Union. Nevertheless the Emancipation Proclamation was subsequently issued, and slavery, the dearest institution of the seceded States, was destroyed.

These two instances serve to prove that a great nation can change the purpose of a war after it has been begun without laying itself liable to the charge of being inconsistent, and they relieve the expansion policy, which was adopted as an incident of the war, from the charge of being "immoral and wicked," as Senator Hoar gravely characterized it.

The Rise in Prices.

The level of prices of staple articles of general use was higher at the beginning of January than it had been at any former period since the fall of 1893, more than five years ago. As compared with the period when Bryan's campaign for the Presidency was at its height, there has been a rise of about 18 per cent. in a little more than two years.

In view of the fact that improvements in machinery, the larger use of capital and the changes from retail to wholesale methods of production which have been going on steadily in many branches of industry, all tend powerfully to keep prices from rising and even to force them down, this advance is remarkable. It would be very noteworthy if there had been no frantic assertions, believed apparently by more than 6,000,000 voters, that there could be no rise in prices unless the money standard of the country were lowered by silver inflation. That political phase of the question makes the very important advance in the last two years of double significance. When all phases of the subject are taken into account it becomes evident that the upward tendency in values, which is still going on, is one of the most significant and hopeful signs of the times.

The President's Policy.

The expansion policy of the President is not the permanent occupation of the recent Spanish possessions; it is not the annexing of them into the United States. It is not an expansion which will make the natives citizens of the United States. It is simply the exercise of the authority and good will of this country over peoples which have no government because of the driving out of Spain, to continue until a stable government of the natives can be organized. It prevents the anarchy which the emotional Senator Mason mistakes for human liberty and assists the well-disposed natives to establish local governments upon the basis of social order, which is the result of the intelligent exercise of freedom. The real expansion of those who advocate this policy is a broadening of the influence of the United States with the nations with which we hold commercial relations. To that end the United States may hold enough of the Philippines to afford ample naval stations, not for the intimidation of the natives, but to be footholds for our expanding traffic in the East.—Indianapolis Journal.

Abraham Lincoln's Preference.

No one ever made a better argument in favor of protection to American labor than was made by Abraham Lincoln fifty years ago. Said Mr. Lincoln: "I do not pretend to know much about the tariff question, but we are importing from Europe a great deal of railway rails and paying gold for them. If we buy, say, fifty tons of foreign rails at $20 per ton, for a mile of iron rails, we pay the European workmen $2,500 of gold and get the metal. That is the Democratic plan. The Republican plan is different. It is for those rails to be made, say, in Pittsburg. Then our workmen get the gold and we have the rails besides and they pay out that money to other Americans for food, clothing and other necessaries and comforts of life. Which policy, gentlemen, do you think is best for the good of this country, the Democratic or the Republican? For my part, I prefer the Republican policy."—Freeport (Ill.) Journal.

Here Is an Issue for Bryan.

An exchange suggests that if Bryan shall discover that 16 to 1 and anti-expansion do not promise to be profitable issues for the campaign of next year, he take up the question whether the twentieth century begins in 1900 or 1901. Surely the suggestion is a good one, and the forcing of that issue would promptly result in a division of the people on lines more distinctly marked than those which divided them on the silver issue in 1896. The campaign would be one of the most exciting ever waged in this country.

Of course, Bryan would take the side of those who believe that the next century begins on Jan. 1, 1900, and we have no doubt that the logic and eloquence of the Boy Orator would suffice to convince the people that he was right. It would be as easy for him to convince Americans that ninety-nine years make a century as it was for him to prove that sixteen ounces of silver were worth as much as one ounce of gold in 1896, when, as a matter of fact, it took about thirty-two ounces of silver to buy an ounce of gold in the open market. The fixing of a wrong and arbitrary time for the ending of the nineteenth century would not be a task at which the Boy Orator would hesitate, for did not the French revolutionists, who made the same sort of appeals to the populace that he has made, change the calendar and rename the months of the year?

It is to be hoped that Bryan will consider this suggestion and feel the pulse of his party concerning its availability for use in the closing year of the century, when it would certainly be a timely subject of discussion.—Cleveland Leader.

Progress.

The free-traders are insatiable in the matter of ships. Not content with the two-thirds free trade provisions of the Payne-Hanna bill, wherein it is proposed to admit to American register two foreign built for every one American built ship, these greedy Cobdenites want the whole thing their way. Accordingly Representative Handy of Delaware, a State having important shipbuilding interests, has introduced in the House a bill providing for free ships absolutely.

This is what might be called asking an ell for every inch offered. It is too much just now. Possibly the free-traders may some time get their wish for unrestricted foreign competition in ships as in everything which could and should be produced in our own country, but the happy day is not yet. If they are wise they will be thankful for small favors, and for the present rest content with the extraordinary concessions made in their behalf in the Payne-Hanna bill. To be permitted to have a restored American merchant navy two-thirds made up of foreign-built ships is surely something. It is quite a progress toward absolute free trade.

Mormon "Apostle's" Bravado.

"Apostle" Heber Grant, of the Mormon church, has assumed a Boss Tweed position in regard to the election of Mormon Roberts as a member of Congress, and the "apostle" asks: "What are the people of the United States going to do about it?" Well, "the people of the United States" are going to decide that matter under the following portion of Section 5 of the Constitution: "Each House shall be the judge of the elections, returns, and qualifications of its own members." We do not quote from memory this time, but give the exact words by which the next House can oust Three Wives Roberts in spite of all the Mormon "apostles" outside of hades.—Des Moines Register.

Tears, Idle Tears.

All of the weeping and wailing and gnashing of teeth by the faithful over the losses and disasters which the Dingley bill was to bring to our foreign commerce proved to be only an idle waste of words and useless briny tears.—Carmi (Ill.) Times.

Warning to the Senate.

The New York Herald warns the Senate that "every day it palters about the ratification of the Spanish treaty increases our difficulties with the Filipinos. Unfortunately, there are men in the Senate who are intent on complicating affairs.

Clinging to the Past.

"Colonel Bryan clings to the past," is the remark of a gold Democratic newspaper. Why not cling to the past, when it is his only chance? Mr. Bryan knows that to ignore 16 to 1 is to commit political hari kari.

WAITING FOR THE DOOR TO OPEN.

QUEEN'S LONDON ADDRESS.

Victoria Says She Lives Opposite a Big Department Store.

The children of Prince Henry of Battenberg, who married Queen Victoria's youngest daughter, Princess Beatrice, and died of fever during the Ashanti campaign, live with their grandmother at Windsor. Recently two little girls from London came down to spend the day with the little Battenbergs, and it so happened that her majesty paid a visit to the nursery, and found them there.

The young visitors were taken aback; they had not expected to see the Queen, and had not been instructed how to conduct themselves in the presence of royalty; but they had been well brought up and knew their Bibles, and they thought at once of Daniel before King Darius. They decided that what Daniel had done must be correct, so the pair threw themselves on their faces on the floor at her astonished majesty's feet, and cried out with a loud voice:

"O queen, live forever!"

However, this proved an excellent introduction, and presently the Queen and they became great friends. She took one of them on her knee, and all three chatted together in the friendliest way.

"And whereabouts in London do you young people live?" asked the Queen.

"Oh," said the little girl on her knee, "we live just opposite W.'s," naming one of the new mammoth stores that have become such marked features of the London of to-day.

"But please won't you tell us where you live when you go to London?" said the other little friend.

The Queen looked thoughtful for a moment, and then remembered that in Buckingham Palace Road there is also a mammoth store. "Oh," said she, smiling, "in London I live opposite Gorringe's."

RECENT INVENTIONS.

Celluloid is used in the manufacture of a new eye-shield, a thin sheet being cut to fit over both eyes and bound at the edge with a strip of thick felt, which rests against the face and shuts the eye in.

A German has designed a candle holder which will not drop grease, the candlestick carrying a tube with a spring at the bottom and a cap at the top, with a conical aperture through which the top of the candle is forced as it burns.

A Delaware inventor has designed a bell attachment for cyclometers, which is fastened to the under side of the casing, with a spring clapper running up to connect with a pin on one of the wheels of the cyclometer to ring the bell at every mile.

Cyclers are protected from rain and sun by a new umbrella attachment, which is clamped on the top bar of the frame and can be tipped down by loosening a thumbscrew so that the tip rests on the ground when the wheel is not in use to support it.

Furnace doors can be easily opened without touching with the hands by the use of a new improvement, a lever being pivoted on the floor to be stepped on at one end and lift the opposite end, raising an upright rod attached to the door to swing it open.

Passengers on railroads are automatically registered by a new photographic apparatus, designed to be placed in the top of the car and having an automatic flash-light operator, which is discharged as a person steps on the platform to enter the car, exposing the film at the same time.

The hair can be shampooed by a new machine without touching the hands to the head and the dust or lather is gathered up and prevented from getting on the clothing, a hood being placed over the head, with a flexible casing at the top which is moved over all parts of the head.

Their Wit Saved Them.

The Bektashee is an influential order of dervishes which no Sultan has ever been able to suppress, relates the San Francisco Wave. At one time when they were in exceptionally bad odor rival orders endeavored to induce Sultan Mahmoud the Second to suppress the Bektashee. His majesty determined to put the unpopular brethren to a test. He accordingly gave a banquet to which he invited all the principal dervishes in Constantinople. What was the surprise of his guests to find that each was supplied with a spoon having a handle a yard long! They looked at each other and shrugged their shoulders and wondered what it would mean. "Come, come," cries the Sultan from his throne at the upper end of the room, "why do you not eat your pilaf?" The dismayed looks of the dervishes plainly indicated the puzzled condition of their minds. Suddenly, to the intense amusement of the commander of the faithful and of the company in general, the Bektashee began to feed each other mutually across the table with their giant spoons. "Well done," cried the padishah, clapping his hands with delight, "you are indeed progressive and sensible men, ob Bektashee, and I shall not suppress your order to please these idiots, who are so dull of comprehension."

One Way to Clean Teeth.

When the Brahmin cleans his teeth he must use a small twig cut from one of a number of certain trees, and before he eats it he must make his act known to the gods of the woods. He must not indulge in this cleanly habit every day. He must abstain on the 6th, the 8th, the 9th, the 14th, the 15th and the last day of the moon, on the days of new and full moon, on the Tuesday of every week, on the day of the constellation under which he was born, on the day of the week and on the day of the month which correspond with those of his birth, at an eclipse, at the conjunction of the planets, at the equinoxes and other unlucky periods and also on the anniversary of the death of his father or mother. Any one who cleans his teeth with his bit of stick on any of the above mentioned days will have hell as his portion.

The Bright Idea.

"Well, there's one good thing about most of our Congressmen, anyway."

"What's that?"

"They talk so much that there is little time left to pass needless and dangerous laws."

Repentance is like ammonia; a little of it goes a long way when it once takes hold.

F. M. SKEEN,

Attorney at Law and Real Esate Dealer.

Best Bargains. Best Terms.

Best Locations. Lowest Interest.

ALL ON COMMISSION.

Strictly fair dealing with everybody. Not a law suit in seventeen years of extensive dealings in all kinds of sales and trades, in real estate. A business record to be proud of. Have for sale and exchange prairie land, grass land, hay land, pastures, ranches, lease land, rental farms, brick buildings, livery stables, dwellings, city lots, 500 or more, FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE in Wayne, Omaha, Sioux City, Minneapolis, Kansas City, Chicago, and other towns all over the West.

200 FARMS in South Dakota, 100 in Missouri, 300 in Nebraska have been foreclosed on by mortgage companies and are for sale cheap. Call and examine my list. Give special attention to sale of Wayne, Cedar, Dixon, Knox, and Pierce county lands. Familiar with every farm and locality within fifty miles of Wayne. Have excellent facilities for making exchanges of farm and city property any part of the United States.

Have Correspondence and Demands Both East and West.

Have such a large list of excellent lands near Wayne it would be impossible to describe all. Have prices and terms to suit the demand of any customer, from small payments down to all cash.

Have eighty acre tracts; have up to a section and three sections in a body. Some of the very finest groves, bearing orchards, and vineyards. Improved farms from $12.50 to $50 per acre. Have city property ranging from $400 to $5000, some on monthly payments, with small cash payment down. Special attention given to properties that are heavily incumbered and liable to foreclosure. Have saved a good many properties in the last five years, from foreclosure and loss by making sales and exchanges for parties who could not otherwise realize out of their property. Communicate with me and see if I cannot do you some good. For particulars,

Call on or Address,

F. M. SKEEN, - Wayne, Neb.

The First National Bank!

Wayne, Nebraska.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $90,000.00.

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H. F. WILSON, Cashier. NATHAN CHACE, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS:—J. M. Strahan, Frank E. Strahan, George Bogart, John T. Bressie, James Paul, Frank Fuller and H. F. Wilson.

L. F. HOLTZ,

Merchant Tailor!

The Finest Line of Summer Suitings to select from, ever shown in Wayne.

Repairing of all Kinds Promptly Done.

First Door West of State Bank.

Consider

And then come and buy of us. WHY?

BECAUSE We have shed room to keep our stock dry.

BECAUSE Our stock is large and you can select what you want.

BECAUSE Prices and Goods will suit you.

Edwards & Bradford Lumber CO.

LUMBER AND COAL.

DON'T

Fail to call at

ROBERT HEFTI'S

And see the large stock of Winter Underwear. Also the fine samples for suits at the very lowest prices. Winter Dress Goods in all Patterns. We are making a SPECIAL SALE on Plaids at 8 Cents per Yard.

ROBERT HEFTI, Wayne, Neb.

WM. PIEPENSTOCK

Calls your attention to a new line of

Harness For Spring WOrk

Everything manufactured in this line is kept in stock.

All Work First Class. - - Repairing a Specialty.

Local and Miscellaneous.

T. B. Heckert, Dentist, over Miller's.

M. P. Ahern went to Sioux City Friday morning.

The necktie social to be given by the ladies of the M. E. Church is to be had at the home of Mr. Alger tomorrow evening, Feb. 3, not Feb. 23 as announced last week.

Coughing injures and inflames sore lungs. One Minute Cough Cure loosens the cold, allays coughing and heals quickly. The best cough cure for children. L. P. Orth.

Wausa Gazette: Clifton Grace, well known to our readers since his stay stay here last year, writes that he will be back in a short time to take up his former position with our hardware man F. O. Lyon.

S. A. Fackler, editor of the Micanopy (Fla.) Hustler, with his wife and children, suffered terribly from la grippe. One Minute Cough Cure was the only remedy that helped them. It acted quickly. Thousands of others use this remedy as a specific for la grippe and its exhausting after effects. Orth.

Fremont Tribune: With the coming of the boom in land prices and exchanges, it is hoped that the element of recklessness which characterized the palmy days of 1888-'92 will not be revived. When the real estate activity can be stopped within legitimate bounds, all is well, but when it goes so far as to become a craze, its results are disastrous.

Norfolk Times-Tribune: The Times-Tribune is unofficially informed that Senator Allen has positively refused to be considered a candidate for district judge to succeed Judge Robinson and that the appointment will in all probabilities go to Attorney A. O. Williams of Neligh. The bar of the district has a very good opinion of Mr. William's qualifications for the position and his appointment will give general satisfaction.

The Omaha road must be getting very choice of its hog train passenger service when it has so far failed or refused to make advertising contracts for transportation with three out of four papers in Wayne county.—Winside Tribune.

Yes Bro. McKeen the Omaha road carries nothing but well bred hogs on its passenger trains these days. But then you are mistaken about the advertising contracts. The Tribune is the only paper in the county with which a contract has not been made.

Norfolk people who are opposed to the bill for an appropriation to build a normal school at Wayne may just as well wave their opposition, so far at least as its passage in the house is concerned. Representative Smithberger introduced the bill and is looking after its interest, and he usually gets what he goes after.—Stanton Picket.

And they may also wave their opposition so far as Senator Hale is concerned. He presented the bill for the Wayne Normal in the senate, and will look after its interest there.

According to the Madison Chronicle's way of thinking, town killers are classified into eight seperate bunches, as follows: First, those who go out of town to do their shopping; second, those who are opposed to improvement; third, those who prefer a quite town to one of push and business; fourth, those who imagine they own the town; fifth those who deride public spirited men; sixth, those who oppose every movement not originating with themselves; seventh, those who oppose every movement that does not appear to benefit them; eighth, those who seek to injure the credit or reputation of individuals.

Wisner Chronicle:—Henry Nurenberger, a farmer from near LaPorte in Wayne county, had his jaw broken by a kick from his horse last Tuesday. He had come to Wisner with several of his neighbors to get sand from the river, and was engaged in putting his team in the livery barn of Kelso Bros. to feed them at noon. One of his horses kicked at a strange horse near by and accidentaly struck Mr. Nurenberger who was standing conveniently near. The blow of the sharply shod hoof cut a ghastly wound just below the jaw on the right side and broke the jaw bone. His brother who was standing beside him was struck on the arm by the horse's other foot and slightly bruised.

Are you restless at night and harassed by a bad cough. Use Ballard's Horehound Syrup, it will secure you sound sleep, and effect a prompt and radical cure. Wilkins & Co.

Winside Tribune: John Soules whom we mentioned recently as being operated on at Sioux City, by Dr. Jepson, assisted by Dr. Cherry, in the hope of relieving brain pressure caused by an injury on his head years ago, was in town Tuesday, having been discharged from the hospital. Mr. Soules made this office a very pleasant call while in town, and spoke of his experiences. He says that he has experienced great relief from the effects of the operation and that his memory is much improved. He says he now feels first rate in every way, whereas he formerly suffered continually from a dull headache and his mind was more or less clouded. To illustrate the effects of the operation on his mind he says that he had never been able to remember when he was injured, but in thinking over it a couple of days after the operation it come to him just when it happened. He says it was January 4, 1887, that he was injured by a boiler explosion in a planing mill by the force of which he was thrown so that his head struck the legs of the grooving machine. Mr. Soules speaks in high terms of his treatment at the hospital and of the skill and fair treatment of Drs. Jepson and Cherry. All will be pleased to learn of the success and exellent results to Mr. Soules that have so far followed the operation and will hope the results may be as permanent as they now promise to be.

COUNTY TREASURER'S SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

Of *moneys on hand, collected* and disbursed from July 1, 1898 to January 4, 1899, inclusive.

Balance on hand July 5 1898.	Collections and Transfers.	NAME OF FUND.	Disbursements and Transfers.	Balance on hand Jan 4, 1899.
$ 793 34	$ 4277 24	State Fund	$ 4563 36	$ 507 22
1464 61	7828 43	School Land Fund	3314 14	5912 89
1986 82	1814 05	Agricultural College Land	3413 71	387 16
5446 46	5917 30	County General Fund	9677 44	1686 32
2220 91	1900 53	*Bridge Fund*	3535 40	586 04
206 60	930 56	Bond Fund	122 15	1015 01
947 53	175 91	Soldiers Relief Fund		1123 44
230 81	12 55	Road Fund	17 19	234 67
82 40	26 18	Sinking Fund		108 58
05	09	Insane Fund		14
	1098 15	Poll and Labor Fund	1098 15	
158 65	1 02	County School Fund		159 67
14039 64	11878 04	School District Fund	14860 55	11117 13
9158 14	1928 60	School Bond Fund	3488 70	7598 04
1484 02	356 44	Water Bond Fund		1840 46
538 16	746 00	City and Village Fund	1006 30	277 86
	5 02	Electrict Light Fund		5 02
203 53	130 80	Advertising Fund		334 33
85 38	1201 67	Redemption Fund	1087 26	199 79
	4999 06	Miscellaneous	4999 06	
38989 55	44322 63	*Grand Total*	50218 41	33093 77

STATE OF NEBRASKA, County of Wayne, } ss: I, Phil H. Kohl, Treasurer of Wayne County, in the state aforesaid, do declare upon oath that I believe the foregoing to be a correct statement.

PHIL. H. KOHL, County Treasurer.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of January, 1899.

J. R. COYLE, County Clerk.

STATE OF NEBRASKA, County of Wayne, } ss: This is to certify that we have examined the above report, that the same is correct as shown by the books of the Treasurer's office and that all vouchers for the same have been properly delivered to the County Clerk.

County Commissioners. { R. RUSSELL, J. W. ZIEGLER, E. H. CARROLL.

Dated this 16th day of January, 1899.

WALKS FROM THE TRAIN!

Randolph Reporter: W. H. Terry, formerly a resident of Randolph, is the principal actor in a strange and almost fatal accident. Thursday night he boarded the train at Wayne with the intention of coming to Randolph. On the train he met several old acquaintances, and nothing unusual was noticed in his appearance or condition. He chose a seat near the stove, which was shared by another passenger, with whom he conversed. When two or three miles this side of Carroll, he deliberately picked up his grip, opened the rear door and passed from view. After the lapse of a few moments some of the passengers having their suspicions aroused that all was not right, went to the door and found that Terry had disappeared. The alarm was given and the conductor informed, who ordered the engine to stop and reverse. When nearing the spot where Terry was seen to leave train the passengers saw the satchel lying near the track and some distance away they discovered the man staggering along as one drunk, across a field.

Two or three of the passengers ran after him and assisted the unfortunate man back to the train. They found him to be suffering from some mental ailment, as well as injuries he had sustained when he stepped from the train, a large gash being visible on the head. He was brought to Randolph and removed to the home of Frank Anderson, where he is now lying.

The attending physician expresses the opinion that he will recover. Yesterday he regained his right mind and he told his attendants that he remembers nothing soon after getting on the train.

Faults of digestion cause disorders of the liver, and the whole system becomes deranged. Herbine perfects the process of digestion and assimilation, and thus makes pure blood. Wilkins & Co.

That Post-Office Building.

A few of our citizens have become foolishly enthusiastic over the bill introduced by Congressman Samuel J. Maxwell, providing for the erection of a public building in West Point. If there was the least possible show for such a bill to ever pass, the Republican would be apt to treat the matter seriously, but it seems ridiculous that a congressman, whose term will expire in a few weeks, and who possess no particular influence in congress, can ever hope to get a federal building erected in West Point, when there are Norfolk and Hastings, two towns where the United States federal court must convene, and either of which towns is much larger than West Point, are still without a government building. There are thousands of cities in the U. S. in which even second class post-offices are situated, which have no public building and to think that Maxwell could get any other congressman to vote for an appropriation for a building for a third class post office in a town of less than 3,000 population where the annual office rent aggregates but a few hundred dollars, is the acme of foolishness. But few of our citizens consider the matter seriously. They see in it merely a scheme to tickle the vanity of our people a trifle before Maxwell's political death occurs. The effort is as weak as the dying gasp of a donkey. The bill is ridiculed by our best people. Its intended effect fell flat.—West Point Republican.

While Wayne would feel highly elated over securing a federal building, they haven't even given the question any consideration.

The Ravages of Grip.

That modern scourge, the Grip, poisons the air with its fatal germs, so that no home is safe from its ravages, but multitudes have found a sure protection against this dangerous malady in Dr. King's New Discovery. When you feel a soreness in your bones and muscles, have chills and fever, with sore throat, pain in the back of the head, catarrhal symptoms and a stubborn cough you may know you have the Grip, and that you need Dr. King's New Discovery. It will promptly cure the worst cough, heal the inflamed membranes, kill the disease germs and prevent the dreaded after effects of the malady. Price 50c and $1.00. Money back if not cured. A trial bottle free at Wilkins & Co's. drug store.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident of which John Oliver of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite, gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters,' and to my great joy and surprise the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents, guaranteed, at Wilkins & Co's. drug store.

La grippe is again epidemic. Every precaution should be taken to avoid it. Its specific cure is One Minute Cough Cure. A. J. Sheperd, publisher Agricultural Journal and Advertiser, Elden, Mo., says: "No one will be disappointed in using One Minute Cough Cure for la grippe." Pleasant to take, quick to act. L. P. Orth.

F. E. Moses shipped some cattle to Omaha last week.

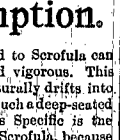
Children who are troubled with worms are pale in the face, fretful by spells, restless in sleep, have blue rings around their eyes, bad dreams, variable appetite, and pick the nose. White's Cream Vermifuge will kill and expel these parasites. 25c. Wilkins & Co.

One of our poultry fanciers who has been enjoying unusual success in raising chickens of a high grade during these prosperous times, concluded to mix his chicken feed with sawdust. So well pleased was he with the experiment that he discarded meal entirely and began the use of sawdust. Recently he undertook a winter hatching, setting a hen with sixteen eggs. Twelve of the number hatched came off with wooden legs while one proved to be a woodpecker. Since this astonishing event we have decided to receive money on subscription.

Scrofula to Consumption.

Any one predisposed to Scrofula can never be healthy and vigorous. This taint in the blood naturally drifts into Consumption. Being such a deep-seated blood disease, Swift's Specific is the only known cure for Scrofula, because it is the only remedy which can reach the disease.

Scrofula appeared on the head of my little grandchild when only 18 months old. Shortly after breaking out it spread rapidly all over her body. The scabs on the sores would peel off on the slightest touch, and the odor that would arise made the atmosphere of the room sickening and unbearable. The disease next attacked the eyes, and we feared she would lose her sight. Eminent physicians from the surrounding country were consulted, but could do nothing to relieve the little innocent, and gave it as their opinion that the case was hopeless and impossible to save the child's eyesight. It was then that we decided to try Swift's Specific. That medicine at once made a speedy and complete cure. She is now a young lady, and has never had a sign of the disease to return.



MRS. RUTH BRAKSLEY, Salina, Kan.

Scrofula is an obstinate blood disease, and is beyond the reach of the average blood medicine. Swift's Specific

S.S.S. For The Blood

is the only remedy equal to such deep-seated diseases; it goes down to the very foundation and forces out every taint. It is *purely vegetable*, and is the only blood remedy guaranteed to contain no mercury, potash or other mineral substance whatever.

Books mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Georgia.

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Our Great Clubbing Offer.

The Sioux City Twice a Week Journal

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The Farm and Home,

One of the best farm and family papers in the United States.

$1 - BOTH FOR ONE YEAR - $1.

Features of the Journal.

The Twice a Week Journal, the leading newspaper in the Northwest—almost equivalent to a Daily, gives you all the news of the world. It is clean, able and progressive, and fully supplies the wants of the wide-awake farmer. The market and stock reports are complete and carefully prepared, its special features unexcelled.

By special arrangements with the publishers we are enabled to give each and every subscriber to the Twice a Week Journal, ABSOLUTELY FREE,

The Farm and Home,

A practical and instructive journal, published semi-monthly, giving you 24 numbers a year, the whole making a volume of over 300 pages, teeming with all the latest and most reliable information that experience and science can apply. Prominent among its many departments may be mentioned the Farm and Garden, Market reports, Fruit Culture, Plans and Inventions, the Apiary, Talks with a Lawyer, Live Stock and Dairy, the Poultry Yard, Plants and Flowers, the Veterinary, Fashions and Fancy Work, Household Features, etc.

Now is the Time to Subscribe.

Do not delay or fail to take advantage of this tempting offer which we make for a limited time only. You will never regret it. Remember we send both papers a full year, for the remarkable low price of One Dollar, to every new subscriber—and to the old ones who will renew their subscriptions for one year. Sample copies of either publication sent to any address upon application. Address,

PERKINS BROS. CO., Pubs., Sioux City, Ia.

Pabst Saloon!

FRANK KRUGER Prop.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

Also Sell

Best Brands of Cigars in the City.

A Young Man Goes Wrong

Is arrested and sent to the penitentiary; but no man, woman or child will make a mistake if they trade with

AUG. PIEPENSTOCK,

Who carries a full line of General Merchandise. Here you can purchase any thing you want from a

Tooth Pick to a Good Suit of Clothes,

And you can get everything at the LOWEST LIVING PRICE

DRESS GOODS, CLOAKS AND JACKETS.

We have an elegant line of these Goods and extend a special invitation to ladies to call and investigate our excellent bargains. Will sell you a fine Jacket cheap, or dress goods at prices that will surprise you.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

In this department we are well supplied and can give you Groceries fresh and clean at the very lowest price. Have a full line of the best Canned Goods; also fresh and dried fruits. Don't forget to call when in need of any thing in this line.

Special Bargains in Underwear

We have an elegant line Ladies and Gents Underwear, just the thing for winter wear.

Duck Coats, Overshoes, Mittens, Etc.

In fact, anything you need for cold weather can be found at our store.

AUG. PIEPENSTOCK.

NEW FURNITURE!

If you wish to buy a nice piece of Furniture, we have just what you want and will sell you anything in this line at the very lowest price.

A Fine Line of Pictures.

We have one of the finest Lines of Pictures ever brought to the city. Call and see them.

Chamber Suits, Rockers, Etc.

In fact I have the largest stock of Furniture in Northeast Nebraska. Come in and see me.

J. P. GÆRTNER.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE WAYNE HERALD

Entered at the Post Office at Wayne, Neb. as second class mail matter.

W. H. McNEAL, Editor.

NEBRASKA Republican Newspaper FEDERATION

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

The exposition boomers are now whistling through their hats. It's a lost cause and few are the regrets that such is the case.

Whenever the question of expansion has been submitted to a vote, either in a convention or state legislature, the anti-expansionists have been greatly in the minority.

Bro. Huse, in the Norfolk Daily News of Saturday, gave the Fremont Tribune a rebuke it justly merited, and it isn't the first time that paper has merited it; not by a random shot.

The insurgents over in Iloilo, about ten thousand miles away, still seem to be in a fighting mood. It is too bad such people can't see a good thing when it is presented to them.

It's "grippe" now; what it will be a few years hence has not yet been announced. Nevertheless, it's the consarnedest thing to make a person want to swear we ever heard of.

Uncle Sam is not looking for an alliance with Great Britain and there never will be one in the flat term of the word, through a mutual understanding of a decidedly friendly nature will no doubt long exist.

France has her Dreyfus troubles, while the United States has troubles of her own not the least of which is the disposition of the Philippine question But Uncle Samuel has never failed to settle such problems, and always rightly, too.

The Cubans have become desirous of running the Gem of the Antilles to suit themselves, but they will find that patience covers a multitude of sins and is the golden key to a future stable government, with freedom as the watchword.

William A. Clark, the newly elected Senator from Montana leans toward free silver, and although a democrat is a protectionist, which makes him about one half republican. A man who isn't a protectionist doesn't last long in the northern and western states.

In one of the eastern states a candidate for United States senator who has been accused of buying the influence of certain papers, says the only papers worth buying are those which cannot be bought. A paper that will sell its influence certainly hasn't much to sell.

No wonder that Nebraska enjoys the distinction of being one of the states in the union with the smallest percentage of illiteracy. There has been enough bills introduced in the legislature, providing for normal schools to educate the population for ten years. —Pierce Call

Omaha ran up against a snag at Washington last week when Congressman Mercer's exposition resolution was shelved by the ways and means committee. Taken collectively, the towns and cities outside of Omaha are a heap bigger than that city, and this is the first deposit to that account.

West Virginia got right down to business and elected a republican United States Senator, but there are other states that have been dilly-dallying away time in an effort to do likewise until the desire of the people to elect United States senator by a direct vote has become very pronounced.

Congress is grinding away on the treaty question, a vote upon which will be taken next Monday. Four-fifths of the people desire that the Paris treaty be ratified. After that the question of the disposition of the Philippines can be settled as congress sees fit. It is a question for the whole people to decide.

The trains running between Chicago and the Missouri River these days travel so fast that special air tubes are attached that passengers may be enabled to catch their breath Life insurance rates have not yet been raised but dying at such a gait has become more interesting than Cyrano de Bergerac.

A bill providing for the redistricting of the state of Nebraska into new representative and senatorial districts has been introduced both in the senate and the house. The 11th senatorial district, according to the bill is to be composed of the counties of Wayne, Dixon and Cedar, and the 18th representative district of the counties of Wayne and Thurston.

If the republican representatives and senators at Lincoln ever go into caucus, the proceedings should be open and above board. No secret business will meet with the approval of the republicans throughout the state. To do otherwise would be to incur the wrath of the people, for every member would be tainted with suspicion. The party cannot afford to have such a state of affairs existing.

THE FARMER'S SHARE.

The extent to which the agricultural producing classes have shared in the great increase in national prosperity and wealth which has followed the restoration of the American policy of Protection to labor and industries is shown in the statement of the Treasury Department Statistical Bureau, in connection with the records of the grand expansion of our export trade during the year just closed. From these official statistics it appears conclusively that the farmers of the country have in fact been the largest beneficiaries of the marvelous export trade of the year 1898. Three quarters of the total year's exports of upwards of $1,200,000,000 in value of the farm. Breadstuffs, cotton provisions, live animals, tobacco and fruits supplied the great bulk of the $850,000,000 worth of their products which went abroad during the year, breadstuffs being the largest in value, cotton second, provisions third, animals fourth and tobacco fifth.

In no earlier year in our history has the exportation of products of agriculture been as large, the total for the year surpassing by $100,000,000 that of the export years 1891 and 1892. Both in quantities and prices received the exportations of farm productions have been unusually large, and this relates to nearly every class of articles exported. Of breadstuffs alone the exports of the year were $65,000,000 greater than those of 1897, and were more than double in value those of 1895. Of provisions, the year's exports were nearly $25,000,000 in excess of those of last year, while cotton exports were considerably in excess of those of 1897 and 1895, but slightly below those of 1896.

Besides these great classes the smaller items of fruits and nuts, hay, hops, seeds, vegetables, oil cake and vegetable oils, eggs, feathers and many other articles of this class, added to the receipts for agricultural articles exported, bring the grand total up to more than $850,000,000, against $730,000,000 in 1897, $665,000,000 in 1896, and $546,000,000 in 1895.

All the articles of great agricultural exportation showed a marked increase for the year, compared with preceding year. Corn for the first time passes the 200 million bushel line in the calendar year's exportations. Oatmeal, in which the growth of our exportations has rapidly increased during the past few years, shows a total of 85 million pounds, an increase of more than 25 per cent. over last year. Wheat shows a round total of 150 million bushels, against 110 million bushels last year, and 85 million bushels in the preceding year, while the value exported in 1898 exceeds $130,000,000, against less than $100,000,000 in 1897, and less than $60,000,000 in 1896, being more than double those of 1896.

Great Britain is the farmer's largest foreign customer, despite the fact that our purchases from her in the past year have greatly decreased. Notwithstanding the fact that we have reduced our purchases from the United Kingdom nearly one-third during 1898, as compared with 1897, our sales to that country have increased more than $50,000,000, and for the full year will exceed $500,000,000. Of the more than 200,000,000 bushels of corn which the farmers have sent abroad during the year, over 75 million bushels have gone to the United Kingdom. Wheat exports to the United Kingdom increased nearly 20 per cent. and formed 50 per cent. of the total exports of wheat, while flour exports to the United Kingdom increased in a like proportion and formed more than 50 per cent. of the total exports of that article. Cotton exports to the United Kingdom have increased over 40 per cent. and those of provisions and other farm products likewise show a marked increase.

Germany has also increased her purchases from the United States, despite the frequently expressed belief of the existence of adverse desires and regulations in that country. Her purchases of corn from us in 1898 increased 20 per cent., and her purchases of wheat and flour from us have more than doubled as compared with 1897. Of cotton, our sales to Germany increased nearly 25 per cent. Oil cake and meal increased 50 per cent., while even in provisions there was also a marked increase, the sales of bacon increasing more than 30 per cent., and those of hams more than 100 per cent. Lard exports to Germany increased more than 40,000,000 pounds, while exports of fresh pork to Germany in 1898 are more than five times those of 1897 or 1896.

The following table shows the exports of agricultural products in each calendar year during the past decade, the figures for December, 1898, being estimated:

Calendar year.	Agricultural exports.
1888	$491,381,608
1889	599,507,055
1890	628,779,597
1891	730,069,702
1892	712,539,832
1893	619,135,633
1894	573,684,383
1895	545,715,881
1896	664,955,372
1897	730,323,514
1898*	850,000,000

* Estimated.

—American Economist.

Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment is no panacea, but is recommended for piles only. These it will cure. Price 50c. in bottles, tubes 75c. Wilkins & Co.

The Platte County Times presents the following suggestions which are worthy of consideration: "Remember, son, that the world is older than you are, by several years; that for thousands of years is has been so full of smarter and younger men than yourself that their feet stuck out of the dormer window; that when they died the old globe went wagging on, and not one in ten million went to the funeral or even heard of the death. Be as smart as you can, of course. Know as much as you can without blowing the packing out of your cylinder heads; shed the light of your wisdom abroad in the world, but don't dazzle people with it, and don't imagine a thing is so, simply because you say it is. Don't be too sorry for your father because he knows so much less than you do. The world has great need of young men, but no greater need than the young men have of it. Your clothes fit you better than your father's fit him; they cost more money, they are more stylish, your moustache is neater, the out of your hair is better, and you are prettier, oh, far prettier than 'pa.' But, young man, the old gentleman gets the biggest salary, and his homely rambling signature on the business end of a check will draw more money out of the bank in five minutes than you could get out with a ream of paper and a copper-plate signature in six months. Young men are useful and they are ornamental, and we love them, and we couldn't engineer a picnic successfully without them. But they are no novelties, son; oh, no, nothing of that kind. They have been here before. Don't be so modest as to shut yourself clear out; but dont be so fresh you will have to be put away in the cool to keep from spoiling. Don't be afraid that your merit will not be discovered. People all over the world are hunting for you, and if you are worth finding, they will find you. A diamond isn't so easily found as a quartz pebble. But people search for it more intently."

Joseph V. Quarles, a prominent lawyer of Milwaukee, was elected United States Senator on Tuesday, by the republican members of the Wisconsin legislature.

Can it be possible that this country has another Benedict Arnold. Woe unto him and his wealth if such there be. Treason never has and never will be tolerated in this country.

Israel, the legislative prodigal, isn't half a bad fellow, anyhow. But he ought to remember Bixby, during his tour.

FOR LA GRIPPE.

Thos. Whitfield & Co., 240 Wabash Ave, corner Jackson st., one of Chicago's oldest and most prominent druggists, recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for la grippe, as it not only gives a prompt and complete relief, but also counteracts any tendency of la grippe to result in pneumonia. For sale by L. P. Orth.

Real Estate Transfers.

Reported by I. W. Alter, bonded abstractor, Wayne, Nebraska.

J H Pingrey to Wm Mellor, w ½ 20 26-3	$3000 00
E D Mitchell to D C Main, nwd ½ sw ¼ 32 26 2	1000 00
C M Craven to R Craven, e ½ lot 3, block 7, B & B's add to Wayne	100 00
Wm Zutz to Wm Pfiel, nw ¼ 16 25 1	1808 00
W M Wright to O M Hurlbert, lot 18, T & W's add to Wayne	520 00
Frank Kruger et al to Hans Holm, w ½ se ¼ 26 25 2	1800 00
Henry C McCready to Sarah A McCready, part of 13-26-3, & outlot 7, C & B's add Wayne	150 00
Frances J & Geo P Artley to Geo B Bush, part nw ¼ ne ¼ 18 26 4, about 11 acres	3000 00
Catherine Chaffee to Mary E Jones, lots 4, 5, 6, block 10, college hill add to Wayne	110 00
Melissa Sweigert et al to W M Wright, sw ¼ 12-26 3	4900 00
Elizabeth Childs to Ella J L Wilbur, lot 15, blk 4, Wayne	1200 00
Rosa Kruger to G H Glaser, e 25 ft lot 2, blk 7, Winside	900 00
Omaha B Co to Rosa Kruger, e 25 ft lot 2, block 7, Winside	632 00
H P Shumway to Levi Ditz, s ½ nw ¼ 9 26 5	2500 00
Carl H Stearm to R D Merrill, lot 4, block 1, Carroll	200 00
O O Whited to Carl Stearm, lot 4, block 1, Carroll	1 00
Stella Cherry to Allen B Cherry lt 4, blk 8, B & P's ad Winside	100 00
J J Hayes to Lena Reichert, lot 7, block 4, Winside	400 00
M Titsworth to L C Titsworth, sw ¼ se ¼ & se ¼ se, 5, & ne ¼ nw ¼ & nw ¼ ne ¼, 8-25-3	1 00
Emily Chapman to Chas Fisher lots 1, 2, block 2, B & S's add to Wayne	200 00
State of Nebraska to S C McNight, section 16 27-3	4480 00
S B Russell to John C Bender, lot 7, block 5, B & P's add to Winside	2 500

HEART FAILURE

has often been styled the cause of death in persons who have long lingered in disease. The amazing work which the heart regularly performs would certainly pre-suppose its breaking down. The most active climber can raise himself 1000 feet in an hour, the best locomotive 4000 feet and the heart 20,000 feet. To preserve its energies in full glow and force, Pabst Malt Extract, The "Best" Tonic, will act as an effective and practical fuel. No steam without fire. No energy without food. No staying power without rich supplies of blood. The heart is the great engine of the body. Keep it going, steadily, easily, persistently, unto a ripe old age.

Philadelphia, Pa.
I have used your Malt Extract where a "Best" Tonic seemed to be indicated, and the results have proved quite satisfactory. Where a malt preparation is required, I shall not hesitate to suggest the use of your preparation.
THOS. SHRINER, M. D.

At all drug stores.

"THY WILL BE DONE."

There are tens of thousands of women submitting to conditions that involve daily martyrdom, a lingering, painful death, who press the thorn of suffering deeper into their hearts with the prayer "Thy Will be Done." To every such woman comes the message, you were made to live a healthy, happy life and to enjoy wifehood and motherhood by Him who "maketh the barren woman to keep house and become a joyful mother of children. You are being robbed of your birthright. Pleasure

and happiness correspond to the duties of wifehood and the responsibilities of motherhood, just as surely as sweet scents correspond to the sense of smelling, sweet sounds to the sense of hearing, sweet sights to the sense of seeing. It is God's will that you enjoy all the faculties and functions of the body, and if in any chamber of this great house of the body, pain sits as a guest it is not by right but by usurpation. The place belongs to joy not pain.

WHY DO WOMEN DO IT?

Why do they suffer and submit to suffering, accepting all their pain as a providential dispensation? It would seem to be because only about thirty women in every hundred are exempt from every form of female disorder, and the majority accept their condition as the rule, and the healthy condition of the minority as the exception. And this is a serious mistake. Health should be the rule, disease the exception, and however in the past women has had to endure suffering as the badge of her sex, such suffering has never been necessary since Dr. R. V. Pierce, consulting physician to the Invalid's Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y., has proven that out of every hundred cases of female disorders only three in each hundred failed to find a cure by using Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Thirty year's experience in the treatment of female disorders, a record of over 250,000 cases treated, three per cent. only of which failed of complete cure, enables Dr. Pierce to speak with the authority of a master specialist when he affirms that his "Favorite Prescription" will cure practically every case of female weakness, irregularity, displacement, ulceration, inflammation and every sympathetic result of such ailments. Remember that this cure means something vastly more than to merely stop the suffering.

THE MEANING OF "CURE"

is to be re-established in sound, substantial health, to have elasticity of body and be cheerful of spirits. To enjoy the cares of home as a recreation. No more the aching spine, the dull head, the sharp pain in the side, the specks before the eyes, the faintness, dizziness, nausea and exhaustion. But in their place a sound mind in a sound body—the ideal condition of perfect health.

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION

will do all this. It has done it in thousands of cases. It will do it in almost every case in which it is honestly tried. But if the "Favorite Prescription" does not fully realize the expectations of all those who use it, after a fair trial, Dr. Pierce invites the patient to write to him at the above address. There is no fee. Dr. Pierce stands behind his 'Prescription,' and in the small percentage of cases where some variation from the ordinary condition retards the action of the medicine, he is more than willing he is anxious to give to such cases the benefit of his thirty years of special study of woman's diseases, a period which includes the successful treatment of a quarter of a million cases. Write in perfect confidence as tens of thousands of others have done, knowing that every letter is sacredly private. There are questions that many women would like to ask, if they could speak as under the seal of confession. There are things easier to write about than to speak about. Dr. Pierce stands in the privileged relation of confessor to thousands of women who have confidence in his silence as in his skill.

Burlington Route

California Excursions

Leave Omaha 4:25 any Thursday afternoon—in a comfortable tourist sleeper—and you arrive at San Francisco the following Sunday; Los Angeles Monday.

No transfers—car runs right through. Experienced excursion manager in charge. $40 for a ticket. $5 for a berth.

For a folder giving full information, write

J. FRANCIS,
Gen'l Pass. Agent, Omaha, Nebr.

Business Directory and Railway Time Table.

H. G. LEISENRING,
Physician and Surgeon.
Wayne, Nebraska.
My office is over Maute's Shoe Store.

J. J. WILLIAMS,
Physician and Surgeon.
Wayne, Nebraska.
Office over the Wayne National Bank.

EDWARD S. BLAIR, M. D.
Wayne, Nebr.
Office over Orth's drug store.
Residence 1 block east of opera house.

MARK STRINGER & SON,
General Blacksmithing.
First-class repairing.
All Work Guaranteed. Wayne, Nebr.

ROE & FORTNER,
Wayne Meat Market.
First-class meats always on hand.
Also dealers in hides, furs and pelts.

N. I. JUHLIN,
Boots and Shoes.
The best repairing done.
Uses nothing but the best of Leather.

Rail Road Time Table

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS & OMAHA.

Trains Going East.	
Sioux City Passenger	7:15 a. m.
Black Hills Passenger	2:22 p. m.
Way Freight	7:25 a. m.
Trains Going West	
Overland Passenger	9:50 a. m.
Black Hills Passenger	5:00 p. m.
Way Freight	2:20 a. m.

BLOOMFIELD LINE.

	ARRIVES.	LEAVES.
Accommodation & Pass	7:05 a. m.	9:55 a. m.
" "	2:15 p. m.	5:00 p. m.

Sioux City accomodation connects at Emerson with Omaha passenger arriving at Omaha at 11:50 a. m.; connects at Sioux City with all east bound trains. Black Hills train east connects at Emerson with Omaha accomodation arriving at Omaha at 3:00 p. m.; connects at Sioux City with all trains east, west, north and south. Black Hills west connects at Norfolk with U. P. and trains south and west. Overland passenger west connects at Norfolk with U. P. accomodation for all points south and west. T. W. MOSER, Agt., Wayne, Neb.

THE CITIZENS' BANK.
INCORPORATED.
Capital and undivided Profits, $100,000
A. L. Tucker, President; E. D. Mitchell, Vice Pres't; D. C. Main, Cashier; Gilbert French, Ass't. Cashier.
Directors:—E. D. Mitchell; A. A. Welch; J. S. French; D. C. Main; G. E. French; A. L. Tucker; James Paul.
General Banking Business Done

B. F. FEATHER,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Land Loans and Insurance
Conveyancing a Speciality.
WAYNE, - - NEBRASKA.

L. S. WINSOR'S
BLACKSMITH!
HORSE SHOEING
A specialty, and all work guaranteed to be first-class.
WAYNE. NEBRASKA

I. W. ALTER,
Bonded Abstractor.
Insurance and Collections.
Office over State Bank. Wayne, Neb.

A. L. HOWSER,
REAL ESTATE.
County Surveyor. Notary Public.
Office at the Wayne Steam Laundry.

J. W. JONES, PRESIDENT. HENRY LEY, CASHIER.
C. A. CHACE, Vice-Pres.
THE STATE BANK OF WAYNE
Will Do a General Banking Business.
INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.
Capital Stock Paid In, $75,000.
Wayne. - Nebraska.

REOPENED!
The City Steam Laundry.
All work Guaranteed.
I have had a number of years experience and you will get the same or better service than at Sioux City.
Free Delivery.
Telephone 38.
Chet Howser, M'ngr.

E. P. Olmsted & Co.
HARDWARE.
FINEST LINE OF LAMPS IN WAYNE.

Sewing Machines
Guaranteed for 10 years.
Only $20.

Don't irritate your lungs with a stubborn cough when a pleasant and effective remedy may be found in Ballard's Horehound Syrup. Price 25 and 50c. Wilkins & Co.

Horrible agony is caused by piles, burns and skin diseases. These are immediately relieved and quickly cured by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Beware of worthless imitations. Orth.

A. A. WELCH
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
WAYNE, NEB.
Office over the Citizens' Bank.

W. F. NORRIS.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
WAYNE, NEBR.
Office over the Racket Store.

HUGH O'CONNELL'S
POOL and BILLARD
HALL.
In Boyd Building, south of hotel.

CITY MEAT MARKET!
J. H. GOLL, Proprietor.
Will Keep First-Class Meats Always on Hand.
WAYNE. - NEBR.

ELI JONES.
PALACE LIVERY STABLE
On Second Street one-half Block east of Main.
WAYNE. - - - NEBRASKA

CHAS. M. CRAVEN
Photographer
Cabinet Photos a Specialty.
Gallery over post office building

PHILLEO & SON,
Lumber, Coal, Implements!
See our stock of NEW
LUMBER, RED CEDAR SHINGLES & POSTS.
And get our prices before you buy.
Wayne, - - - Nebraska.

Schlitz Place!
HERMAN MILDNER, Prop.
Fine Wines And Liquors.
CELEBRATED SCHLITZ MILWAUKEE BEER.

CLEARING SALE
OF Ladies Coats,
AT Wilson Bros.
For Next 30 Days.
Every Garment in Stock must go at whatever price it will bring. The sale is now on; it is worth your while to attend if you have any thought of buying a Jacket. Selling is more of an object now than making a profit, or even avoiding a loss. We are bound to be rid of most of our Ladies Jackets before Christmas and will
Make Extremely Low Prices
To insure that result. Headquarters for CAPS, from 15 cents to $1.25. Don't forget that we are for both boys and men at
Boys Clothing at almost your own Price.
We also have Shoes and Arctics for Children, Ladies, Misses, Boys and Men. Come and see us if only to ask questions; we will be pleased to show you through our line.
WILSON BROS.

TALMAGE'S SERMON

In this discourse Dr. Talmage shows how it is possible to help others who are under the pressing load of fatigue and care and responsibility. The text is Galatians vi., 2, "Bear ye one another's burdens, and so fulfill the law of Christ."

Every man for himself! If there be room for only one more passenger in the lifeboat, get in yourself. If there be a burden to lift, you supervise while others shoulder it. You be the digit while others are the ciphers on the right hand side—nothing in themselves, but augmenting you. In opposition to that theory of selfishness Paul advances in my text the gospel theory, "Bear ye one another's burdens, and so fulfill the law of Christ."

Everybody has burdens. Sometimes they come down upon the shoulders, sometimes they come down upon the head, sometimes they come down upon the heart. Looking over any assembly, they all seem well and bright and easy, but each one has a burden to lift, and some of them have more than they can lift. Paul proposes to split up these burdens into fragments. You take part of mine, and I must take part of yours, and each one will take part of the others, and so we will fulfill the law of Christ.

Mrs. Appleton of Boston, the daughter of Daniel Webster, was dying after long illness. The great lawyer, after pleading an important case in the court room, on his way home stopped at the house of his daughter and went into her sick room. She said to him, "Father, why are you out in this cold weather without an overcoat?" The great lawyer went into the next room and was in a flood of tears, saying, "Dying herself, yet thinking only of me!" Oh, how much more beautiful is care for others than this everlasting taking care of ourselves. High up in the wall of the temple of Baalbec there are three stones, each weighing 1,100 tons. They were lifted by a style of machinery that is now among the lost arts. But in my text is the gospel machinery, by which the easter and the heaven tonnage of the world's burden is to be lifted from the crushed heart of the human race. What you find I most need to learn is the spirit of helpfulness.

Scatter Kind Words.

Encourage the merchant. If he have a superior style of goods, tell him so. If he has with his clerks adopted the show windows and the shelves, compliment his taste. If he have a good business locality, if he have had great success, if he have brilliant prospects for the future, recognize all this. Be not afraid that he will become arrogant and puffed up by your approval. Before night some shop going person will come in and tell him that his prices are exorbitant and that his goods are of an inferior quality and that his show window gave promise of far better things than he found inside. Before the night of the day in which you say encouraging words to that merchant there will be some crank, male or female, who will come into the store and depreciate everything and hack down enough goods from the shelves to fit out a family for a whole winter without buying a cent's worth. If the merchant be a grocer, there will be some one before night who will come into his establishment and taste of this and taste of that and taste of everything else, in this way stealing all the profits of anything that he may purchase—buying three apples while he is eating one orange!

Before the night of the day when you improve that merchant he will have a bad egg which he will have to erase, a bad bill made by some one who has moved away from the neighborhood without giving a hint of the place of destination. Before the night of the day when you have uttered encouraging words to the merchant there will be some woman who will return to his store and say she has lost her purse; she left it there in the store. She thinks it there, she did not take it away, she knows it is there, leaving you to make any delicate and complimentary intimation that you wish to make. Before night that merchant will hear that some style of goods of which he has a large supply is going out of fashion, and there will be some one who will come into the store and buy a bill under protest, saying he has paid it before, but the receipt has been lost. Now, encourage that merchant, not fearing that he will become arrogant or puffed up, for there will be before night enough unpleasant things said to keep him from becoming apoplectic with plethora of praise.

Encourage Your Neighbor.

Encourage newspaper men. If you knew how many annoyances they have, if you understood that their most elaborate article is sometimes flung out because there is such great pressure on the columns and that an accurate report of a speech is expected, although the utterance be so indistinct, the discourse is one long stenographic guess, and that the midnight which finds you asleep demands that they be awake and that they are sometimes ground between the wheels of our great brain manufactories, sickened at the often approach of men who want complimentary newspaper notices, or who want newspaper retraction; one day sent to report a burial, the next day to report a pugilistic encounter; shifted from place to place by sudden revolution which is liable to take place any day in our great journalistic establishments; precarious life becoming more and more problematic—if you understood it you would be more sympathetic. Be affable when you have not an axe to be sharpened on their grindstone. Discuss in your mind what the nineteenth century would be without the newspaper, and give encouraging words to all who are engaged in this interest, from the chief editorial department down to the boy that throws the morning or evening newspaper into your basement window.

Encourage mechanics. They will plumb the pipes, or they will calcimine the ceilings, or they will put down the carpets, or they will grain the doors, or they will fashion the wardrobe. Be not among those who never say anything to a mechanic except to find fault. If he has done a job well, tell him it is splendidly done. The book is well bound, the door is well grained, the chandelier is well swung, the work is grandly accomplished. Be not among those employers who never say anything to their employes except to swear at them. Do not be afraid you will make that mechanic so puffed up and arrogant he will never again want to be seen with working apron or in shirt sleeves, for before the night comes of that day when you notice him there will be a lawsuit brought against him because he did not finish his work as soon as he promised it, forgetful of the fact that his wife has been sick and two of his children have died of scarlet fever and he has had a felon on a finger of the right hand. Denounced perhaps because the paint is so very faint in color, not recognizing the fact that the mechanic himself has been cheated out of the right ingredients, and that he did not find out the trouble in time, or scolded at because he seems to have lamed a horse by unskillful shoeing when the horse has for months had spavin or ringbone or springhalt. You feel you have the right to find fault with a mechanic when he does ill. Do you ever praise a mechanic when he does well?

Be Sympathetic.

Encourage the farmers. They come into your stores, you meet them in the city markets, you often associate with them in the summer months. Office seekers go through the land, and they stand on political platforms, and they tell the farmers the story about the independent life of a farmer, giving flattery where they ought to give sympathy. Independent of what? I was brought up on a farm; I worked on a farm; I know all about it. I hardly saw a city until I was grown, and I tell you that there is no class of people in the country who have it harder and who more need your sympathy than farmers. Independent of what, of the curculio that stings the peach trees, of the rust in the wheat, of the long rain, with the rye down? Independent of the grasshopper, of the locust, of the army worm, of the potato bug? Independent of the drought that burns up the harvest? Independent of the cow with the hollow horn, or the sheep with the foot rot, or the pet horse with a nail in his hoof? Independent of the cold that freezes out the winter grain? Independent of the snow bank out of which he must shovel himself? Independent of the cold weather when he stands thrashing his benumbed fingers around his body to keep them from being frosted? Independent of the frozen ears and the frozen feet? Independent of what? Fancy farmers who have made their fortunes in the city and go out in the country to build houses with all the modern improvements and make farming a luxury may not need any solace, but the yeomanry who get their living out of the soil and who that way have to clothe their families and educate their children and pay their taxes and meet the interest on mortgaged farms, such men find a terrific struggle. I demand that office seekers and politicians fold up their gaseous and imbecile speeches about the independent life of a farmer and substitute some word of comfort drawn from the fact that they are free from city conventionalities and city epidemics and city temptations.

My most vivid remembrance of boyhood is of my father coming in on a very hot day from the harvesting field and seating himself on the doorsill because he was too faint to get into the house, the perspiration streaming from forehead and from chin, and my mother trying to resuscitate him with a cup of cold water which he was too faint to hold to his own lips, while saying to us: "Don't be frightened; there's nothing the matter. A little tired, that's all; a little tired." Ever since that day, when I hear people talking about the independent life of a farmer I see through the sham. Farmers want not your flatteries, but your sympathies.

Give Praise Where Due.

Encourage the doctors. You praise the doctor when he brings you up from an awful crisis of disease, but do you praise the doctor when, through skillful treatment of the incipient stages of disease, he keeps you from sinking down to the awful crisis? There is a great deal of cheap and heartless wit about doctors, but I notice that the people who get off that wit are the first to send for a doctor when there is anything the matter. There are those who undertake to say in our day that doctors are really useless. One man has written a book entitled, "Every Man His Own Doctor." That author ought to write one more book entitled, "Every Man His Own Undertaker." "Oh," says some one, "physicians in constant presence of pain get hard hearted!" Do they? The most celebrated surgeon of the last generation stood in a clinical department of one of the New York medical colleges, the students gathered in the amphitheater to see a very painful operation on a little child. The old surgeon said: "Gentlemen, excuse me if I retire. These surgeons can do this as well as I can, and as I get older it gives me more and more distress to see pain."

Physicians have so many hardships, so many interruptions, so many annoyances, I am glad they have so many encouragements. All doors open to them. They are welcome to mansion and to cot. Little children shout when they see them coming down the road, and the aged, recognizing the step, look up and say, "Doctor, is that you?" They stand between our families and the grave, fighting back the troops of disorder that come up from their encampment by the cold river. No one hears such thanks as the doctor hears. They are eyes to the blind, they are feet to the lame, their path is strewn with the benedictions of those whom they have befriended.

One day there was a fearful foreboding in our house. All hope was gone. The doctor came four times that day. The children put away their toys, and all walked on tiptoe and at the least sound said, "Hush!" How loudly the clock did tick, and how the banister creaked, though we tried to keep it so still! That night the doctor staid all night. He concentrated all his skill upon the sufferer. At last the restlessness of the sufferer subsided into a calm, sweet slumber, and the doctor looked up and smiled and said, "The crisis is past." When, propped up with pillows in the easy chair, she sat and the south wind tried to blow a rose leaf into the faded cheek, and the children brought flowers—the one a red clover top, the other a violet from the lawn—to the lap of the convalescent, and Bertha stood on a high chair with a brush smoothing her mother's hair, and we were told in a day or two she might ride out, joy came back to our house. And as we helped the old country doctor into his gig we noticed not that the step was broken, or the horse stiff in the knees, and we all realized for the first time in our life what doctors were worth. Encourage them.

Cheer the Downcast.

Encourage the lawyers. They are often cheated out of their fees, and so often have to breathe the villainous air of court rooms, and they so often have to bear ponderous responsibility, and they have to maintain against the sharks in their profession the dignity of that calling which was honored by the fact that the only man allowed to stand on Mount Sinai beside the Lord was Moses, the lawyer, and that the Bible speaks of Christ as the advocate. Encourage lawyers in their profession of transcendent importance—a profession honored by having on the bench a Chief Justice Story and at the bar a Rufus Choate.

Encourage the teachers in our public schools—occupation arduous and poorly compensated. In all the cities when there comes a fit of economy on the part of officials the first thing to do is always to cut down teachers' salaries. To take forty or fifty boys whose parents suppose them precocious and keep the parents from finding out their mistake, to take an empty head and fill it, to meet the expectation of parents who think their children at 15 years of age ought to be mathematicians and metaphysicians and rhetoricians, to work successfully that great stuffing machine the modern school system, is a very arduous work. Encourage them by the usefulness and the everlastingness and the magnitude of their occupation, and when your children do well compliment the instructor, praise the teacher, thank the educator.

Encourage all invalids by telling them how many you have known with the same ailments who got well and not by telling them of their sunken eye or asking them whether the color of their cheek is scaly ectic or mentioning cases in which that style of disease ended fatally or telling them how badly they look. Cheerful words are more soothing than chloral, more stimulating than cognac, more tonic than bitters. Many an invalid has recovered through the influence of cheerful surroundings.

Encourage all starting in life by your self becoming reminiscent. Established merchants, by telling these young merchants when you got your first customer, and how you sat behind the counter eating your luncheon, with one eye on the door. Established lawyers, encourage young lawyers by telling of the time when you broke down in your first speech. Established ministers of the gospel, encourage young ministers by merciful examination of theological candidates, not walking around with a profundity and overwhelmingness of manner as though you were one of the eternal decrees. Doctors established, by telling young doctors how you yourself once mistook the measles for scarlatina. And if you have nothing to say that is encouraging, O man, put your teeth tightly together and cover them with the curtain of your lips; compress your lips, and put your hand over your mouth and keep still.

Help the Needy.

A gentleman was passing along, crossing a bridge in Germany, and a lad came along with a cage of birds for sale. The stranger said, "How much for those birds and the cage?" The price was announced, the purchase was made, and the first thing the stranger did was to open the door of the cage, and the birds flew out into the sunlight and the forest. Some one who saw the purchase and the liberation said, "What did you do that for?" "Ah!" said the stranger, "I was a captive myself once, and I know how good it is to be free." Oh, ye who remember the hardships in early life, but have come beyond those hardships, sympathize with those who are in the struggle! Free yourself, help others to get free. Gov. Alexander Stephens persisted in having business matters brought to his bedside. There was on the table a petition for the pardon of a distinguished criminal, the petition signed by distinguished men. There was also on that table a letter from a poor woman in the penitentiary, written and signed by herself alone. Dying Alexander Stephens said: "You think that because I have been ill so many times and got well I shall get well now, but you are mistaken; I shall not recover. Where is that letter by that woman in the penitentiary? I think she has suffered enough. As near as I can tell she has no friends. Bring me that paper that I may sign her pardon." A gentleman standing by, thinking this too great a responsibility for the sick man, said: "Governor, you are very sick now. Perhaps you had better wait till to-morrow. You may feel stronger, and you may feel better." Then the eye of the old Governor flashed, and he said: "I know what I am about." Putting his signature to that pardon, he wrote the last word he ever wrote, for then the pen fell from his pale and rheumatic and dying hand forever. Oh, my soul, how beautiful that the closing hours of life should be spent in helping one who had no helper!

Encourage the troubled by thoughts of release and reassociation. Encourage the aged by thoughts of eternal juvenescence. Encourage the herdsman amid the troughs of sin to go back to the banquet at the father's homestead. Give us tones in the major key instead of the minor. Give us "Coronation" instead of "Nacmi." You have seen cars so arranged that one can going down the hill rolled another car up the hill. They nearly balanced each other. And every man that finds life up hill ought to be helped by those who have passed the heights and are descending to the vale. Oh, let us bear one another's burdens! If Christ bore our burden surely we can afford to bear each other's burdens.

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SHORT SERMONS.

His Truth.—In order that men may be brought to full, holy, spiritual life Jesus, as the embodiment of his truth, is necessary. The mind and heart of man are completely touched only when truth is brought to its personal relations in a perfect being.—Rev. A. A. Rice, Universalist, Los Angeles, Cal.

Work of the Church.—Because Christ taught the child was divine, the church founded schools, colleges and universities for educating its youth. Because man was made in God's image the church founded chairs of philosophy to study the laws of reason, imagination and conscience.—Rev. N. D. Hillis, Independent, Chicago, Ill.

The Daily Newspaper.—Despite its acknowledged defects, we ought to thank God for the daily newspaper. Nevertheless, let me entreat you to read discreetly and only the best. Cultivate the love of poetry. Cherish the products of genius and thus broaden the vision of your imagination.—Rev. George Adams, Methodist, Brooklyn, New York.

Marriage.—In the old canon of the church marriage is indissoluble, except in the case of unfaithfulness. The question now is to make the canon more stringent, but it must be passed by two conventions. I believe all States in the Union should have but one marriage law, even if it be not perfect.—Rev. H. E. Cook, Episcopalian, San Francisco, Cal.

Divorce.—The Jewish religion finds divorce permissible, even for trivial causes both in a moral and religious sense—for the Scriptures say, "If a wife find no more favor in the eyes of her husband, she may have a divorce." Yet there are fewer divorces among the Jews than in any other nation.—Rabbi M. S. Levy, Hebrew, San Francisco, Cal.

The History of Every Nation.—It is the history of every nation that it flourishes so long as it abides with God, but its prosperity declines when it deviates from the way of the Lord. You, who are representatives of a nation that has done so much for the Catholic Church can take up in this new world the religious traditions of the old.—Archbishop Riordan, R. C., San Francisco Cal.

By The Duchess.

CHAPTER XII.—(Continued.)

"You look distressed, tired. I believe you are fretting about this," says Lady Baltimore, with a little kindly bantering laugh. "Don't be a silly child. Nobody has said or thought anything that has not been kindly of you. Did you sleep last night? No, I can see you didn't. There, lie down and get a little rest before luncheon. I shall send you up a glass of champagne and a biscuit; don't refuse it."

She pulls down the blinds and goes softly out of the room to her boudoir, where she finds Beauclerk awaiting her.

He is lounging comfortably on a satin fauteuil, looking the very beau ideal of pleasant, careless life. He makes his sister a present of a beaming smile as she enters.

"Ah! good morning, Isabel; I am afraid we gave you rather a fright, but you see it couldn't be helped. What an evening and night it turned out! I thought the water works above were turned on for good at last and forever. We felt like the Babes in the Wood, abandoned, lost. Poor dear Miss Kavanagh! I felt so sorry for her. You have seen her, I hope," his face has now taken the correct lines of decorous concern, "she is not over-fatigued?"

"She looks tired, depressed," says Lady Baltimore, regarding him seriously. "I wish, Norman, you had come home last evening."

"What! and bring Miss Kavanagh through all that storm?"

"No, you could have left her at Falling. I wish you had come home."

"Why?" with an amused laugh. "Are you afraid I have compromised myself?"

"I was not thinking of you. I am more afraid," with a touch of cold displeasure, "of your having compromised Miss Kavanagh. There are such things as gossips in this curious world. You should have left Joyce in Mrs. Connolly's safe keeping and come straight back here."

"To be laid up with the rheumatism for the whole of the coming winter! Oh! most unnatural sister, what is it you would have desired of me?"

"You showed her great attention all this summer," says Lady Baltimore.

"I hope I showed a proper attention to all your guests."

"You were very specially attentive to her."

"To Miss Kavanagh, do you mean?" with a puzzled air. "Ah! well, yes. Perhaps I did give more of my time to her and to Miss Malliphant than to the others."

"Ah! Miss Malliphant! one can understand that," says his sister, with an intonation that is not entirely complimentary. "Can one? Here is one who can't, at all events." I confess I tried very hard to bring myself to the point there, but I failed. Nature was too strong for me. Good girl, you know, but—er—awful!"

"We are not discussing Miss Malliphant, we were talking of Joyce," icily.

"Ah, true!" as if just awakening to a delightful part. "And a far more charming subject for discussion, it must be allowed. Well, and what of Joyce—you call her Joyce?"

"Be human, Norman!" says Lady Baltimore, with a sudden suspicion of fire in her tone. "Forget to pose once in a way. And this time it is important. Let me hear the truth from you. She seems unhappy, uncertain, nervous. I like her. There is something real, genuine, about her. I would gladly think that— Do you know," she leans toward him, "I have sometimes thought you were in love with her."

"Have you? Do you know, so have I," with a frankness very admirable. "She is one of the most agreeable girls of my acquaintance. There is something very special about her. I'm not surprised that both you and I fell into a conclusion of that sort."

"Am I to understand by that——?"

"Just one thing. I am too poor to marry."

"The man who cannot afford to marry should not afford himself the pleasures of flirtations," says Lady Baltimore, with decision.

"No? Is that your final opinion? Isabel, what a brow! What a terrible glance! It," smiling, "you favor Baltimore with this style of thing whenever you disapprove of his smallest action, I don't wonder he gibes so often at the matrimonial collar. You advised me to think just now; think yourself, my good Isabel, now and then, and probably you will find life easier."

He is still smiling delightfully. He flings out this cruel gibe indeed in the most careless manner possible.

"Ah! forget me," says she, in a manner as careless as his own. If she had quivered beneath that thrust of his, at all events she has had strength enough to suppress all signs of it. "Think—not of her—I dare say she will outlive it—but of yourself."

"What would you have me do, then?" demands he, rising here and confronting her. There is a good deal of venom in his handsome face, but Lady Baltimore braves it.

"I would have you act as an honorable man," says she, in a clear, if icy, tone.

"You go pretty far, Isabel, very far, even for a sister," says he, presently, his face now white with rage. "I give you more now. Attend to your own affairs, which by all account require looking after, and let mine alone."

He is evidently furious. His sister makes a little gesture toward the door.

"Your taking it like this does not mend matters," she says, calmly, "it only makes them, if possible, worse. Leave me!"

CHAPTER XIII.

It is seven o'clock. Miss Kavanagh, on her way upstairs to dress for dinner, suddenly remembering that there is a book in the library left by her early in the afternoon on the central table, turns aside to fetch it.

She forgets, however, what she has come for when, having entered the room, she sees Dysart standing before the fire staring apparently at nothing. To her chagrin, she is conscious that the unmistakable start she made on seeing him is known to him.

"I didn't know you had returned," says she, awkwardly, yet made a courageous effort to appear as natural as usual.

"No, I knew you had," says he, slowly.

"It is very late to say good-morning," says she, with a poor little attempt at a laugh, but still advancing and holding out her hand.

"Too late?" replied he, ignoring the hand. Joyce, as if struck by some cruel blow, draws back a step or two.

"You are not tired, I hope?" says Dysart, courteously.

"Oh, no." She feels stifled, choked. A desire to get to the door and escape—lose sight of him forever—is the one strong longing that possesses her; but to move requires strength, and she feels that her limbs are trembling.

"It was a long drive, however. And the storm was severe. I fear you must have suffered in some way."

"I have not suffered," says she, in a dull, emotionless way.

"No?"

There is a considerable pause, and then:

"No! It is true! It is I only who have suffered," says Dysart, with an uncontrollable abandonment to the misery that is destroying him. "I alone."

"You mean something," says Joyce. It is by a terrible effort that she speaks. She feels thoroughly unnerved—unstrung. Conscious that the nervous shaking of her hands will betray her, she clasps them behind her tightly. "You meant something just now when you refused to take my hand. But what? What?"

"You said it was too late," replies he. "And I agreed with you."

"That was not it!" says she, feverishly. "There was more—much more! Tell me"—passionately—"what you meant. Why would you not touch me? What am I to understand——?"

"That from henceforth you are free from the persecution of my love," says Dysart, deliberately. "I was mad ever to hope that you could care for me—still—I did hope. That has been my undoing. But now—"

"Well?" demands she, faintly. Her whole being seems stunned. Something of all this she has anticipated, but the reality is far worse than any anticipation had been. She had seen him in her thoughts, angry, indignant, miserable, but that he should thus coldly set her aside—bid her an everlasting adieu—make up his mind deliberately to forget her—this had never occurred to her as being even probable.

"Now you are to understand that the idiotic farce played between us two the day before yesterday is at an end. The curtain is down. It is over. It was a failure—neither you nor I nor the public will ever hear of it again."

"Is this—because I did not come home last evening in the rain and storm?" Some small spark of courage has come back to her now. She lifts her head and looks at him.

"Oh! be honest with me here—in our last hour together!" cries he, vehemently. "You have cheated me all through; be true to yourself for once. Why pretend it is my fault that we part? Yesterday I implored you not to go for that drive with him, and yet—you went. What was I—or my love for you—in comparison with a few hours' drive with that scoundrel?"

"It was only the drive I thought of," says she, piteously. "I—there was nothing else, indeed. And you; if"—raising her hand to her throat—"if you had not spoken so roughly—so—"

"Pshaw!" says Dysart, turning from her as if disgusted. To him, in his present furious mood, her grief, her fear, her shrinkings, are all so many movements in the game of coquette, at which she is a past mistress. "Will you think me a fool to the end?" says he. "See here," turning his angry eyes to hers. "I don't care what you say. I know you now. Too late, indeed—but still I know you! To the very core you are one mass of deceit."

She holds out her hands to him in a little dumb fashion. Her tongue seems frozen. But he repulses this last attempt at reconciliation.

"It is no good. None! I have no belief in you left, so you can no longer cajole me. I know that I am nothing to you. Nothing! If," drawing a deep breath through his closed teeth, "if a thousand years were to go by I should still be nothing to you if he were near. I give it up. The battle was too strong for me. I am defeated, lost, ruined."

"He has so arranged it," says she, in a low tone, singularly clear. The violence of his agitation had subdued hers, and rendered her comparatively calm.

"You must permit me to contradict you. The arrangement is all your own."

"Was it so great a crime to stay last night at Falling?"

"There is no crime anywhere. That you should have made a decision between two men is not a crime."

"No! I acknowledge I made a decision—but——"

"When did you make it?"

"Last evening; and though you——"

"Oh! no excuses," says he, with a frown. "Do you think I desire them?" He hesitates for a minute or so, and now turns to her abruptly. "Are you engaged to him finally?"

"No."

"No!" In accents suggestive of surprise so intense as to almost enlarge into disbelief. "You refused him, then?"

"No," says she, again. Her heart seems to die within her. Oh, the sense of shame that overpowers her. A sudden wild, terrible hatred of Beauclerk takes her into possession. Why, why, had he not given her the choice of saying yes, instead of no, to that last question?

"You mean—that he——" He stops dead short as if not knowing how to proceed. Then, suddenly, his wrath breaks forth. "And for that scoundrel, that fellow without a heart, you have sacrificed the best of you—your own heart! For him, whose word is as light as his oath, you have flung behind you a love that would have surrounded you to your dying day. Good heavens! What are women made of? But—I ask you—" He sobers himself at once, as if smitten by some sharp remembrance, and, pale with shame and remorse, looks at her. "Of course," says he, "it is only one heart-broken, as I am, who would have dared thus to address you. And it is plain to me now that there are reasons why he should not have spoken before this. For one thing, you were alone with him; for another, you are tired, exhausted. No doubt to-morrow he——"

"How dare you?" says she, in a voice that startles him, a very low voice, but vibrating with outraged pride. "How dare you thus insult me? You—you dare to think—to think—that because—last night—he and I were kept from our home by the storm——" She pauses; that old, first odd sensation of choking now again oppresses her. She lays her hand upon the back of a chair near her, and presses heavily upon it. "You think I have disgraced myself," the words coming in a little gasp from her parched lips. "That is why you speak of things being at an end between us. Oh——"

"You wrong me there," says the young man, who has grown ghastly. "Whatever I may have said, I——"

"You meant it!" says she. She draws herself up to the full height of her young, slender figure, and, turning abruptly, moves toward the door. "You are a coward!" she says, in a slow, distinct tone alive with scorn. "A coward!"

CHAPTER XIV.

Three months have come and gone, and winter is upon us. It is close on Christmastide indeed. Mr. Monkton has received a letter from his mother inviting her daughter-in-law and the children as well as Joyce and himself to occupy a house in Harley street, London, for the winter. This tardy invitation, after eight years since their unacknowledged marriage, Barbara feels much inclined to refuse, but after a great deal of argument on the part of her husband and lots of coaxing from Joyce she finally consents to undergo the ordeal which she knows is before her.

Two weeks later sees them settled in town, in the Harley street house, that seems enormous and unfriendly to Mrs. Monkton, but delightful to Joyce and the children, who wander from room to room, and under her guidance, pretend to find bears and lions and bogies in every corner.

The meeting between Barbara and Lady Monkton had not been satisfactory. There had been very little said on either side, but the chill that lay on the whole interview had never thawed for a moment.

Barbara had been stiff and cold, if entirely polite, but not at all the Barbara to whom her husband had been up to this accustomed. He did not blame her for the change of front under the circumstances, but he could hardly fail to regret it, and it puzzled him a great deal to know how she did it.

Lady Monkton had been stiff, too; unpardonably so—as it was certainly her place to make amends—to soften and smooth down the preliminary embarrassment. But then she had never been famed for suavity of any sort; and an old aunt of Monkton's, a sister of hers, had been present during the interview, and had helped considerably to keep up the frigidity of the atmosphere.

She was not a bad old woman at heart, this aunt. She had indeed from time to time given up all her own small patrimony to help her sister to get the eldest son out of his many disreputable difficulties. She had done this partly for the sake of the good old family names on both sides, and partly because the younger George Monkton was very dear to her.

She disliked Frederick, not only intensely, but with an openness that had its disadvantages—not for any greater reason than that he had behaved himself so far in his journey through life more creditably than his brother. She had always made a point against him of his unfruitful marriage, and never failed to add fuel to the fire of his father's and mother's resentment about it whenever that fire seemed to burn low.

(To be continued.)

WHERE COOLNESS COUNTED.

Terrible Strain on Admiral Dewey and Lieut. Calkins in Manila Fight.

Lieutenant B. A. Fiske, U. S. N., of the Petrel, writes an article for the Century on "Why We Won at Manila." Lieutenant Fiske says: The decisive moment was approaching, and it was approaching in a very ticklish manner; for it must not be forgotten that the American fleet was in a harbor in which not a single officer had ever been before, and with which their acquaintance had been acquired wholly from charts. Now, navigating an unknown harbor by chart is ticklish work, even on a bright afternoon, when no one is firing heavy guns, and when there is no necessity for going near shoals. But how is it when the light is so poor that it is almost impossible to distinguish those landmarks on shore which one must distinguish in order to tell where he is? How is it when the ship whereon you are is firing heavy guns, that rattle your instruments and fill the air with smoke? How is it when it is absolutely essential to get as near to certain shoals as possible, in order to bring your guns close to the enemy? How is it when, in addition to all these things, shells weighing from one pound to one hundred pounds are singing in the air about you? Most of us can keep our heads fairly clear if we have a sheet of paper and a lead-pencil, and are sitting safe in a quiet room.

But how was it with Commodore Dewey and Lieutenant Calkins when they stood high up by the standard compass on the morning of the 1st of May? Calkins took compass bearings of certain landmarks on shore, and then his assistant drew lines on the chart, indicating these directions, from the spots representing those landmarks. The intersection of the lines showed the position of the ship; and from each successive position the commodore directed the further movements of the fleet. When one thinks of how much disaster might have followed a mistake of Calkins, or a mistaken order of the commodore relative to the course *alone* (and he had, at the same time, to give orders to the ships about many other matters), one can appreciate what the responsibilities of their positions were, and what was the necessity for coolness and clearness of head.

It may be interpolated here that, in circumstances like this, the most valuable quality in officers or seamen is coolness, meaning not so much an external quietness of demeanor as the ability to use the brain effectively, and, allied to this, the faculty of keeping other men cool. In most navies the men can be depended on to fight bravely and long; but the ability to use the ships and guns in such a skillful way as to get the utmost out of them is a thing that can be acquired only by long and judicious training. This does not mean merely drill, though that does much; but it means, in addition, a self-training whereby, by force of will, a man can keep his brain clear and active. A valuable assistant to this is what Captain Mahan calls "preparedness of mind"—a phrase too good to need explanation.

Art and Microbes.

"Dandthick burned up all his water-color paintings."

"Why?"

"Couldn't sell them because the water hadn't been boiled."

The total amount of money coined by all the Queen of England's predecessors on the throne was $1,025,000,000. During the present reign the mint has turned out $2,250,000,000, including $790,000,000 in India—a record for all time.

IMAGES IN DEAD EYES.

Scientific Experiments Give Rise to Absurd Stories.

The popular notion that the eyes of the dead sometimes retain images of the objects on which they have been accustomed to rest has been frequently given to the public in the shape of a special. The following is from the London Lancet:

"Under the title of 'In Dead Eyes' an evening contemporary recently published a statement which carries the impression with it. It is to the effect that a physician and entomologist, being desirous of testing the amount of truth in the theory that dead eyes retain complete images, had caused it to be examined the eyes of hundreds of dead people, and, though he had never seen anything like a distinct picture, he discovered he had certainly distinctly recognized both letters and objects on the iris of the eye, and that when the photographic test was applied these images became visible. In one case a capital letter of a peculiar form was shown which could be traced to a testament held in the hands shortly before death. In another case a numeral was distinctly pictured, which was traced to a clock face in the room. The article in question continues: 'The chief scientific papers of France only the other day gave full particulars of a case where a woman who died in one of the hospitals had two numbers, 10 and 45, mirrored in the iris of her eyes.'

"These absurd stories originate in the well-known experiments of Kuhne on the visual purple of the retina, in the course of which he showed that by making special arrangements the cross bars of a window focused on the retina could be brought into relief. The enthusiastic photographer, if he be not misquoted, ought to have known that no well-defined images of the external world are cast upon the iris and none, therefore, could be preserved. The surface of the iris is far too uneven to act as a mirror. Moreover, as no arrangements were made to prevent the further action of light after death, they would, if formed, be certainly obliterated as the image on a photographic plate would be if permanently exposed. The only mode in which an image impressed on the retina could be rendered visible would be to adopt the method of Kuhne, namely, by exposing the eye previously kept in the dark for a minute or two to an illuminated object, then extirpating it, opening it, and immediately plunging it into a solution of alum. The image develops in the course of twenty-four hours."—Literary Digest.

No Shooting Allowed.

Thanks to wise and stringent regulations, no shooting is allowed within the boundaries of the Yellowstone National Park. The result, says an English tourist, is charming. Hundreds of little chipmunks, with their gaudy striped backs, scampered impudently about or peered at the passing coach from the roadside. The squirrel did not bolt for the nearest tree, but nodded a welcome. All bird life treated us likewise. Even the lordly eagle hovered near, and the wild turkey stalked unconcernedly through the rank grass. We were fortunate enough to see a fine specimen of the wolf tribe. He stood, a beautiful creature, and watched us out of sight, showing only curiosity, not fear. Another time we perceived a doe and fawn grazing by the road. Not until we were within a few feet did they seek the shelter of the woods, yet not to fly. They simply moved aside. Here, at least, man was regarded as a friend—one who could be trusted. The only animal who ran away was a brown bear. He turned tail at the sight of a coaching party, yet it was quite a common thing for bears to approach close to the hotels at evening to feed on the refuse thrown out. It was an after-dinner relaxation for the guests to watch them feeding. They munched and disputed the choicest morsels for the most part indifferent to the company. Only when we became inquisitive and approached too near did they retire and these animals were perfectly free and unfettered in their movements. It may read like a fairy tale, but it is solid fact.

Anticipating the Empress.

The salient point to note in the following story, now creating much amusement in the Old World, is the striking resemblance Germany's Kaiser bears to less illustrious husbands in his quickness to explain, excuse and make amends for a shortcoming before his wife has a chance to question him about it.

Not long before he started on his journey to the Holy Land he paid an unexpected morning visit to the Austrian ambassador, Herr von Szogyeny-Marich, and after seating himself comfortably in an armchair, his majesty said:

"Come and have a chat."

The conversation which followed was most entertaining, and when the Emperor thought of the time, he suddenly jumped up, looked at his watch, and exclaimed:

"I didn't know it was so late! Have you a telephone? I must say good-by to the Empress, as I have only just time to catch the train for the maneuvers."

The ambassador offered to do the telephoning, but the Emperor insisted upon doing the ringing and the helloing himself. Then, speaking to the Empress, he said:

"Don't be angry, dear. I chatted too long with Szogyeny, and must drive direct to the station, so I cannot give you my parting kiss, for which I am sorry. Good-by, dear."

Women Workers.

There are in Germany no less than 2,000 women marble workers, 370 feminine blacksmiths, 300 petticoated masons, 147 female tinners, besides 50 roadmakers, 53 slaters, 19 clockmakers, 7 armorers, all of the gentler sex, also 3 lady chimney sweepers, and a number of quarrywomen and female workers in sewers.

Pay-Rolls of Columbus' Crews.

The bills of payment of the crews who composed the caravels of Christopher Columbus on his expedition for the discovery of America were recently discovered in the archives of the Spanish navy.

After the Grip

Thousands of people say **Hood's Sarsaparilla** quickly restores the appetite, regulates the heart, vitalizes the blood, cures those sharp pains, dizziness, heavy head, that tired feeling. Hood's Sarsaparilla has marvelous power to expel all poisonous disease germs from the blood, and overcome the extreme weakness which is one of the peculiar effects of the grip. Get only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

America's Greatest Medicine for the Grip.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

Wheat! Wheat! Wheat!

160 ACRE FARMS IN THE WESTERN CANADA FREE

"Nothing but wheat as far as the eye could reach on either side—what you might call a sea of wheat"—which was the lecturer, speaking of Western Canada, said while referring to that country.

For particulars as to routes, railway fares, etc., apply to N. Bartholomew, 306 5th Street, Des Moines, Iowa, Agent for the Dominion of Canada.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

Value of Columbus' Autograph.

A French autograph collector says that the signature of Christopher Columbus can always find a buyer at $800.

Something Very Soothing.

There is something very soothing in the use of St. Jacobs Oil for the cure of Neuralgia. It soothes the pain, while it strengthens and restores the weak nerves to a natural condition. It is prompt and sure.

Unlettered Women in India.

It is said that out of 150,000,000 women in India not more than 1,000,000 can read.

Oats—21 1-2 Inches Long.

The marvel—what will 500,000 such long heads per acre weigh? 15,536 lbs.—480 Bushels! Such a yield says bib!

Cut this notice out and send 10 cents postage to JOHN A. SALZER SEED COMPANY, LA CROSSE, WIS., and get their great catalogue and 10 Farm Seed Samples free; including Brome Inermis, the greatest grass on earth, Potatoes $7.29 a Bbl. (c. n.)

Nearly all the cotton raised in Egypt is sent to England. Factories do not flourish there on account of the dust and the excessively dry air.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

The amount of gold coin in actual circulation in the world is estimated by the Bank of England officials to be about 865 tons.

Use Soap in the laundry every week. Try Diamond "C" Soap next week.

In China doctors are employed by the year. Their salary varies from a halfpenny to sixpence a day for each family.

He Knew.

Missionary Uncle—Has mamma ever told you where you will go if you are a good boy?

Willie—Sure! she's goin' to take me to see Dewey—when he comes home.—Judge.

Reward of $20,000 Offered.

A wealthy lady lost a satchel containing jewels worth $150,000, and offered a reward of $40,000. The loss of health is far more serious, and yet it can easily be recovered. A little money invested in Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will restore strength, purify the blood, regulate the bowels and help the stomach to properly digest food.

High Pressure Water.

So penetrating is water at high pressure that only special qualities of cast iron will withstand it.

Delegates representing a number of neighboring farmers in Clay County, Minnesota, who visited the Edmonton district of Western Canada last summer are evidently very well satisfied with the result of their trip. They think so well of the country that in addition to the privilege of obtaining a free homestead of 160 acres of land they have also purchased land. In a recent interview on the subject Messrs. C. E. and A. Hughes of Barnesville, Clay Co., say:

"We are well pleased with Western Canada. It is far ahead of what we expected. We find the climate to be warmer than we expected. As for the crops we have never seen anything that can compete with them. We have lived in Minnesota and have farmed some of what they count the best lands in the Red River Valley for ten years and have done very well in that part of the country, and have farms there at present free of all encumbrance, but believe that this country (Western Canada) is so much better that we have bought from the Canadian Pacific Railway Company one section of land northeast of Edmonton in the Beaver Hill district. We have traveled through that part of the country and have seen the grain in the granaries and the amount of land that it was taken off and find that they have grown as much as fifty bushels and over to the acre, and they say that this has not been a good year, and very little, if any, grain has been touched by the frost. Hay seems to be plentiful, and if you wish to put up log buildings you can get the logs within a few miles. Coal can be had at the mines for 75 cents per ton, or you can dig it yourself. Nearly all kinds of garden truck can be grown in abundance. We find everything that can be grown in good demand. The farmers tell us that they can get four and a half live weight per hundred for hogs, and for three-year-old steers from fifty to sixty dollars per head, providing they are good. We will move into that part of the country next summer. All the people in that part of the country seem satisfied, and we do not see any reason why they should not be so."

The Messrs. Hughes also stated that they would be very glad to afford anyone desiring particulars about the country they had visited the fullest information, on receiving inquiries at Barnesville, Clay County, before the 1st of June next, when, it is understood, they propose to return to the Edmonton district.

Killed in Spanish Bull-Fights.

The average number of horses killed in Spanish bull-fights every year exceeds 5,000, while from 1,000 to 1,200 bulls are sacrificed.

It is said that every thread of a spider's web is made up of about 5,000 separate fibers. If a pound of this thread were required it would occupy 28,000 spiders a full year to furnish it.

All fabrics are left in the most desirable condition after washing with Diamond "C" Soap.

Salad oil is not oil of salads, but oil for cleaning sallets or salades—i. e., helmets.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

The largest sewing machine in the world is in operation in Leeds, England. It weighs 6,500 pounds and sews cotton belting.

Mrs. Winslow's soothing syrup for children teething softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

WANTED.—Case of bad health that Pi-P-A-N-S will not benefit. Send 5 cents to Pipans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials.

Tuberose is no rose, but the tuberous pollanthes (Pollanthes tuberosa).

HEALTHY MATERNITY.

Two Grateful Women Tell of the Help They Have Received From Mrs. Pinkham.

The climax of life forces in woman is capable motherhood.

The first requisite for a good mother is good health.

Health of body means health of the generative organs.

Read what Mrs. G. A. NONNAMAKER, Bluffton, Ohio, says about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and how well it prepared her for maternity:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I must say a word in praise of your Vegetable Compound. I used three bottles of it when I was pregnant, and labor was not nearly as long as it was with my other babies, and my baby is so healthy to what the others were. I think every woman should use your Compound when pregnant, it will save them so much suffering and misery. I cannot say enough in praise of it. If ever I need medicine again, I shall use your Compound."

"The most successful tonic known to medicine for women approaching maternity is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It is a safeguard for every woman who uses it, and the fullest benefit comes from its use with Mrs. Pinkham's advice freely offered to all woman. Her address is Lynn, Mass.

Here is a convincing statement bearing directly on this subject, from Mrs. E. BISHOP, of 1848 Pacific St., Brooklyn, N. Y.:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I am a great believer in your Compound. I was almost despairing of ever again being well, as I was a great sufferer and had been for years. I suffered from womb trouble, and had terrible blind fits. After writing to you I tried your Compound. The result was astonishing. I have used it and advocated it ever since. In childbirth it is a perfect boon. I have often said that I should like to have its merits thrown on the sky with a search-light, so that all women would read and be convinced that there is a remedy for their sufferings."

A Million Women have been Benefited by Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Medicine

A Changed Man.

THEY were standing before a perfumery shop in Bond street as I passed them—two young ladies of manifestly good society, so refined was their appearance and so perfectly correct their tenure. I could not help half turning, and who should they be but that archiease of a cousin of mine, Sybil Vane, and her bosom friend, Gwen O'Hara. It was Sybil that had spoken, and she said:

"Fancy that little fool throwing herself away on a man like that when she knows he only wants her for her money."

"What little fool and what man?" I asked, as I raised my hat by way of apology for the intrusion.

"Oh, you men! You never know anything," said Sibyl, when she had recovered from the shock my question had evidently occasioned.

"Then tell me," I rejoined. "You never have any secrets from me, you know—at least, not for long."

"Why, Honor Beaumont and Capt. Faulkiner, to be sure!"

"Are they engaged to be married?"

"Of course they are, and he hasn't a penny, while she has almi—l—ion."

"Well, he's a very handsome fellow, and she is—passable."

"They say he cheated at cards, that he's in everybody's debt, and is nothing short of a mere adventurer. And yet Honor Beaumont has accepted him! I say it's really too bad of her."

I had known Faulkiner for some years, and I am bound to say I had very little to urge in his defense. He had never been actually caught in any nefarious proceeding, but it was known that he had run through most of his friends, and that he was wonderfully lucky at faro, and that he was anxiously looking for an heiress.

The wedding took place, and about four months afterward Captain and Mrs. Faulkiner were back in town, apparently the happiest people to be found in all Belgravia.

As for Faulkiner, he seemed completely changed. He was a manly fellow about him that one never noticed before; his eyes wore a frank expression that was truly refreshing to see. He was clearly devoted to his wife, and they seemed to perfectly understand and trust each other. What could it mean?

Gradually I got to really like Faulkiner. He made a splendid host, was a pattern of the domestic virtues, and impressed one as being the soul of honor. Our acquaintance finally ripened into a close friendship, and the intimacy developed until at length I found myself—how I know not—on terms of real confidence with the man whom, only a few months before, I had been inclined to look upon very much in the light in which he was regarded by my cousin Sybil.

One evening he expounded the mystery.

"Shall I tell you the story of our courtship, Jack?" he asked.

"As you will, my dear fellow," I replied, "if it isn't too sacred a subject for a third party."

"That's just it—it is a sacred subject, so you will see."

He lit his cigar and proceeded:

"All that the world thought and said of me before I was married was true, and more than true. I was a regular rake. And it is true also that in proposing to Miss Beaumont I was actuated by the most mercenary motives, and those alone.

"All that I wanted was her money—her money, Jack—do you hear me? The world said so, and the world was perfectly right. I had plans as to what I would do with it. My chief anxiety was to prevent her getting any inkling of the truth, and so I never ceased to lavish constant attendance on her, and especially to withdraw her as far as possible from her lady friends. All went well until one evening at the Millers' ball she took me to one side, saying:

"'Fritz' (she always called me Fritz rather than Frank), I want to speak to you.'

"'What is it, darling?'

"'You are not to call me darling any more till this matter is cleared up.'

"'What matter, dear?'

"'Just this: People are saying that you are marrying me merely for my money. Is that so?'

"'Of course not. I love you for yourself.'

"'Stop, stop! I am going to put you to the proof. You know my solicitors—Messrs. Hopkins & Digby, in Lincoln's Inn?'

"'Yes.'

"'Well, meet me there to-morrow at noon sharp. And now, good-night.'

"WHAT LITTLE FOOL, AND WHAT MAN?" I ASKED.

"In a moment she was gone. I passed a sleepless night, and with great difficulty nerved myself in the morning to keep the mysterious appointment.

"Old Dicey—I call him that because he is now one of my dearest friends—received me coldly.

"'I have been favored, Capt. Faulkiner,' he said, 'with some very extraordinary instructions from my client—your fiancee—Miss Beaumont. I must entirely disclaim all responsibility in the matter. I have simply given effect to Miss Beaumont's wishes, and the final issue of them must rest entirely with yourself. If you please, we will go to the adjoining room, where Miss Beaumont awaits us.'

"We found her seated near a window. She did not rise, but simply bowed, and I saw that her face was pale, and that it wore an expression of apparent enforced calm.

"'Fritz, I told you last night that people are saying that you are marrying me merely for my money. It matters little to me now whether they speak the truth or not. If they do, then, whether or not you become my husband, is the light gone out of my life indeed. You know, Fritz, how I love you! If you can have done this cruel thing nothing can undo it now. If you have designed to beggar me, under the pretext of affection, husband or no husband, fortune or no fortune, can make no difference to me. But it shall never be said that you actually did marry me

"I CLASPED HER IN MY ARMS AND WE WEPT TOGETHER."

for my money, and so, Fritz, I have asked Mr. Dicey to draw up a deed which—which——' And here the poor darling broke down completely and could say no more.

"'The deed, Capt. Faulkiner,' said Mr. Dicey, with frigid solemnity, 'is an uncommon one; I know, indeed, of no precedent. But it relates that, in consideration of Capt. Francis Arthur Faulkiner, of the Second Life Guards, releasing Miss Honor Beaumont, of Hartsfield House, Hertsfordshire, from her engagement to marry him, the said Miss Honor Beaumont herewith makes over to the said Capt. Francis Arthur Faulkiner all her real and personal property, as scheduled herewith, safe and except the residence known as The Grove, Isleworth, in the county of Middlesex, and as much of her Midland Railway debenture stock as will suffice to provide an annuity of $1,500 a year.'

"I turned half mechanically to Honor. She was still calm and pale, but her eyes were brimful of tears.

"'It is impossible!' I exclaimed. And just at that moment something seemed to struggle within me, for out of the depths of my sinful heart there came welling the tiny, feeble remnant of the little good it ever held.

"'I felt as if I could give not only love but life to that noble woman who had proposed to herself this mad, this fearful sacrifice in order to put to proof the sincerity of the man she loved. Disregarding the presence of the man of law, I clasped her in my arms, and we—yes, Jack, we wept together.

"'I treasure now that sacred parchment which awakened to new life the little good that was left in me—which aroused the deadened sense of unselfish love and gave me riches greater far than my villainy had ever dreamed of. Do you wonder, Jack, that I am a changed man?'

And that was the sequel of the conversation in Bond street.

An Inch from Death.

A correspondent of the Detroit Free Press relates a peculiar experience which happened to a friend of his during a stay in Burma.

We were sitting on the veranda of our bungalow one evening, enjoying our after-dinner cheroot. Finally my friend arose and sauntered into his bedroom.

Usually lights were placed in all the bedrooms, but this evening, for some reason—probably the moonlight—the servant had not performed his duties. I could hear my friend fumbling about on his dressing-table, and then suddenly he gave a cry of horror and rushed out to the light.

"I have been struck by a snake," he gasped, and his face was deadly pale.

"Where is it? Quick! Show me!" I exclaimed, as I whipped out a knife.

He held out his right arm. There was no mark on the hand, which I examined critically, but on the cuff of the shirt were two tiny scratch-like punctures, and two little globules of poison sinking into the starched linen and leaving a sickly, greenish-yellow mark.

"You've had a close call, old man," I exclaimed, with a sigh of relief; "and now let us settle the snake."

We found him coiled up on a small mirror, which lay on the table, and an ugly-looking reptile he was, too, ready to strike again.

He was a very poisonous snake, known as the Debose Russelli, but after my friend had done with him it would have been difficult for any naturalist to have placed him in his proper genus.

When a man concludes he is too smart to work, he comes to the conclusion that has made more thieves than any other one thing on earth.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

ASTHMA

POPHAM'S ASTHMA SPECIFIC

Gives relief in FIVE minutes. Send for a FREE trial package. Sold by Druggists. One Box sent postpaid on receipt of $1.00. Six boxes $5.00. Address THOS. POPHAM, PHILA., PA.

The Greatest of Gifts.

A young man lately went West, as so many do, to seek his fortune in the gold and silver districts. Thousands were dreaming of the gold and silver veins and of the wealth of Monte Cristo or of Crœsus. But this fellow, after looking about him, took a cool survey of the food possibilities of this country for one year. And he discovered that the market would be short on that homely vegetable, onions. So he set to work and bought up onions. In fact, he cornered onions. And in less than two years he had made a fortune of over two millions of dollars. Yet there are people who persist in talking about "luck," and who like to see the new moon over the right shoulder. It is not the opportunity which counts, but the man or the woman.

A fine-grained wit recently called life a "sucked orange." So it is for those who wait for something to turn up. The thing is to go out and turn something up, not to think that life owes us a living, but to think that we owe life a living, the best living we are capable of. How unresponsive, unsuggestive, dead, a mind must be which could call life a "sucked orange"! life, the greatest of gifts, the one thing which is itself one vast opportunity.—Lippincott's.

SEND TWENTY-FIVE CENTS

To Swanson Rheumatic Cure Co., 167 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

And they will send you by return mail a sample bottle of their wonderful remedy "5 DROPS," which in the short space of three years has proven itself to be the greatest and most effective remedy in the world for curing those terrible diseases, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Asthma, Catarrh and all similar affliction, while for La Grippe, which is carrying off so many of our good citizens at the present time, it has been found to be a positive cure as well as a preventive, and moreover it prevents the after effects of this dread disease, which in most cases leaves some chronic complaint behind it. Reports of the almost miraculous cures by this powerful yet harmless remedy are coming in to their office in almost constant stream from the North, South, East and West. It is good alike for young and old and performs its wonderful cures in every climate. Catarrh in its worst form can now be quickly relieved and positively eradicated in a short time by the most simple treatment possible. "5 DROPS" does not in any way interfere with the ordinary duties of life. The dose is small but the effect is sure. Not only is "5 DROPS" the greatest household remedy ever known, but it is also the cheapest. A dollar bottle contains 300 doses, and this will be sent by express prepaid to anyone sending $1.00. The above offer is an opportunity which should be taken advantage of by every sufferer.

A Mean Man.

The tea things had been cleared away and the head of the establishment was trying to read the evening paper while his better half busied herself with some fancy work, and at the same time endeavored to interest him in the gossip of the neighborhood.

"Maria," said he, glancing up from his paper, "did you ever hear the story of precious gems?"

"Why, no," she replied, "what is it?"

"It's an old-time legend that my grandmother told me when I was a boy," he continued, "about a woman from whose lips there fell either a diamond or a ruby every time she spoke a word."

"Well, go on," she said.

"That's all there is of it, Maria," he replied. "But I was just thinking if such things happened nowadays I'd open a jewelry store the first thing in the morning."

And then for thirteen consecutive minutes silence reigned supreme.

Sent Free to All.

The John M. Smyth Company, 150 to 166 West Madison street, Chicago, is the largest household furnishing establishment in the world. Their immense and beautifully illustrated catalogue, showing style and quality of all kinds of furniture, carpets, bicycles, sewing machines, china, lace curtains, office and church furniture, is sent free on application. This great catalogue not only illustrates the styles and quality, but gives prices for all articles as well. It should be in every family.

The Czar's Car.

The height of luxurious traveling has been reached by the Czar and Czarina. The Empress' private car is upholstered in pale blue satin. The electric lamps are all in the form of lilies, and it contains writing and tea tables made of mother-of-pearl. The nursery is the next apartment, and is as comfortable and handsome as the same rooms in any of the Czar's palaces. There are dining rooms and drawing rooms and several sleeping apartments; in fact, this train is a miniature palace. The wheels are covered with india rubber tires.—Tit-Bits.

Loaded Down.

The air is loaded down with pains and aches, and some systems take them in like a sponge. St. Jacobs Oil rubbed in will take the pain away and leave a cure.

Joke on the Professor.

The Bookman has heard of a Scotch professor who has been advocating the advantages of athletic exercise. "The Roman youths," he cried, "used to swim three times across the Tiber before breakfast." The Scotch professor exclaimed: "Mr. McAlister, why do you smile? We shall be glad to share your amusement." The canny Scot replied, "I was just thinking, sir, that the young youths must have left their clothes on the wrong bank at the end of their swim."

For lung and chest diseases, Piso's Cure is the best medicine we have used.—Mrs. J. L. Northcott, Windsor, Ont., Canada.

Information Desired.

"I wants to know," said little Rastus. "Wants to know what, boy?" asked his father.

"When de paper talks about a brigade of de razzer, do it mean shavin' or fightin'?"

Big Japanese Towns.

Japan with a population of 45,000,000 has 220 towns that have more than 100,000 inhabitants. In 1886 the number of such towns was 117. Osaka has increased from 300,000 to 510,000 inhabitants in ten years. Yokohama from 89,000 to 180,000. Kobe from 80,000 to 185,000. Tokio has now a population of 1,500,000.

Consumers of Coal.

The consumption of coal per head of population is lowest in Austria, where it is only one-sixth of a ton per annum, and highest in Great Britain, where each person averages three and three-tenths tons each year. In the United States the average is two and one fourth tons a year.

St. Jacobs Oil cures Rheumatism.
St. Jacobs Oil " Neuralgia.
St. Jacobs Oil " Lumbago.
St. Jacobs Oil " Sciatica.
St. Jacobs Oil " Sprains.
St. Jacobs Oil " Bruises.
St. Jacobs Oil " Soreness.
St. Jacobs Oil " Stiffness.
St. Jacobs Oil " Backache.
St. Jacobs Oil " Muscular Aches.

Sixty thousand tons of corks are used for the bottled beer consumed annually in England.

In Winter Use Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. During winter your feet feel uncomfortable, nervous, and often cold and damp. If you have perspiring, smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It warms and rests the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and is a certain cure for chilblains and frost bites. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The largest wrought-iron pillar is at Delhi, in India. It is sixty feet high and weighs seventeen tons.

Iowa Farms for sale, $2 per acre cash, balance ⅛ crop until paid. J. Rothall, Sioux City, Ia.

As many as 4,000 muscles have been counted in the body of the moth.

A catalogue of 1500 prizes, suitable to every taste and condition, mailed on inquiry. Prizes given for saving Diamond "C" Soap wrappers. Address Cudahy Soap Works, South Omaha, Neb.

It is worse to apprehend than to suffer.—Bruyere.

Do You Want Consumption?

We are sure you do not. Nobody wants it. But it comes to many thousands every year. It comes to those who have had coughs and colds until the throat is raw, and the lining membranes of the lungs are inflamed. Stop your cough when it first appears, and you remove the great danger of future trouble.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

stops coughs of all kinds. It does so because it is a soothing and healing remedy of great power. This makes it the greatest preventive to consumption.

Put one of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plasters over your lungs

A whole Medical Library Free.

For four cents in stamps to pay postage, we will send you sixteen medical books.

Medical Advice Free.

We have the exclusive services of some of the most eminent physicians in the United States. Unusual opportunities and long experience eminently fit them for giving you medical advice. Write freely all the particulars in your case. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost.

Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

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Handsomely Illustrated Catalogue of HOUSEHOLD GOODS, CARPETS, BICYCLES, SEWING MACHINES, OFFICE and CHURCH FURNITURE, GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, SADDLES, also SPORTING GOODS, BOOTS and SHOES, CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS, Etc., sent FREE on application. It contains thousands of articles which we Retail at Wholesale Prices. CARPETS, DRAPERIES, LAMPS, DINNER SETS, etc., shown in colors. People all over the world buy from it. Why? Because it brings to them EIGHT FLOORS (EACH 205 BY 130 FEET) of goods in compact form—600 pages—to select from.

JOHN M. SMYTH CO.,

148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166 West Madison St., CHICAGO, ILL.

Do You Know that There Is Science in Neatness? Be Wise and Use

SAPOLIO

ASK everybody you know to save their tin tags for you

The Tin Tags taken from Horseshoe, "J. T.," Cross Bow, Good Luck—and Drummond Natural Leaf—will pay for any one or all of this list of desirable and useful things—and you have your good chewing tobacco besides.

Every man, woman and child in America can find something on this list that they would like to have and can have—FREE!

Write your name and address plainly and send every tag you can get to us—mentioning the number of the present you want. Any assortment of the different kinds of tags mentioned above will be accepted as follows:

	TAGS		TAGS
1 Match Box, quaint design, imported from Japan	25	19 Alarm Clock, nickel, warranted	200
2 Knife, one blade, good steel	25	20 Carvers, buckhorn handle, good steel	200
3 Scissors, 4½ inch, good steel	25	21 Six Rogers' Teaspoons, best quality	225
4 Child's Set, Knife, Fork and Spoon	25	22 Knives and Forks, six each, buckhorn handles	250
5 Salt and Pepper, one each, quadruple plate on white metal	50	23 Clock, 8-day, Calendar, Thermometer, Barometer	300
6 Razor, hollow ground, fine English steel	50	24 Stove, Wilson Heater, size No. 30 or No. 40	500
7 Butcher Knife, triple plate, be a qual.	60	25 Tool Set, 60 tools, plated, but real tools	650
8 Sugar Shell, triple plate, best quality	70	26 Toilet Set, ornamented porcelain, very handsome	800
9 Sponge Box, sterling silver	75	27 Watch, solid silver, full jeweled	1000
10 Knife, "Keen Kutter," two blades	75	28 Sewing Machine, first class, with all attachments	1500
11 Butcher Knife, "Keen Kutter," 8-inch blade	75	29 Revolver, Colt's best quality	1500
12 Shears, "Keen Kutter," 8-inch, nickel	75	30 Rifle, Winchester, 25-shot, 22-cal.	1500
13 Nut Set, Cracker and Picks, silver	80	31 Shot Gun, double barrel, hammerless, Cash price	2000
14 Nail File, sterling silver, amethyst set, 6-inch	100	32 Guitar (Washburn), rosewood, inlaid with mother-of-pearl	2000
15 Paper Cutter, sterling silver, amethyst set, 6-inch	100	33 Rifle, standard make, ladies' or gents'	2500
17 Bread Ball, "Association," best qual.	100	BOOKS—30 choice selections—same as last year's list, 40 tags each.	
18 Watch, stem wind and set, guaranteed good time keeper	200		

This offer expires November 30, 1899.

Address all your Tags and the correspondence about them to

DRUMMOND BRANCH, St. Louis, Mo.

Lazy Liver

"I have been troubled a great deal with a torpid liver, which produces constipation. I found CASCARETS to be all you claim for them, and secured such relief the first trial, that I purchased another supply and was completely cured. I shall only be too glad to recommend Cascarets whenever the opportunity is presented." J. A. SMITH, 2320 Susquehanna Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets TRADE MARK REGISTERED REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe, 10c. 25c. 50c.

CURE CONSTIPATION.

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 329

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

PENSIONS, PATENTS, CLAIMS. JOHN W. MORRIS, WASHINGTON, D.C. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs. in last war. 15 adjudicating claims, atty. since.

DR. I. S. JOHNSON'S EYE WATER

PATENT secured or fee returned. Search free. Collamer & Co., 4 F St., Washington, D.C.

FOR 14 CENTS

We wish to gain this year 200,000 new customers, and hence offer 14 Pkgs. 10 for Ballad.....20c
1 Pkg. Early Rose Cabbage.....10c
" " Enriched Red Beet.....10c
" " Long Lightly Cucumber.....10c
" " Salzer's Best Lettuce.....10c
" " California Big Tomato.....25c
" " Early Dinner Onion.....10c
" " Brilliant Flower Seeds.....10c
Worth $1.00, for 14 Cts. $1.00

Above 10 pkgs., worth $1.00, we will mail free, together with our great Plant and Seed Catalogue, upon receipt of this note and 14c postage. We invite your trade and know when you get Salzer's seeds you will never be satisfied without them. One Seed Oat.....1 qt. 14c. Potatoes $1.25 a bbl. Catalogue 5c. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis.

CURE YOURSELF! Injection for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

MENTION THIS PAPER when writing to advertisers.

S. C. N. U. 15. JEWELER.

PISO'S CURE FOR Cures Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Coughs, Hoarseness. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION Skillful manner Warranted.

Let Banners Wave.

Some states require a flag on every school house. Be a patriot and put one on yours, because you love "Old Glory."

Teach Children Patriotism.

The Omaha Weekly Bee has a plan whereby any school district can secure a flag without taxation. Let the pupils get the flag and they will love it all the more. Write for particulars.

Three Sizes of Flags—8 Feet, 10 Feet and 12 Feet.

If not a subscriber to the Weekly Bee, write for sample, or send 10cts for ten week's trial. Only 65 cents a year for the biggest and best Weekly in the West.

Omaha Weekly Bee, Omaha, Neb

Wagons!

ARE a necessity on every well regulated farm. Our line for 1899 will interest you all and at the very low prices every farmer an afford a new wagon.

A NEW Buggy would also add comfort and pleasure to the farm life.

Farm Machinery!

Also carry a fine line of Farm Implements. Any thing you want and at the lowest prices.

ELI JONES, Wayne, Neb.

FAIRVIEW.

Awful cold.

Pearl Black is on the sick this week.

James Parker is working at Moats for a few days.

Mrs. Pittenger of Albion, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Mossman.

The "school dad" froze his face on the way to school Monday morning.

Clark and Theiza Mossman were present at the party at Krebs Friday.

The Sassman vs. Moats trial, at Carroll last Friday, was decided in favor of the plaintiff.

There will be a school entertainment at Pleasant Hill school house next Thursday evening, February 2, 1899.

Mr. Stevens' brother, who has been visiting with him the last week or two, returned to his home last Thursday.

School was dismissed Tuesday of this week so that the scholars and teacher could attend the funeral of their late director.

H. J. Haines of Iowa, Frank McPherron of Iowa, and Mr. Haines of Bloomfield, attended the funeral of J. W. Haines Tuesday.

Arch Jackson has purchased a stove, some chickens, hogs and machinery of Mr. Stuggart. All straws seem to point in the same direction, Arch.

The Fairview literary society will not have their regular meeting next Friday but will meet again in two weeks. Let everybody be present at that time as new officers are to be elected.

We understand a passenger on the Bloomfield branch, giving his name as Wm. Terry, jumped off the rear of the train last Thursday, near the Porter farm. The train stopped and backed up for him but the man ran away. Four men gave chase and caught him near Jas. Stephens place and took him back to the train.

The Fairview literary society accepted the challenge from the Norris literary society for a debate next Friday, Feb. 3rd. The question for debate is: "Resolved, that the Negro has more grounds for complaint of his treatment by the white's of America than the Indian." Affirmative, Morris literary society; negative, Fairview society.

[illegible] box supper last Friday at the [illegible] was a decided success in regard to [illegible]. A large crowd listened to a [illegible] with work[illegible] consisting of recita[illegible] before the [illegible] music, etc., after which the [illegible] was sold to the highest bidders. [illegible] brought [illegible] ted to use the money to [illegible] their curtains and ap[illegible] a bell for the school house. The total receipts were $21.79.

OBITUARY—John William Haines was born near Mt. Pleasant, Iowa, February 23, 1860, and passed to his reward January 28, 1899, at his home at Fairview, Neb., aged 38 years, 11 months and 26 days. He was united in marriage with Melissa McPherron, on January 25, 1882, and five children blessed this union, Lillian, Clara, Mattie, Mary and Ethel, all of whom survive him. On the following February 6, he united with the Methodist Episcopal church of that place. In 1883 he moved to western Iowa, where he remained for three years, at which time he came to Wayne county, where he remained until his death. During his recent illness of but one week he suffered patiently, and seemed to understand that all loving hands could do was being done for him. Mr. Haines was a loving husband and a good father and had the gift—God's best of all gifts—of making friends. His last words, "Lord if thou art willing I am ready to go," show that he was prepared to meet his God in the world eternal.

The funeral services were held in the M. E. church at Carroll Tuesday and the remains placed in their last resting place, the Carroll cemetery.

"So, at the loom of life, we weave
Our separate threads, that varying fall,
Some stained, some fair; and passing leave
To God, the gathering up of all."

"Thou can'st not trace at all the hidden reason,
For His strange dealings through the trial season.
Trust and obey.
Though God's cloud mystery enfold thee here,
In after life and light, all shall be plain and clear.

Paul Perry of Columbus, Ga., suffered agony for thirty years and then cured his piles by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. It heals injuries and skin diseases like magic. Orth.

Dangers of the Grip.

The greatest danger from la grippe is of its resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken, all danger will be avoided. Among the tens of thousands who use this remedy for la grippe we have yet to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia which shows conclusively that this remedy is a certain preventive of that dangerous disease. It will cure la grippe in less time than any other treatment. It is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by L. P. Orth.

HOSKINS.

Pretty —— cold, thank you.

Herman Martin's infant son was buried Monday in the Hoskins cemetery.

Only 25 degrees below zero last Monday at sunrise. Quite a change from last week.

Dow Wolly came home to stay a week last Thursday. He reports good sales of Standard Food.

Ask Miss —— how she likes the Royal Neighbors goat. Ol he's a daisy the way he can jump.

Norfolk visitors during last Saturday were Dow Woolly, Geo. Harrigfeldt, Roy Gleason, Rob Templin and Kauts.

One old building being torn down to make room for a new one. Talk of building a Woodman hall, and so the town grows.

The dance was well attended last Wednesday night at Mr. Ferris'. Sixteen numbers were sold. All seemed to enjoy themselves.

Bookkeeping will be given alternately with reading and writing after February 1 in the A class in school. There's several more that ought to study up so to be in the A class in all their studies next year. Here's hoping you will try.

Quite an interest seems to be taken in all studies at school lately. Quite a number said last week was very short. Reason: they studied. "Teacher isn't [illegible]." Well, that's the be[illegible] way to keep him from being cross, to [illegible]. Keep on and you'll never regret it.

Rev. Phelps preached quite a good sermon last Sunday morning. Say! what was the matter with what he said about talking about himself as well as others. Say it to their faces or keep still. We hope he'll come again, regularly too. He preaches next Thursday night, February 8. Everybody welcome.

PLUM CREEK.

Lars Larsen will soon leave for Idaho Falls, Idaho.

The sale of Wm. Thies was not very well attended.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Thies are rejoicing over the birth of a son, Jan. 29th.

Miss Tillie Johnson is in Wayne learning to sew at Miss Wilkinson's.

Harry Barnett has been laid up for some time with a sprained hip, caused by jumping off a buggy.

Oscar Rhinehardt and Miss Kate Daum were married at the home of the groom's parents, last Thursday, January 26th.

Miss Anna Bastain who has for a long time acted as secretary and editoress in the literary at Dist. No. 34, left for Wayne Monday.

There will be a box supper in the Chichester school house Wednesday evening, Feb. 8th, to which every lady is invited. Each lady is requested to bring a box containing supper for two. The boxes will be sold by an auctioneer and the proceeds are to be used in purchasing a library. An interesting program will be given. Come one and all.

Last Tuesday the young people of Plum Creek made up a surprise party on Lars Larson in honor of his twenty-third birthday. The party was given at the home of J. Johnson. The guests assembled at 8 o'clock; Mr. Larson not being at home at that time was very greatly surprised when he returned and found the house filled with friends. At one o'clock Miss Johnson served an oyster supper, assisted by the Misses Bastain. Many games were played until morning when the guests returned home wishing Lars many more surprising birthdays. The invited guests were: Messrs Johnson, Rooth, Gasper, Greenwald, Merton, Bastain, C. and S. Liveringhouse, and Misses A. and T. Bastain, M. and T. Johnson, A. and K. Merton, and Lehmkuhl.

The Kingmaker.

The Earl of Warwick, commonly called the "kingmaker," from the facility with which he created and deposed monarchs during the contest between the house of York and Lancaster, lived in style of magnificence and hospitality of which no period perhaps furnishes an example. No less than 30,000 persons are said to have lived at his board in the different manors and castles which he possessed, and the military, allured by his hospitality as well as his bravery, were strongly attached to his interests. This distinguished warrior fell at the battle of Barnet in 1471, when, owing to the mistake of one part of his army falling upon the other during a fog, he was defeated by Edward IV.

In former battles Warwick had always fought on horseback, that he might at once ride along the line and perceive the particulars of the action, but on this occasion he determined to fight on foot, that his soldiers might see that he was resolved to share with them the dangers of the day. After having exerted himself as an officer and a hero in fruitless attempts to turn the tide of fortune in his favor he rushed into the hottest part of the battle and fell covered with wounds. His brother, Montacute, in endeavoring to save him met with a similar fate.—Nuggets.

Political Wit.

The repartee of the political platform is frequently surpassed by the repartee of the crowd. Recently, at a Conservative meeting, a local politician "on the stump" declared, in vindication of his devotion to truth, that when a boy he had been thrashed by a mistaken father for telling it.

It was an ill mannered Democrat in the body of the hall who briskly replied, "I guess it's cured yer, guvner!"—London Chronicle.

A Conservative Verdict.

"He died through his own exertion, with some slight assistance from his neighbors," was the verdict of an early day coroner's jury, in Ellsworth county after it had heard testimony to the effect that the vigilance committee had made a horse thief climb a ladder against a telegraph pole and jump off with a rope around his neck.—Kansas City Journal.

Dr. Pierce's
FAVORITE
Prescription

There is no BEAUTY without HEALTH. "Favorite Prescription" makes women BEAUTIFUL by making them HEALTHY. It makes weak women STRONG and sick women WELL.

PROGRAMME

For Patrons and Teachers' Meeting, Presbyterian Church, Wayne, February 11, 1899.

Opening exercises,..... Rev. Montgomery
Orthography..... Mary Mason
Geography..... F. S. Essex
Primary Reading and Language Work, Mrs. W. I. Lowery

NOON

1:30 p. m

What Schools Need from a Mother's Standpoint,..... Mrs. J. R. Manning
What the Schools Need from a School Officer's Standpoint,..... Wm. Albee
What the Homes Need from a Teacher's Standpoint.... Mrs. Anna Byrne Bright
What the Schools Need from a Farmer's Standpoint..... David Cunningham
..... Ed Wallace

Invite all the parents in your district.

C. M. WHITE, President.
FRANK NANGLE, Vice President.
NELLIE MILLER, Secretary.

NOTICE.

Jan. 26-4w.

Notice is hereby given that on the 17th day of January, 1899, the County Board, as required by law, made the following estimate of expenses for the year 1899:

County General Fund	$30,000 00
County Bridge Fund	9,000 00
County Bond Fund	2,000 00
Total	$41,000 00

J. R. COYLE, County Clerk.

Notice of Settlement.

Feb. 2-3w.

In estate of Wm. D. Roberts, deceased.
In County Court of Wayne County, Neb.
To the creditors, heirs, legatees and devisees interested in the estate of Wm. D. Roberts.

Take Notice, That Everett Roberts has filed in the County Court a report of his doings as Executor of said estate, and it is ordered that the same stand for hearing the 18th day of February, A. D. 1899, before the Court at the hour of 10 o'clock A.M. at which time any persons interested may appear and except to and contest the same. And notice of this proceeding is ordered given in The Wayne Herald, by publication for three weeks prior to February 18th, 1899.

Witness my hand and the seal of the County Court at Wayne, this 31st day of January A. D. 1899

[Seal] E. HUNTER
(A true copy.) County Judge.

Order on Probate of Will.

Jan. 26-4w.

State of Nebraska, } ss.
Wayne County.

At a session of the County Court, held at the County Court Room in Wayne, in said county, on the 21st day of January, A. D. 1899.

Present, E. Hunter, County Judge.

In the matter of the estate of W. W. Huff deceased:

Whereas, letters of administration have this day been granted to P. L. Miller as administrator of the estate of W. W. Huff deceased, it is hereby ordered that creditors be allowed six months to present their claims against said estate for adjustment and allowance and that said administrator be allowed twelve months to settle up said estate from the 20th day of January, A. D. 1899.

It is further ordered that notice be given to the creditors of said estate to appear before me at the County Court Room of said county, on the 20th day of February, 1899, and on the 20th day of July, 1899, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of each day by publication in the Wayne Herald, a newspaper published in said county for four weeks successively prior to the 20th day of February, 1899.

[Seal] E. HUNTER
(A true copy.) County Judge.

Order on Probate of Will.

Feb. 2-4w.

State of Nebraska, } ss.
Wayne County.

At a session of the County Court held at the County Court room in Wayne, in said county, on the 1st day of February, A. D. 1899,

Present, E. Hunter, County Judge.

In the matter of the estate of Hiram A. Lawver, deceased:

Whereas, letters of administration have this day been granted to F. W. Burdick as administrator of the estate of Hiram A. Lawver, deceased, It is hereby ordered that creditors be allowed six months to present their claims against said estate for adjustment and allowance, and that said administrator be allowed twelve months to settle up said estate from the 2nd day of January, A. D. 1899.

It is further ordered that notice be given to the creditors of said estate to appear before me at the County Court room of said county on the 2nd day of March, 1899, and on the 3rd day of July, 1899, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of each day, by publication in The Wayne Herald, a newspaper published in said county for four weeks successively prior to the 2nd day of March, 1899.

[Seal] E. HUNTER
(A true copy) County Judge.

Order on Probate of Will.

Feb. 2-4w.

State of Nebraska, } ss.
Wayne County.

At a session of the County Court held at the County Court room in Wayne, in said county on the 1st day of February, A. D. 1899.

Present, E. Hunter, County Judge.

In the matter of the estate of William A. Lawver, deceased:

Whereas, letters of administration have this day been granted to F. W. Burdick as administrator of the estate of William A. Lawver, deceased, It is hereby ordered that creditors be allowed six months to present their claims against said estate for adjustment and allowance, and that said administrator be allowed twelve months to settle up said estate from the 2nd day of January, A. D. 1899.

It is further ordered that notice be given to the creditors of said estate to appear before me at the County Court room of said county on the 2nd day of March 1899, and on the 3rd day of July, 1899, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of each day, by publication in The Wayne Herald, a newspaper published in said county for four weeks successively prior to the 2nd day of March, 1899.

[Seal] E. HUNTER
(A true copy.) County Judge.

Women and Portraits.

"It is a curious fact," said an experienced New Orleans photographer, "that it isn't the handsomest women who make the handsomest pictures. Why is it? Well, a beauty nearly always owes her charm to something beyond the reach of the lens—to her complexion, her hair or the vivacity of her expression. Very few such women have regular features, and when they are reproduced in plain black and white they are at a great disadvantage. Their photographs are generally unsatisfactory and are really not correct as likenesses. On the other hand, a woman who is regarded as homely may have singularly perfect lines, but attracts no attention through lack of color and animation.

"I'll cite you a queer instance: A dozen or so years ago Maude Branscombe was the most popular model in the United States for photographic art studios. Her best pose was as a nun, and her pictured face was strikingly beautiful. Thousands upon thousands of people became raved over her loveliness, but the real Miss Branscombe, whom I had the pleasure of knowing, was a demure, pale little woman who would never in the world attract the slightest attention in a crowd. Without a doubt she was passed unnoticed by many a person who treasured her portrait as a marvel."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

The Trading Rat.

Of all curious animals which man has come across and studied probably none can compare with a kind of rat found in the Rocky mountains. Though for a long time well known to trappers and backwoodsmen, it is only lately that a naturalist has studied these peculiar [illegible].

Although called a rat this little animal is larger than an ordinary rat, with [illegible] eight inches long. It is a very [illegible] creature, with soft gray fur and a squirrel-like tail, easily tamed and a [illegible] pet. The trappers long ago gave it the name of the "trading rat," from its curious habit of never stealing anything without putting something in its place.

Two young women camping in the Highlands of Wyoming left the lid of their cracker box off one night. In the morning all the biscuits were gone and the box was filled with an indescribable mixture of chips, scraps of leather, sticks, bones, dried beans—in fact, everything movable near at hand.

The trading rat builds a very beautiful nest, sometimes two feet in height, and is very clever at storing food. It has a violent fancy for anything of a bright red hue.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

His Signature.

An elderly man stepped into a big hotel the other day, accompanied by his wife, and asked for a room. When the polite clerk gave him a pen and placed the register before him, he looked visibly embarrassed, but he took the pen and bent over the book as though he had nerved himself to some desperate task.

He started to write and then stopped and began to think. The clerk, of course, didn't know what the trouble was or else he would have volunteered his services. After a painful pause the rustic started in to scratching some more.

After the expiration of fully five minutes the farmer threw down his pen with a sigh of relief, wiped the perspiration from his brow and rejoined his better half, who had been waiting in the lobby during the ordeal. The clerk was curious to see a signature that required such an unusual length of time to execute. The clerk is a solemn man, but he nearly went off into a fit when he saw, in big, round script, this legend:

"Me and Maria."—London Tit-Bits.

Society as a Reformer.

"Swearing is growing less, decidedly so," writes Edward Bok in The Ladies' Home Journal. "All students of men agree in this view, just as excessive alcoholic drinking is falling into disuse. The principal reason for the decline of both excessive swearing and drinking is that men are getting more and more careful to refrain from any habit which places their self control in peril. Society is constantly growing more impatient with a man who lacks equipoise, while the keener demands of business necessitates men being more moderate in all things. The basis of the change may be more material than spiritual, but the change is taking place irrespective of the character of the basis or motive."

"For Violin or Piano."

From the classical period we have received the most noble work which had been composed for the violin, a work which will always remain the Kohinoor of violin literature—Beethoven's concerto. In spite of this the master had occasion to write on the title page the words, ever saddening to the violinist, "Concerto For the Violin or Piano"—another proof of the old lack of a sufficient number of worthy performers, for only in view of such a want could Beethoven have made the work practicable for pianists.—Musical Courier

Weeds.

Old Folger—I've got a letter from my son out west.

Golfin—So? What's Tom doing now?

Old Folger—That's what I can't make out. He says he is engaged in the destruction of weeds. Now, that may mean he's smoking a good many cigars or that he is trying to induce some widow to make a second venture or it may simply mean that he is doing farm work.—Boston Transcript.

Making It Effective.

"I'll give you 30 days in the workhouse," said the judge. "I ought to give you six months."

"Thanks for the clemency," said the culprit.

"No clemency at all, I assure you. I am afraid if you said that long you might get used to it and not mind it."—Indianapolis Journal.

J. W. JONES, PRESIDENT. HENRY LEY, CASHIER.
C. A. CHACE, Vice-Pres.

THE STATE BANK OF WAYNE

Will Do a General Banking Business.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Capital Stock Paid In, $75,000.

Wayne, Nebraska.

JANUARY Selling!

During This Month You Will be Enabled to Obtain

Bargains in CLOTHING!

Underwear, Etc.

For we must make room For New Goods.

If Your Trousers

Are worn out bear in mind that the place to get fitted out at unheard of low prices is at

FURCHNER, DUERIG & CO.

R. W. Wilkins & Co.,

THE Wayne Druggists.

Carry the finest and most complete assortment and the latest and handsomest designs in

WALL PAPER,

that you have ever gazed upon. We also handle a choice line of

Stationery and Perfumes.

Prices low. Come and see us before you buy. Prompt and careful attention given to filling prescriptions.

WAYNE, NEBRASKA

Central Meat Market

FRED VOLPP, Prop.

BEEF, PORK, MUTTON, SMOKED BEEF, Hams, Shoulders and Bacon.

Highest Market Price Paid for Hides, Pelts and Furs, also Poultry

Rain or Shine!

WAR OR NO WAR!

The people continue trading at

BROOKING'S GROCERY!

Opposite the Post Office.

Fresh Groceries Arriving Daily

New Vegetables and Fruits are also kept.

In fact Everything the Market Affords.

GARLAND STOVES

The Best Stove made. We have them in both Heaters and Cook Stoves.

Now is the best Time to buy

We can sell you one cheap; come in and see the Stoves. We also have a fine line of

Shelf and Heavy Hardware!

To be sold at the Very Lowest Prices.

CHACE & NEELY,

West Side Main Street. Wayne, Nebraska.